



ogs5py Documentation

Release 1.3.0

Sebastian Mueller

Apr 15, 2023

CONTENTS

1 ogs5py Quickstart	1
1.1 Installation	1
1.2 Citation	1
1.3 Further Information	2
1.4 Pumping Test Example	2
1.5 OGS5 executable	3
1.6 Requirements	4
1.7 License	4
2 ogs5py Tutorials	5
2.1 Tutorial 1: A pumping test	5
2.2 Tutorial 2: Interaction with GSTools	8
2.3 Tutorial 2: Interaction with pygmsh	10
3 ogs5py API	15
3.1 Purpose	15
3.2 Subpackages	15
ogs5py.fileclasses	15
ogs5py.reader	222
ogs5py.tools	227
3.3 Classes	252
OGS model Base Class	252
File Classes	262
3.4 Functions	262
Geometric	262
Searching	263
Formatting	263
Downloading	263
Plotting	263
Information	263
4 Changelog	265
4.1 1.3.0 - 2023-04	265
Enhancements	265
Bugfixes	265
4.2 1.2.2 - 2022-05-25	265
Bugfixes	265
4.3 1.2.1 - 2022-05-15	266
Enhancements	266
Changes	266
4.4 1.2.0 - 2022-05-15	266
Enhancements	266

	Changes	266
	Bugfixes	266
4.5	1.1.1 - 2020-04-02	266
	Bugfixes	266
4.6	1.1.0 - 2020-03-22	267
	Bugfixes	267
	Changes	267
4.7	1.0.5 - 2019-11-18	267
	Bugfixes	267
	Additions	267
4.8	1.0.4 - 2019-09-10	267
	Bugfixes	267
	Additions	267
	Changes	268
4.9	1.0.3 - 2019-08-23	268
	Bugfixes	268
4.10	1.0.2 - 2019-08-22	268
	Bugfixes	268
4.11	1.0.1 - 2019-08-22	268
	Bugfixes	268
4.12	1.0.0 - 2019-08-22	268
	Bugfixes	268
	Additions	268
	Changes	269
4.13	0.6.5 - 2019-07-05	269
	Bugfixes	269
	Additions	269
4.14	0.6.4 - 2019-05-16	269
	Bugfixes	269
	Additions	270
4.15	0.6.3 - 2019-03-21	270
	Bugfixes	270
4.16	0.6.2 - 2019-03-21	270
	Bugfixes	270
4.17	0.6.1 - 2019-01-22	270
	Bugfixes	270
4.18	0.6.0 - 2019-01-22	270
	Python Module Index	271
	Index	273

CHAPTER 1

OGS5PY QUICKSTART



ogs5py is A python-API for the [OpenGeoSys 5](#) scientific modeling package.

1.1 Installation

The package can be installed via [pip](#). On Windows you can install [WinPython](#) to get Python and pip running.

```
pip install ogs5py
```

Or with conda:

```
conda install ogs5py
```

1.2 Citation

If you are using ogs5py in your publication please cite our paper:

Müller, S., Zech, A. and Heße, F.: ogs5py: A Python-API for the OpenGeoSys 5 Scientific Modeling Package. *Groundwater*, 59: 117-122. <https://doi.org/10.1111/gwat.13017>, 2021.

You can cite the Zenodo code publication of ogs5py by:

Sebastian Müller. GeoStat-Framework/ogs5py. Zenodo. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.2546767>

If you want to cite a specific version, have a look at the Zenodo site.

1.3 Further Information

- General homepage: <https://www.opengeosys.org/ogs-5>
- OGS5 Repository: <https://github.com/ufz/ogs5>
- Keyword documentation: <https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com>
- OGS5 Benchmarks: <https://github.com/ufz/ogs5-benchmarks>
- ogs5py Benchmarks: https://github.com/GeoStat-Framework/ogs5py_benchmarks

1.4 Pumping Test Example

In the following a simple transient pumping test is simulated on a radial symmetric mesh. The point output at the observation well is plotted afterwards.

```
from ogs5py import OGS, specialrange, generate_time
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

# discretization and parameters
time = specialrange(0, 3600, 50, typ="cub")
rad = specialrange(0, 1000, 100, typ="cub")
obs = rad[21]
angles = 32
storage = 1e-3
transmissivity = 1e-4
rate = -1e-3
# model setup
model = OGS(task_root="pump_test", task_id="model")
# generate a radial mesh and geometry ("boundary" polyline)
model.msh.generate("radial", dim=2, rad=rad, angles=angles)
model.gli.generate("radial", dim=2, rad_out=rad[-1], angles=angles)
model.gli.add_points([0.0, 0.0, 0.0], "pwell")
model.gli.add_points([obs, 0.0, 0.0], "owell")
model.bc.add_block( # boundary condition
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    PRIMARY_VARIABLE="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE=["POLYLINE", "boundary"],
    DIS_TYPE=["CONSTANT", 0.0],
)
model.st.add_block( # source term
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    PRIMARY_VARIABLE="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE=["POINT", "pwell"],
    DIS_TYPE=["CONSTANT_NEUMANN", rate],
)
model.ic.add_block( # initial condition
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    PRIMARY_VARIABLE="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE="DOMAIN",
    DIS_TYPE=["CONSTANT", 0.0],
)
model.mmp.add_block( # medium properties
    GEOMETRY_DIMENSION=2,
    STORAGE=[1, storage],
    PERMEABILITY_TENSOR=["ISOTROPIC", transmissivity],
```

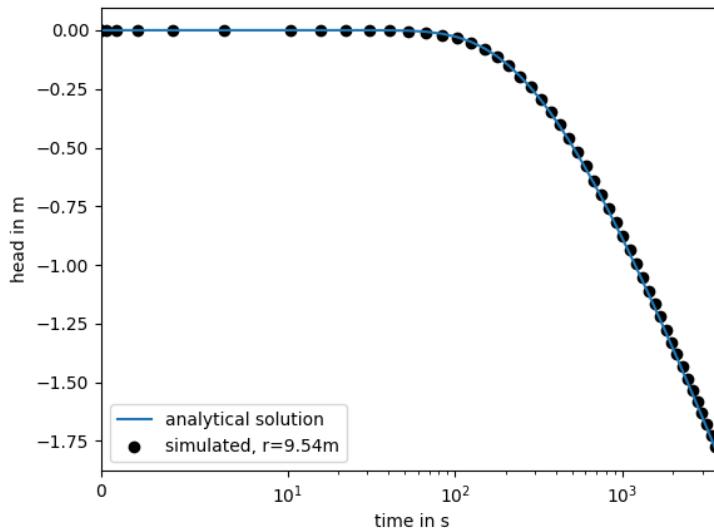
(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

)
model.num.add_block( # numerical solver
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    LINEAR_SOLVER=[2, 5, 1e-14, 1000, 1.0, 100, 4],
)
model.out.add_block( # point observation
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    NOD_VALUES="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE=["POINT", "owell"],
    DAT_TYPE="TECPLOT",
)
model.pcs.add_block( # set the process type
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW", NUM_TYPE="NEW"
)
model.tim.add_block( # set the timesteps
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    **generate_time(time)
)
model.write_input()
model.run_model()

```



1.5 OGS5 executable

To obtain an OGS5 executable, ogs5py brings a download routine `download_ogs`:

```

from ogs5py import download_ogs
download_ogs()

```

Then a executable is stored in the ogs5py config path and will be called when a model is run.

You can pass a `version` statement to the `download_ogs` routine, to obtain a specific version (5.7, 5.7.1 (win only) and 5.8). For OGS 5.7 there are executables for Windows/Linux and MacOS. For “5.8” there are no MacOS pre-builds.

If you have compiled your own OGS5 version, you can add your executable to the ogs5py config path with `add_exe`:

```
from ogs5py import add_exe  
add_exe("path/to/your/ogs/exe")
```

Otherwise you need to specify the path to the executable within the run command:

```
model.run_model(ogs_exe="path/to/ogs")
```

1.6 Requirements

- NumPy >= 1.14.5
- Pandas >= 0.23.2
- meshio >= 4
- lxml >= 4
- pexpect >= 4
- vtk >= 9

1.7 License

MIT

CHAPTER 2

OGS5PY TUTORIALS

In the following you will find several Tutorials on how to use ogs5py to explore its whole beauty and power.

2.1 Tutorial 1: A pumping test

This is a minimal example on how to setup a pumping test with ogs5py. The result was plotted against the analytical solution.

In this example we use the `generate_time` function, to use an array of time points for the time stepping definition.

```
model.tim.add_block(**generate_time(time))
```

is equivalent to:

```
model.tim.add_block(  
    TIME_START=0,  
    TIME_END=time[-1],  
    TIME_STEPS=[  
        [1, time[0]],  
        [1, time[1]],  
        [1, time[2]],  
        # ...  
    ],  
)
```

The script:

```
import anaflow as ana  
from ogs5py import OGS, specialrange, generate_time  
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt  
  
# discretization and parameters  
time = specialrange(0, 3600, 50, typ="cub")  
rad = specialrange(0, 1000, 100, typ="cub")  
obs = rad[21]  
angles = 32  
storage = 1e-3  
transmissivity = 1e-4  
rate = -1e-3
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

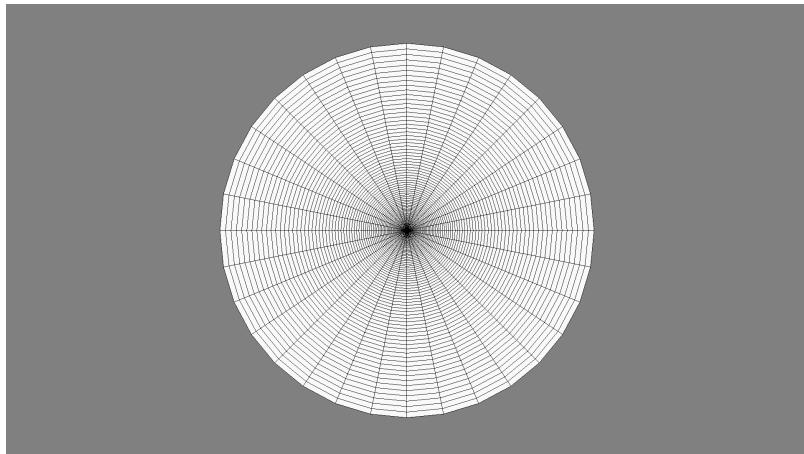
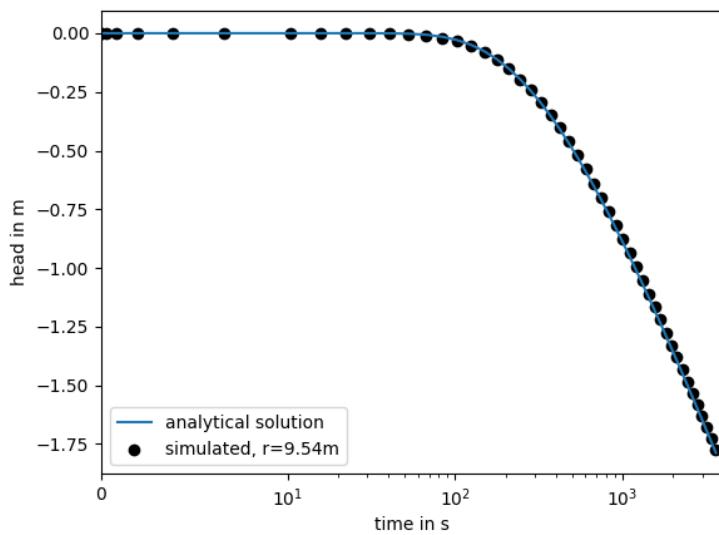
# model setup
model = OGS(task_root="pump_test", task_id="model")
model.pcs.add_block( # set the process type
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW", NUM_TYPE="NEW"
)
# generate a radial mesh and geometry ("boundary" polyline)
model.msh.generate("radial", dim=2, rad=rad, angles=angles)
model.gli.generate("radial", dim=2, rad_out=rad[-1], angles=angles)
model.gli.add_points([0.0, 0.0, 0.0], "pwell")
model.gli.add_points([obs, 0.0, 0.0], "owell")
model.bc.add_block( # boundary condition
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    PRIMARY_VARIABLE="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE=["POLYLINE", "boundary"],
    DIS_TYPE=["CONSTANT", 0.0],
)
model.ic.add_block( # initial condition
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    PRIMARY_VARIABLE="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE="DOMAIN",
    DIS_TYPE=["CONSTANT", 0.0],
)
model.st.add_block( # source term
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    PRIMARY_VARIABLE="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE=["POINT", "pwell"],
    DIS_TYPE=["CONSTANT_NEUMANN", rate],
)
model.mmp.add_block( # medium properties
    GEOMETRY_DIMENSION=2,
    STORAGE=[1, storage],
    PERMEABILITY_TENSOR=["ISOTROPIC", transmissivity],
)
model.num.add_block( # numerical solver
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    LINEAR_SOLVER=[2, 5, 1e-14, 1000, 1.0, 100, 4]
)
model.out.add_block( # point observation
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    NOD_VALUES="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE=["POINT", "owell"],
    DAT_TYPE="TECPLOT",
)
model.tim.add_block( # set the timesteps
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    **generate_time(time) # generate input from time-series
)
model.write_input()
success = model.run_model()
print("success:", success)
# observation
point = model.readtec_point(pcs="GROUNDWATER_FLOW")
time = point["owell"]["TIME"]
head = point["owell"]["HEAD"]
# analytical solution
head_ana = ana.theis(time, obs, storage, transmissivity, rate=rate)

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
# comparisson plot
plt.scatter(time, head, color="k", label="simulated, r={:04.2f}m".format(obs))
plt.plot(time, head_ana, label="analytical solution")
plt.xscale("symlog", linthreshx=10, subsx=range(1, 10))
plt.xlim([0, 1.1 * time[-1]])
plt.xlabel("time in s")
plt.ylabel("head in m")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
# show mesh
model.msh.show()
```



2.2 Tutorial 2: Interaction with GSTools

In this example we are generating a log-normal distributed conductivity field on a generated mesh with the aid of GSTools. and perform a steady pumping test.

```
import numpy as np
from ogs5py import OGS, by_id, show_vtk
from gstools import SRF, Gaussian

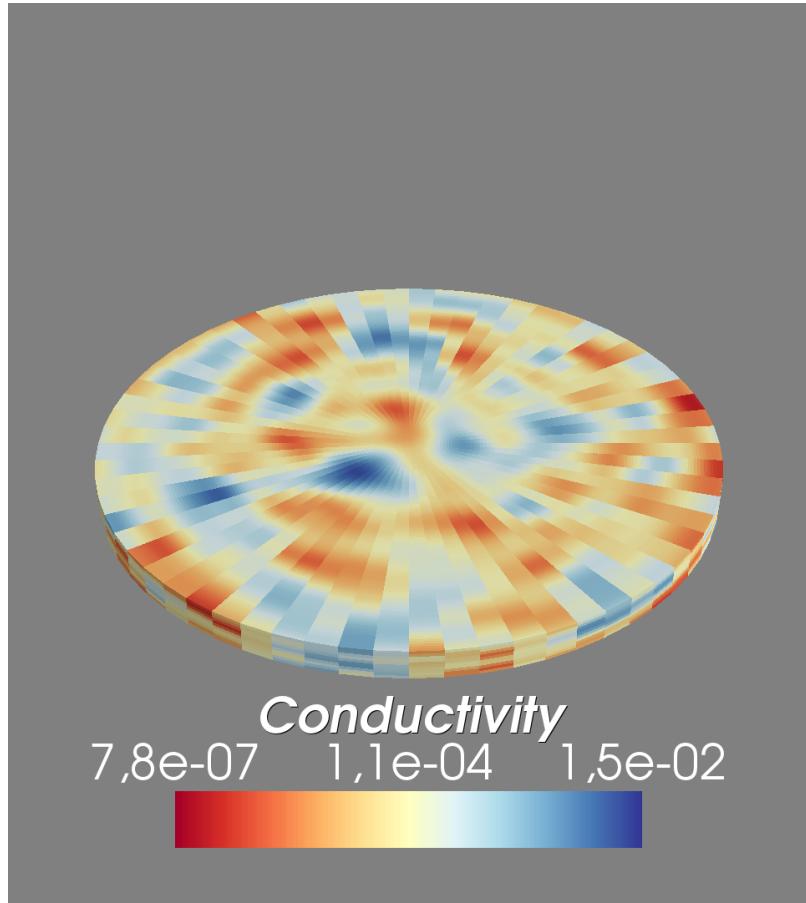
# covariance model for conductivity field
cov_model = Gaussian(dim=3, var=2, len_scale=10, anis=[1, 0.2])
srf = SRF(model=cov_model, mean=-9, seed=1000)
# model setup
model = OGS(task_root="test_het_3D", task_id="model", output_dir="out")
model.pcs.add_block( # set the process type
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW", NUM_TYPE="NEW", TIM_TYPE="STEADY"
)
# generate a radial 3D mesh and conductivity field
model.msh.generate(
    "radial", dim=3, angles=64, rad=np.arange(101), z_arr=-np.arange(11)
)
cond = np.exp(srf.mesh(model.msh))
model.mpd.add(name="conductivity")
model.mpd.add_block( # edit recent mpd file
    MSH_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    MMP_TYPE="PERMEABILITY",
    DIS_TYPE="ELEMENT",
    DATA=by_id(cond),
)
model.mmp.add_block( # permeability, storage and porosity
    GEOMETRY_DIMENSION=3, PERMEABILITY_DISTRIBUTION=model.mpd.file_name
)
model.gli.generate("radial", dim=3, angles=64, rad_out=100, z_size=-10)
model.gli.add_polyline("pwell", [[0, 0, 0], [0, 0, -10]])
for srf in model.gli.SURFACE_NAMES: # set boundary condition
    model.bc.add_block(
        PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
        PRIMARY_VARIABLE="HEAD",
        GEO_TYPE=["SURFACE", srf],
        DIS_TYPE=["CONSTANT", 0.0],
    )
model.st.add_block( # set pumping condition at the pumpingwell
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    PRIMARY_VARIABLE="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE=["POLYLINE", "pwell"],
    DIS_TYPE=[["CONSTANT_NEUMANN", 1.0e-3]],
)
model.num.add_block( # numerical solver
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    LINEAR_SOLVER=[2, 5, 1.0e-14, 1000, 1.0, 100, 4],
)
model.out.add_block( # set the outputformat
    PCS_TYPE="GROUNDWATER_FLOW",
    NOD_VALUES="HEAD",
    GEO_TYPE="DOMAIN",
    DAT_TYPE="VTK",
)
```

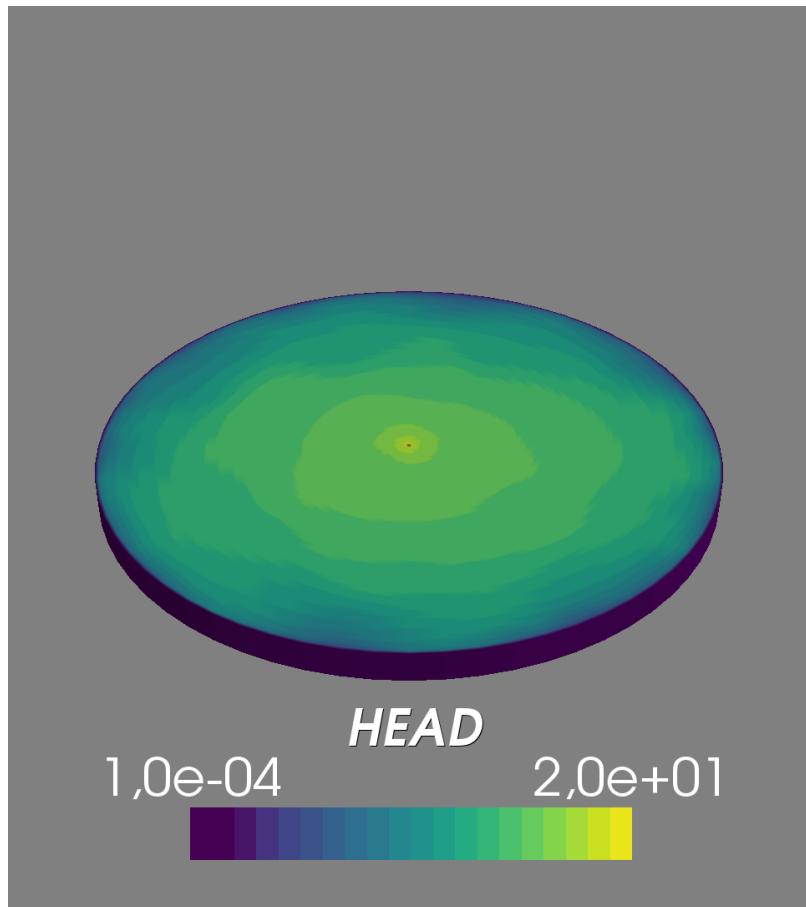
(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
model.write_input()
success = model.run_model()

model.msh.show(show_cell_data={"Conductivity": cond}, log_scale=True)
files = model.output_files(pcs="GROUNDWATER_FLOW", typ="VTK")
show_vtk(files[-1], log_scale=True) # show the last time-step
```





2.3 Tutorial 2: Interaction with pygmsh

In this example we are generating different meshes with the aid of `pygmsh` and `gmsh`

```
import numpy as np
import pygmsh

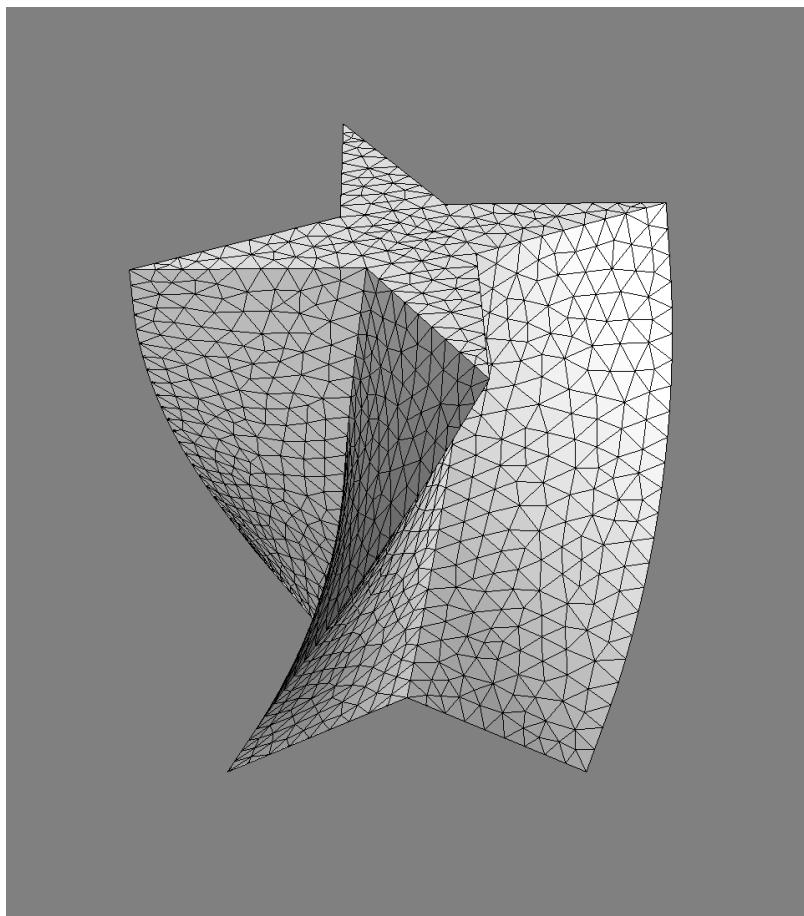
from ogs5py import OGS

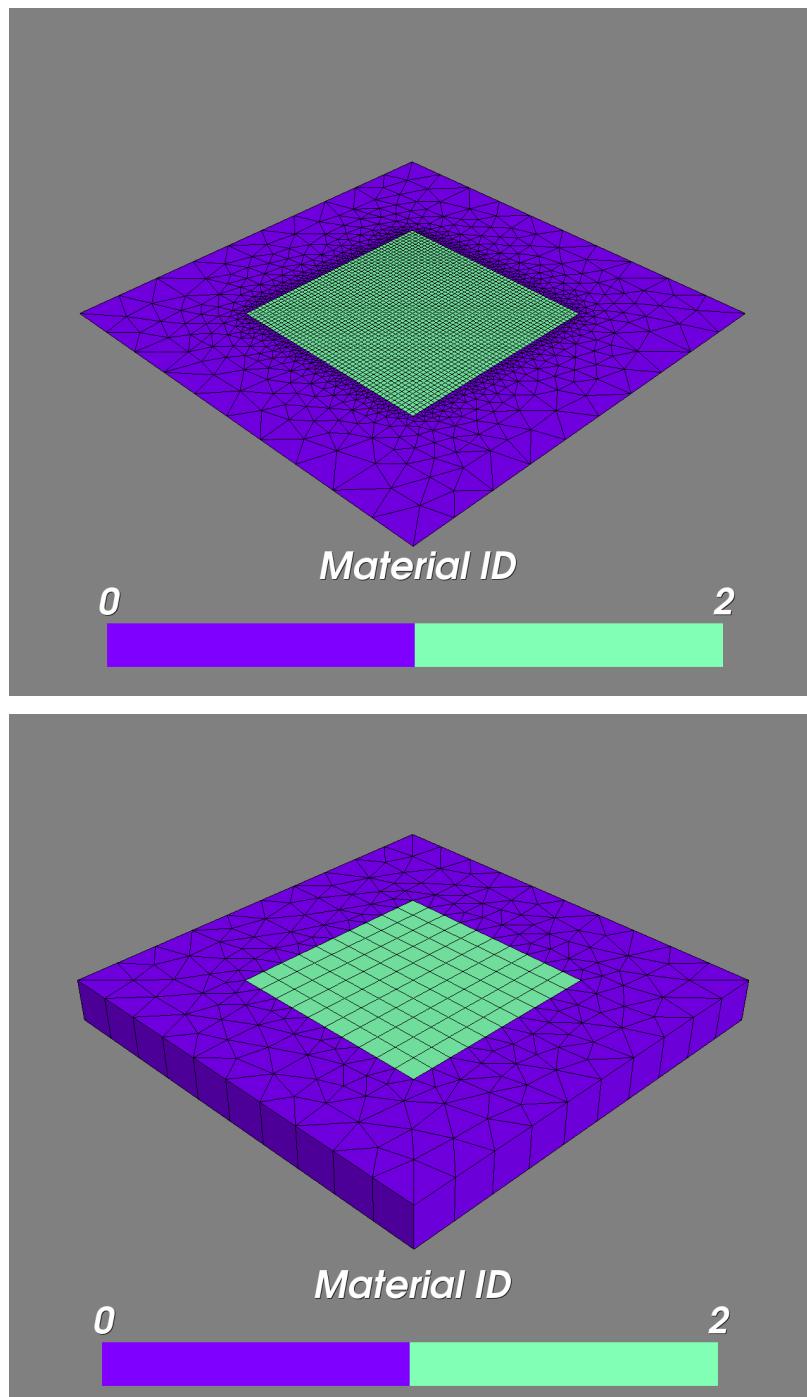
with pygmsh.geo.Geometry() as geom:
    poly = geom.add_polygon([
        [+0.0, +0.5],
        [-0.1, +0.1],
        [-0.5, +0.0],
        [-0.1, -0.1],
        [+0.0, -0.5],
        [+0.1, -0.1],
        [+0.5, +0.0],
        [+0.1, +0.1],
    ],
    mesh_size=0.05,
)
geom.twist(
    poly,
```

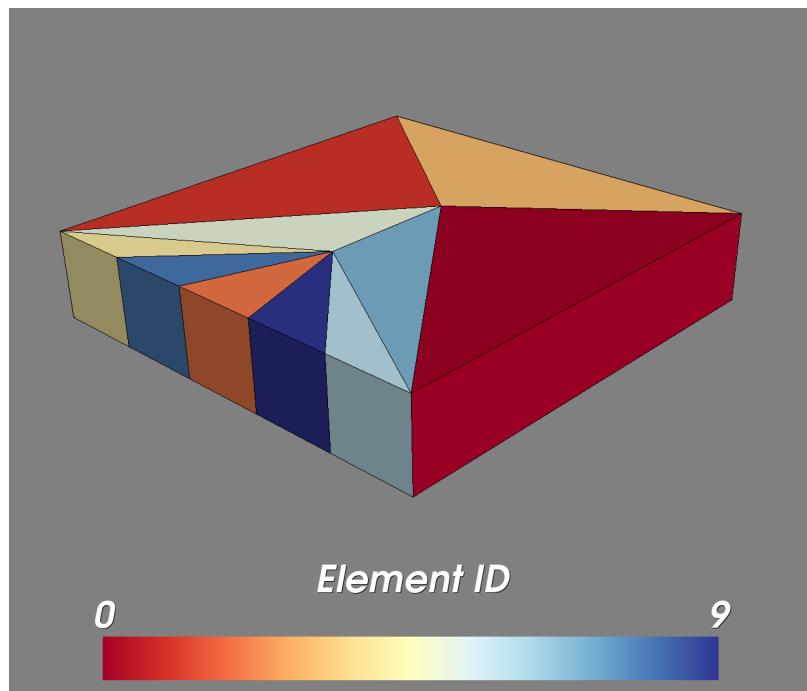
(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
translation_axis=[0, 0, 1],  
rotation_axis=[0, 0, 1],  
point_on_axis=[0, 0, 0],  
angle=np.pi / 3,  
)  
  
mesh = geom.generate_mesh()  
  
model = OGS()  
# generate example above  
model.msh.import_mesh(mesh, import_dim=3)  
model.msh.show()  
# generate a predefined grid adapter in 2D  
model.msh.generate("grid_adapter2D", in_mat=1, out_mat=0, fill=True)  
model.msh.show(show_material_id=True)  
# generate a predefined grid adapter in 3D  
model.msh.generate("grid_adapter3D", in_mat=1, out_mat=0, fill=True)  
model.msh.show(show_material_id=True)  
# generate a predefined block adapter in 3D  
model.msh.generate("block_adapter3D", xy_dim=5.0, z_dim=1.0, in_res=1)  
model.msh.show(show_element_id=True)
```







CHAPTER 3

OGS5PY API

3.1 Purpose

ogs5py is A python-API for the OpenGeoSys 5 scientific modeling package.

The following functionalities are directly provided on module-level.

3.2 Subpackages

<code>fileclasses</code>	ogs5py subpackage providing the file classes.
<code>reader</code>	ogs5py subpackage providing reader for the ogs5 output.
<code>tools</code>	ogs5py subpackage providing tools.

ogs5py.fileclasses

ogs5py subpackage providing the file classes.

Subpackages

<code>base</code>	Base Classes for the OGS Files.
<code>gli</code>	Class for the ogs GEOMETRY file.
<code>msh</code>	Class for the ogs MESH file.

ogs5py.fileclasses.base

Base Classes for the OGS Files.

File Classes

<code>File([task_root, task_id, file_ext])</code>	File class with minimal functionality.
<code>LineFile([lines, name, file_ext, task_root, ...])</code>	OGS class to handle line-wise text files.
<code>BlockFile([task_root, task_id, file_ext])</code>	OGS Base class to derive all file formats.
<code>MultiFile(base, **standard)</code>	Class holding multiple files of the same type.

ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File(task_root=None, task_id='model', file_ext='.std')
```

Bases: `object`

File class with minimal functionality.

Parameters

- `task_root` (`str`, optional) – Path to the destiny folder. Default is cwd+”ogs5model”
- `task_id` (`str`, optional) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”
- `file_ext` (`str`, optional) – extension of the file (with leading dot “.std”) Default: “.std”

Attributes

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

`bool`: state if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual file in the given path.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing file.

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual file in the given path.

Parameters

path (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

bool

property is_empty

state if the OGS file is empty.

Type

bool

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile(lines=None, name=None, file_ext=.txt, task_root=None, task_id='model')
```

Bases: *File*

OGS class to handle line-wise text files.

Parameters

- **lines** (*list of str, optional*) – content of the file as a list of lines Default: None
- **name** (*str, optional*) – name of the file without extension Default: “textfile”
- **file_ext** (*str, optional*) – extension of the file (with leading dot “.txt”) Default: “.txt”
- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. (a place holder) Default: “model”

Attributes**file_name**

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

bool: state if the file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

add_copy_link (<i>path[, symlink]</i>)	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
check ([<i>verbose</i>])	Check if the given text-file is valid.
del_copy_link ()	Remove a former given link to an external file.
get_file_type ()	Get the OGS file class name.
read_file (<i>path[, encoding, verbose]</i>)	Read an existing OGS input file.
reset ()	Delete every content.
save (<i>path</i>)	Save the actual line-wise file in the given path.
write_file ()	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

check(*verbose=True***)**

Check if the given text-file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path*)

Save the actual line-wise file in the given path.

Parameters

path (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

bool

property is_empty

state if the file is empty.

Type

bool

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile

class `ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile(task_root=None, task_id='model', file_ext='.std')`

Bases: `File`

OGS Base class to derive all file formats.

Parameters

- `task_root` (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- `task_id` (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”
- `file_ext` (*str, optional*) – extension of the file (with leading dot “.std”) Default: “.std”

Attributes

`block_no`

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1

content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2

content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True***)**

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1

- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: None
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: None
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

```
write_file()
    Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.
    Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.
MKEYS = []
    Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile
        Type
            list
SKEYS = []
    Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile
        Type
            list
STD = {}
    Standard Block OGS-BlockFile
        Type
            dict
property block_no
    Number of blocks in the file.
property file_name
    base name of the file with extension.
        Type
            str
property file_path
    save path of the file.
        Type
            str
property force_writing
    state if the file is written even if empty.
        Type
            bool
property is_empty
    State if the OGS file is empty.
property name
    name of the file without extension.
        Type
            str
```

ogs5py.fileclasses.base.MultiFile

class `ogs5py.fileclasses.base.MultiFile(base, **standard)`

Bases: `object`

Class holding multiple files of the same type.

Parameters

- `base (object)` – Base class for the files
- `**standard` – Standard keyword arguments for new instances of the Base class.

Attributes

id

`int`: The current id to access in the file list.

Methods

<code>add(*args, **kwargs)</code>	Add a new instance of the base class with given args and kwargs.
<code>append(file)</code>	Append a new file to the list.
<code>delete([file_id])</code>	Delete a certain file.
<code>reset_all()</code>	Reset the Multi File.

`add(*args, **kwargs)`

Add a new instance of the base class with given args and kwargs.

`append(file)`

Append a new file to the list.

`delete(file_id=-1)`

Delete a certain file.

`reset_all()`

Reset the Multi File.

property `id`

The current id to access in the file list.

Type

`int`

ogs5py.fileclasses.gli

Class for the ogs GEOMETRY file.

Subpackages

The generators can be called with `GLI.generate`

`generator`

Generators for the ogs GEOMETRY file.

ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator

Generators for the ogs GEOMETRY file.

Generators

These generators can be called with `GLI.generate`

`rectangular([dim, ori, size, name])`

Generate a rectangular boundary for a grid in 2D or 3D as gli.

`radial([dim, ori, angles, rad_out, rad_in, ...])`

Generate a radial boundary for a grid in 2D or 3D.

ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator.rectangular

`ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator.rectangular(dim=2, ori=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0), size=(10.0, 10.0, 10.0), name='boundary')`

Generate a rectangular boundary for a grid in 2D or 3D as gli.

Parameters

- **dim** (*int, optional*) – Dimension of the resulting mesh, either 2 or 3. Default: 3
- **ori** (*list of float, optional*) – Origin of the mesh Default: [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
- **size** (*list of float, optional*) – Size of the mesh Default: [10.0, 10.0, 10.0]
- **name** (*str, optional*) – Name of the boundary. In 3D there will be 4 surfaces where the names are generated by adding an ID: “_0”, “_1”, “_2”, “_3” Default: “boundary”

Returns

`result`

Return type

gli

ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator.radial

```
ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator.radial(dim=3, ori=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0), angles=16, rad_out=10.0,
                                         rad_in=None, z_size=-1.0, name_out='boundary',
                                         name_in='well')
```

Generate a radial boundary for a grid in 2D or 3D.

Parameters

- **dim** (*int, optional*) – Dimension of the resulting mesh, either 2 or 3. Default: 3
- **ori** (*list of float, optional*) – Origin of the mesh Default: [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
- **angles** (*int, optional*) – Number of angles. Default: 16
- **rad_out** (*float, optional*) – Radius of the outer boundary, Default: 10.
- **rad_out** (*float or None, optional*) – Radius of the inner boundary if needed. (i.e. the well)
- **z_size** (*float, optional*) – size of the mesh in z-direction
- **name_out** (*str, optional*) – Name of the outer boundary. In 3D there will be as many surfaces as angles are given. Their names are generated by adding the angle number: “_0”, “_1”, ... Default: “boundary”
- **name_in** (*str, optional*) – Name of the inner boundary. In 3D there will be as many surfaces as angles are given. Their names are generated by adding the angle number: “_0”, “_1”, ... Default: “well”

Returns

result

Return type

gli

File Classes

<code>GLI([gli_dict])</code>	Class for the ogs GEOMETRY file.
<code>GLItext([typ, data, name, file_ext, ...])</code>	Class for an external definition for the ogs GEOMETRY file.

ogs5py.fileclasses.msh

Class for the ogs MESH file.

Subpackages

The generators can be called with `generate()`

<code>generator</code>	Generators for the ogs MESH file.
------------------------	-----------------------------------

ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator

Generators for the ogs MESH file.

Generators

These generators can be called with `MSH.generate`

<code>rectangular([dim, mesh_origin, element_no, ...])</code>	Generate a rectangular grid in 2D or 3D.
<code>radial([dim, mesh_origin, angles, rad, z_arr])</code>	Generate a radial grid in 2D or 3D.
<code>grid_adapter2D([out_dim, in_dim, out_res, ...])</code>	Generate a grid adapter.
<code>grid_adapter3D([out_dim, in_dim, z_dim, ...])</code>	Generate a grid adapter.
<code>block_adapter3D([xy_dim, z_dim, in_res])</code>	Generate a block adapter.
<code>gmsh(geo_object[, import_dim])</code>	Generate mesh from gmsh code or gmsh .geo file.

ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.rectangular

```
ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.rectangular(dim=2, mesh_origin=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0), element_no=(10, 10, 10), element_size=(1.0, 1.0, 1.0))
```

Generate a rectangular grid in 2D or 3D.

Parameters

- **dim** (*int, optional*) – Dimension of the resulting mesh, either 2 or 3. Default: 3
- **mesh_origin** (*list of float, optional*) – Origin of the mesh Default: [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
- **element_no** (*list of int, optional*) – Number of elements in each direction. Default: [10, 10, 10]
- **element_size** (*list of float, optional*) – Size of an element in each direction. Default: [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]

Returns

result – Result contains one ‘#FEM_MSH’ block of the OGS mesh file with the following information (sorted by keys):

mesh_data
[dict] dictionary containing information about

- AXISYMMETRY (bool)
- CROSS_SECTION (bool)
- PCS_TYPE (str)
- GEO_TYPE (str)

- GEO_NAME (str)
- LAYER (int)

nodes

[ndarray] Array with all node postions

elements

[dict] contains nodelists for elements sorted by element types

material_id

[dict] contains material ids for each element sorted by element types

element_id

[dict] contains element ids for each element sorted by element types

Return type

dictionary

ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.radial

```
ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.radial(dim=3, mesh_origin=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0), angles=16,
                                         rad=array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]), z_arr=array([0,
                                         -1]))
```

Generate a radial grid in 2D or 3D.

Parameters

- **dim** (*int, optional*) – Dimension of the resulting mesh, either 2 or 3. Default: 3
- **mesh_origin** (*list of float, optional*) – Origin of the mesh Default: [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
- **angles** (*int, optional*) – Number of elements in each direction. Default: [10, 10, 10]
- **rad** (*array, optional*) – array of radii to set in the mesh
- **z_arr** (*array, optional*) – array of z values to set the layers in the mesh (only needed for dim=3) needs to be sorted in negative z direction

Returns

result – Result contains one '#FEM_MSH' block of the OGS mesh file with the following information (sorted by keys):

mesh_data

[dict] dictionary containing information about

- AXISYMMETRY (bool)
- CROSS_SECTION (bool)
- PCS_TYPE (str)
- GEO_TYPE (str)
- GEO_NAME (str)
- LAYER (int)

nodes

[ndarray] Array with all node postions

elements

[dict] contains nodelists for elements sorted by element types

material_id

[dict] contains material ids for each element sorted by element types

element_id

[dict] contains element ids for each element sorted by element types

Return type

dictionary

ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.grid_adapter2D

```
ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.grid_adapter2D(out_dim=(100.0, 100.0), in_dim=(50.0, 50.0),
                                                out_res=(10.0, 10.0), in_res=(1.0, 1.0),
                                                out_pos=(0.0, 0.0), in_pos=(25.0, 25.0),
                                                z_pos=0.0, in_mat=0, out_mat=0, fill=False)
```

Generate a grid adapter.

2D adapter from an outer grid resolution to an inner grid resolution with gmsh.

Parameters

- **out_dim** (*list of 2 float*) – xy-Dimension of the outer block
- **in_dim** (*list of 2 float*) – xy-Dimension of the inner block
- **out_res** (*list of 2 float*) – Grid resolution of the outer block
- **in_res** (*list of 2 float*) – Grid resolution of the inner block
- **out_pos** (*list of 2 float*) – xy-Position of the origin of the outer block
- **in_pos** (*list of 2 float*) – xy-Position of the origin of the inner block
- **z_pos** (*float*) – z-Position of the origin of the whole block
- **in_mat** (*integer*) – Material-ID of the inner block
- **out_mat** (*integer*) – Material-ID of the outer block
- **fill** (*bool, optional*) – State if the inner block should be filled with a rectangular mesh.
Default: False.

Returns

result – Result contains one ‘#FEM_MSH’ block of the OGS mesh file with the following information (sorted by keys):

mesh_data

[dict] dictionary containing information about

- AXISYMMETRY (bool)
- CROSS_SECTION (bool)
- PCS_TYPE (str)
- GEO_TYPE (str)
- GEO_NAME (str)
- LAYER (int)

nodes

[ndarray] Array with all node postions

elements

[dict] contains nodelists for elements sorted by element types

material_id

[dict] contains material ids for each element sorted by element types

element_id

[dict] contains element ids for each element sorted by element types

Return type

dictionary

ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.grid_adapter3D

```
ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.grid_adapter3D(out_dim=(100.0, 100.0), in_dim=(50.0, 50.0),
                                                z_dim=-10.0, out_res=(10.0, 10.0, 10.0),
                                                in_res=(5.0, 5.0, 5.0), out_pos=(0.0, 0.0),
                                                in_pos=(25.0, 25.0), z_pos=0.0, in_mat=0,
                                                out_mat=0, fill=False)
```

Generate a grid adapter.

3D adapter from an outer grid resolution to an inner grid resolution with gmsh.

Parameters

- **out_dim** (*list of 2 float*) – xy-Dimension of the outer block
- **in_dim** (*list of 2 float*) – xy-Dimension of the inner block
- **z_dim** (*float*) – z-Dimension of the whole block
- **out_res** (*list of 3 float*) – Grid resolution of the outer block
- **in_res** (*list of 3 float*) – Grid resolution of the inner block
- **out_pos** (*list of 2 float*) – xy-Position of the origin of the outer block
- **in_pos** (*list of 2 float*) – xy-Position of the origin of the inner block
- **z_dim** (*float*) – z-Position of the origin of the whole block
- **in_mat** (*integer*) – Material-ID of the inner block
- **out_mat** (*integer*) – Material-ID of the outer block
- **fill** (*bool, optional*) – State if the inner block should be filled with a rectangular mesh.
Default: False.

Returns

result – Result contains one ‘#FEM_MSH’ block of the OGS mesh file with the following information (sorted by keys):

mesh_data

[dict] dictionary containing information about

- AXISYMMETRY (bool)
- CROSS_SECTION (bool)
- PCS_TYPE (str)
- GEO_TYPE (str)
- GEO_NAME (str)
- LAYER (int)

nodes

[ndarray] Array with all node postions

elements

[dict] contains nodelists for elements sorted by element types

material_id

[dict] contains material ids for each element sorted by element types

element_id

[dict] contains element ids for each element sorted by element types

Return type

dictionary

ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.block_adapter3D`ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.block_adapter3D(xy_dim=10.0, z_dim=5.0, in_res=1.0)`

Generate a block adapter.

It has a given resolution at the southern side with gmsh.

Parameters

- **xy_dim** (*float*) – xy-Dimension of the whole block
- **z_dim** (*float*) – z-Dimension of the whole block
- **in_res** (*float*) – Grid resolution at the southern side of the block

Returns

result – Result contains one '#FEM_MSH' block of the OGS mesh file with the following information (sorted by keys):

mesh_data

[dict] dictionary containing information about

- AXISYMMETRY (bool)
- CROSS_SECTION (bool)
- PCS_TYPE (str)
- GEO_TYPE (str)
- GEO_NAME (str)
- LAYER (int)

nodes

[ndarray] Array with all node postions

elements

[dict] contains nodelists for elements sorted by element types

material_id

[dict] contains material ids for each element sorted by element types

element_id

[dict] contains element ids for each element sorted by element types

Return type

dictionary

ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.gmsh`ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator.gmsh(geo_object, import_dim=(1, 2, 3))`

Generate mesh from gmsh code or gmsh .geo file.

Parameters

- **geo_object** (*str or list of str*) – Either path to the gmsh .geo file or list of codelines for a .geo file.
- **import_dim** (*iterable of int or single int, optional*) – State which elements should be imported by dimensionality. Default: (1, 2, 3)

Returns

result – Result contains one ‘#FEM_MSH’ block of the OGS mesh file with the following information (sorted by keys):

mesh_data

[dict] dictionary containing information about

- AXISYMMETRY (bool)
- CROSS_SECTION (bool)
- PCS_TYPE (str)
- GEO_TYPE (str)
- GEO_NAME (str)
- LAYER (int)

nodes

[ndarray] Array with all node postions

elements

[dict] contains nodelists for elements sorted by element types

material_id

[dict] contains material ids for each element sorted by element types

element_id

[dict] contains element ids for each element sorted by element types

Return type

dictionary

File Class

<code>MSH([mesh_list])</code>	Class for a multi layer mesh file that contains multiple '#FEM_MSH' Blocks.
-------------------------------	---

File Classes

Classes for all OGS5 Files

<code>ASC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs ASC file.
<code>BC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs BOUNDARY CONDITION file.
<code>CCT(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs COMMUNICATION TABLE file.
<code>DDC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs MPI DOMAIN DECOMPOSITION file.
<code>FCT(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs FUNCTION file.
<code>GEM(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs GEOCHEMICAL THERMODYNAMIC MODELING COUPLING file.
<code>GEMinit([lst_name, dch, ipm, dbr, ...])</code>	Class for GEMS3K input file.
<code>GLI([gli_dict])</code>	Class for the ogs GEOMETRY file.
<code>GLItext([typ, data, name, file_ext, ...])</code>	Class for an external definition for the ogs GEOMETRY file.
<code>IC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs INITIAL_CONDITION file.
<code>RFR([variables, data, units, headers, name, ...])</code>	Class for the ogs RESTART file, if the DIS_TYPE in IC is set to RESTART.
<code>KRC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs KINETRIC REACTION file.
<code>MCP(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs COMPONENT_PROPERTIES file.
<code>MFP(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs FLUID PROPERTY file.
<code>MMP(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs MEDIUM_PROPERTIES file.
<code>MPD([name, file_ext])</code>	Class for the ogs MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED file.
<code>MSH([mesh_list])</code>	Class for a multi layer mesh file that contains multiple '#FEM_MSH' Blocks.
<code>MSP(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs SOLID_PROPERTIES file.
<code>NUM(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs NUMERICS file.
<code>OUT(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs OUTPUT file.
<code>PCS(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs PROCESS file.
<code>PCT([data, s_flag, task_root, task_id])</code>	Class for the ogs Particle file, if the PCS TYPE is RANDOM_WALK.
<code>PQC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs PHREEQC interface file.
<code>PQCdat(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs PHREEQC dat file.
<code>REI(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs REACTION_INTERFACE file.
<code>RFD(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs USER DEFINED TIME CURVES file.
<code>ST(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs SOURCE_TERM file.
<code>TIM(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs TIME_STEPPING file.

ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: `LineFile`

Class for the ogs ASC file.

Parameters

- `lines (list of str, optional)` – content of the file as a list of lines Default: None
- `name (str, optional)` – name of the file without extension Default: “textfile”
- `task_root (str, optional)` – Path to the destiny folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- `task_id (str, optional)` – Name for the ogs task. (a place holder) Default: “model”

Notes

This is just handled as a line-wise file. You can access the data by line with:

`ASC.lines`

This file type comes either from .tim ,.pcs or .gem

Attributes

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

`bool`: state if the file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given text-file is valid.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path)</code>	Save the actual line-wise file in the given path.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (`str`) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (`bool, optional`) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`check(verbose=True)`

Check if the given text-file is valid.

Parameters

`verbose` (`bool, optional`) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

`result` – Validity of the given file.

Return type

`bool`

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

read_file(*path*, *encoding=None*, *verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path*)

Save the actual line-wise file in the given path.

Parameters

path (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

bool

property is_empty

state if the file is empty.

Type

bool

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

str

ogs5py.fileclasses.BC

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.BC(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs BOUNDARY CONDITION file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- BOUNDARY_CONDITION

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- BOUNDARY_CONDITION
 - COMP_NAME
 - CONSTRAINED
 - COPY_VALUE
 - DIS_TYPE
 - DIS_TYPE_CONDITION
 - EPSILON
 - EXCAVATION
 - FCT_TYPE
 - GEO_TYPE
 - MSH_TYPE
 - NO_DISP_INCREMENT
 - PCS_TYPE
 - PRESSURE_AS_HEAD
 - PRIMARY_VARIABLE
 - TIME_CONTROLLED_ACTIVE
 - TIME_INTERVAL
 - TIM_TYPE

Standard block:

```
PCS_TYPE
  "GROUNDWATER_FLOW"

PRIMARY_VARIABLE
  "HEAD"

DIS_TYPE
  ["CONSTANT", 0.0]

GEO_TYPE
  ["POLYLINE", "boundary"]
```

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/bc

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_bc_new.cpp#L228

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes**`block_no`**

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1

content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2

content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True***)**

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1

- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: None
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: None
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['BOUNDARY_CONDITION']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type`list`

```
SKEYS = [['PCS_TYPE', 'PRIMARY_VARIABLE', 'COMP_NAME', 'GEO_TYPE', 'DIS_TYPE',
'TIM_TYPE', 'FCT_TYPE', 'MSH_TYPE', 'DIS_TYPE_CONDITION', 'EPSILON',
'TIME_CONTROLLED_ACTIVE', 'TIME_INTERVAL', 'EXCAVATION', 'NO_DISP_INCREMENT',
'COPY_VALUE', 'PRESSURE_AS_HEAD', 'CONSTRAINED']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type`list`

```
STD = {'DIS_TYPE': ['CONSTANT', 0.0], 'GEO_TYPE': ['POLYLINE', 'boundary'],
'PCS_TYPE': 'GROUNDWATER_FLOW', 'PRIMARY_VARIABLE': 'HEAD'}
```

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type`dict`**property block_no**

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type`str`**property file_path**

save path of the file.

Type`str`**property force_writing**

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type`bool`**property is_empty**

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs COMMUNICATION TABLE file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- COMMUNICATION_TABLE

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- COMMUNICATION_TABLE
 - MYRANK
 - NEIGHBOR
 - NNEIGHBORS

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/cct

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/fct_mpi.cpp#L27

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check(verbose)</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None*, *del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: *True*

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['COMMUNICATION_TABLE']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

SKEYS = [['MYRANK', 'NNEIGHBORS', 'NEIGHBOR']]

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

STD = {}

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs MPI DOMAIN DECOMPOSITION file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- DOMAIN

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- DOMAIN
 - ELEMENTS
 - NODES_INNER
 - NODES_BORDER

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

None

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/par_ddc.cpp

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check(verbose)</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual DDC input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)`

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

`add_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None)`

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

`FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)`

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: `SUBKEY=content`

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

`bool`

del_block(*index=None*, *del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual DDC input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: *True*

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['DOMAIN']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

SKEYS = [['ELEMENTS', 'NODES_INNER', 'NODES_BORDER']]

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

STD = {}

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs FUNCTION file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- FUNCTION

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- FUNCTION
 - DATA
 - DIMENSION
 - DIS_TYPE
 - GEO_TYPE
 - MATRIX
 - TYPE
 - VARIABLES

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/fct

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_fct.cpp#L82

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check(verbose)</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)`

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

`add_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None)`

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None*, *del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: *True*

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['FUNCTION']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

SKEYS = [['TYPE', 'GEO_TYPE', 'DIS_TYPE', 'VARIABLES', 'DIMENSION', 'MATRIX', 'DATA']]

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

STD = {}

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs GEOCHEMICAL THERMODYNAMIC MODELING COUPLING file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- GEM_PROPERTIES

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- GEM_PROPERTIES
 - CALCULATE_BOUNDARY_NODES
 - DISABLE_GEMS
 - FLAG_COUPLING_HYDROLOGY
 - FLAG_DISABLE_GEM
 - FLAG_POROSITY_CHANGE
 - GEM_CALCULATE_BOUNDARY_NODES
 - GEM_INIT_FILE
 - GEM_THREADS
 - ITERATIVE_SCHEME
 - KINETIC_GEM
 - MAX_FAILED_NODES
 - MAX_POROSITY
 - MIN_POROSITY
 - MY_SMART_GEMS
 - PRESSURE_GEM
 - TEMPERATURE_GEM
 - TRANSPORT_B

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/gem

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_REACT_GEM.cpp#L2644

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY**\$SUBKEY1**

content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2

content2 ...

which looks like the following:

`FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)`

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

`add_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None)`

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None, **block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

`bool`

del_block(*index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: `None`
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: `False`

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: `-1`
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: `False`

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: `-1`
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: `False`

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: `-1`
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: `False`

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: `None`
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for `add_block`. If `False`, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: `True`

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: *True*

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=*content*

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['GEM_PROPERTIES']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

```
SKEYS = [['GEM_INIT_FILE', 'GEM_THREADS', 'TRANSPORT_B', 'FLAG_POROSITY_CHANGE',
          'MIN_POROSITY', 'MAX_POROSITY', 'FLAG_COUPLING_HYDROLOGY', 'ITERATIVE_SCHEME',
          'CALCULATE_BOUNDARY_NODES', 'TEMPERATURE_GEM', 'PRESSURE_GEM',
          'MAX_FAILED_NODES', 'MY_SMART_GEMS', 'FLAG_DISABLE_GEM', 'KINETIC_GEM',
          'DISABLE_GEMS', 'GEM_CALCULATE_BOUNDARY_NODES', 'GEM_SMART', 'FLAG_NODE_ELEMENT',
          'FLAG_CALCULATE_BOUNDARY_NODE']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type
list

STD = {}

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type
dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type
str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type
str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type
bool

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type
str

ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit(lst_name='model-dat.lst', dch=None, ipm=None, dbr=None,
                                 task_root=None, task_id='model')
```

Bases: `object`

Class for GEMS3K input file.

lst file that contains the names of

- the GEMS data file (dch file),
- the GEMS numerical settings (ipm file)
- the example setup (dbr file)

used to initialize the GEMS3K kernel.

Parameters

- `lst_name` (`str` or `None`, optional) – name of the lst file
- `dch` (`LineFile` or `None`) – the GEMS data file
- `ipm` (`LineFile` or `None`) – the GEMS data file
- `dbr` (`LineFile` or `None`) – the GEMS data file
- `task_root` (`str, optional`) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: `cwd+”ogs5model”`
- `task_id` (`str, optional`) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

<http://gems.web.psi.ch/GEMS3/index.html>

<http://gems.web.psi.ch/GEMS3K/>

<http://gems.web.psi.ch/GEMS3K/doc/html/gems3k-iofiles.html>

Attributes

`file_ext`

The extension of the lst file.

`file_names`

The names of the included files.

`files`

List of the included files: dch, ipm, dbr.

`is_empty`

State if the file is empty.

`name`

The name of the lst file.

`task_root`

Get and set the task_root path of the ogs model.

Methods

<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the GEM external file is valid.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read a given GEM external input lst-file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path)</code>	Save the actual GEM external file in the given path.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`check(verbose=True)`

Check if the GEM external file is valid.

Parameters

`verbose (bool, optional)` – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

`result` – Validity.

Return type

`bool`

`get_file_type()`

Get the OGS file class name.

`read_file(path, encoding=None, verbose=False)`

Read a given GEM external input lst-file.

Parameters

`path (str)` – path to the file

Notes

This also reads the given files in the lst-file. (dch, ipm, dbr)

`reset()`

Delete every content.

`save(path)`

Save the actual GEM external file in the given path.

lst file containing: dch, ipm, dbr

Parameters

`path (str)` – path to where to file should be saved

`write_file()`

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

`property file_ext`

The extension of the lst file.

`property file_names`

The names of the included files.

`property files`

dch, ipm, dbr.

Type

List of the included files

property is_empty

State if the file is empty.

property name

The name of the lst file.

property task_root

Get and set the task_root path of the ogs model.

ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI(gli_dict=None, **OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *File*

Class for the ogs GEOMETRY file.

Parameters

- **gli_dict** (`dict` or `None`, optional) – dictionary containing the gli file Includes the following information (sorted by keys):

points

[ndarray] Array with all point postions

point_names

[ndarray (of strings)] Array with all point names

point_md

[ndarray] Array with all Material-densities at the points if point_md should be undefined it takes the value -np.inf

polylines

[list of dict] each containing information about

- ID (int or None)
- NAME (str)
- POINTS (ndarray)
- EPSILON (float or None)
- TYPE (int or None)
- MAT_GROUP (int or None)
- POINT_VECTOR (str or None)

surfaces

[list of dict] each containing information about

- ID (int or None)
- NAME (str)
- POLYLINES (list of str)
- EPSILON (float or None)
- TYPE (int or None)
- MAT_GROUP (int or None)
- TIN (str or None)

volumes

[list of dict] each containing information about

- NAME (str)
- SURFACES (list of str)
- TYPE (int or None)
- MAT_GROUP (int or None)
- LAYER (int or None)

Default: `None`

- **task_root** (`str`, optional) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (`str`, optional) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Attributes

`POINTS`

ndarray: POINTS (n,3) of the gli, defined by xyz-coordinates.

`POINT_MD`

ndarray: material density values of POINTS of the gli.

`POINT_NAMES`

ndarray: names of POINTS of the gli.

`POINT_NO`

int: number of POINTS of the gli.

`POLYLINES`

List of dict: POLYLINES of the gli.

`POLYLINE_NAMES`

List of str: names of POLYLINES of the gli.

`POLYLINE_NO`

int: number of POLYLINES of the gli.

`SURFACES`

List of dict: SURFACES of the gli.

`SURFACE_NAMES`

List of str: names of SURFACES of the gli.

`SURFACE_NO`

int: number of SURFACES of the gli.

`VOLUMES`

List of dict: VOLUMES of the gli.

`VOLUME_NAMES`

List of str: names of VOLUMES of the gli.

`VOLUME_NO`

int: number of VOLUMES of the gli.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

`bool`: State if the GLI File is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>__call__()</code>	Return a copy of the underlying dictionary of the gli.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_points(points[, names, md, decimals])</code>	Add a list of points (ndarray with shape (n,3)).
<code>add_polyline(name, points[, ply_id, ...])</code>	Add a polyline to the gli.
<code>add_surface(name, polylines[, srf_id, ...])</code>	Add a new surface.
<code>add_volume(name, surfaces[, vol_type, ...])</code>	Add a new volume.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the gli is valid.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>generate([generator])</code>	Use a gli-generator from the generator module.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>load(filepath[, verbose, encoding])</code>	Load an OGS5 gli from file.
<code>pnt_coord([pnt_name, pnt_id])</code>	Get Point coordinates either by name or ID.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Load an OGS5 gli from file.
<code>remove_point(id_or_name)</code>	Remove a point by its name or ID.
<code>remove_polyline(names)</code>	Remove a polyline by its name.
<code>remove_surface(names)</code>	Remove a surface by its name.
<code>remove_volume(names)</code>	Remove a volume by its name.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>rotate(angle[, rotation_axis, rotation_point])</code>	Rotate points around a given rotation point and axis with given angle.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the gli to an OGS5 gli file.
<code>set_dict(gli_dict)</code>	Set a gli dict as returned by tools methods or generators.
<code>shift(vector)</code>	Shift points with a given vector.
<code>swap_axis([axis1, axis2])</code>	Swap axis of the coordinate system.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`__call__()`

Return a copy of the underlying dictionary of the gli.

Returns

Mesh – dictionary representation of the mesh

Return type

`dict`

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_points(points, names=None, md=None, decimals=4)`

Add a list of points (ndarray with shape (n,3)).

Keeps the pointlist unique. If a named point is added, that was already present, it will be renamed with the new name. Same for md. The pointlists of the polylines will be updated.

Parameters

- **points** (*ndarray*) – Array with new points.

- **names** (*ndarray of str or None, optional*) – array containing the names. If None, all new points are unnamed. Default: None
- **md** (*ndarray of float or None, optional*) – array containing the material density. If None, all new points will have unspecified md. Default: None
- **decimals** (*int, optional*) – Number of decimal places to round the added points to (default: 4). If decimals is negative, it specifies the number of positions to the left of the decimal point. This will not round the new points, it's just for comparison of the already present points to guarantee uniqueness.

Returns

new_pos – array with the IDs of the added points in the pointlist of the gli.

Return type

ndarray

add_polyline(*name, points, ply_id=None, epsilon=None, ply_type=None, mat_group=None, point_vector=None, closed=False, decimals=4*)

Add a polyline to the gli.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – name of the new polyline
- **points** (*ndarray*) – Array with the points. Either array of point IDs or new coordinates.
- **ply_id** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **epsilon** (*float or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **ply_type** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **mat_group** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **point_vector** (*str or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **closed** (*bool, optional*) – If the polyline shall be closed, the first point will be added as last point again. Default: False
- **decimals** (*int, optional*) – Number of decimal places to round the added points to (default: 4). If decimals is negative, it specifies the number of positions to the left of the decimal point. This will not round the new points, it's just for comparison of the already present points to guarantee uniqueness.

add_surface(*name, polylines, srf_id=None, epsilon=None, srf_type=0, mat_group=None, tin=None*)

Add a new surface.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – name of the new surface
- **polylines** (*list of str*) – List of the surface-defining polyline-names
- **srf_id** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **epsilon** (*float or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **srf_type** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **mat_group** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **tin** (*str or None, optional*) – Default: None

add_volume(*name, surfaces, vol_type=None, mat_group=None, layer=None*)

Add a new volume.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – name of the new surface

- **surfaces** (*list of str*) – List of the volume-defining surface-names
- **vol_type** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **mat_group** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None
- **layer** (*int or None, optional*) – Default: None

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the gli is valid.

In the sense, that the contained data is consistent.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given gli.

Return type

`bool`

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

generate(*generator='rectangular', **kwargs*)

Use a gli-generator from the generator module.

See: [*ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator*](#)

Parameters

- **generator** (*str*) – set the generator from the generator module
- ****kwargs** – kwargs will be forwarded to the generator in use

Notes

The following generators are available:

<code>rectangular</code> ([dim, ori, size, name])	Generate a rectangular boundary for a grid in 2D or 3D as gli.
<code>radial</code> ([dim, ori, angles, rad_out, rad_in, ...])	Generate a radial boundary for a grid in 2D or 3D.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

load(*filepath, verbose=False, encoding=None, **kwargs*)

Load an OGS5 gli from file.

kwargs will be forwarded to “tools.load_ogs5gli”

Parameters

- **filepath** (*string*) – path to the ‘*.gli’ OGS5 gli file to load
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: True

pnt_coord(*pnt_name=None, pnt_id=None*)

Get Point coordinates either by name or ID.

Parameters

- **pnt_name** (*str*) – Point name.
- **pnt_id** (*int*) – Point ID.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Load an OGS5 gli from file.

Parameters

- **path** (*string*) – path to the ‘*.gli’ OGS5 gli file to load
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

remove_point(*id_or_name*)

Remove a point by its name or ID.

If Points are removed, that define polylines, they will be removed. Same for surfaces and volumes.

Parameters

id_or_name (*int or str or list of int or list of str*) – Points to be removed. Unknown names or IDs are ignored.

remove_polyline(*names*)

Remove a polyline by its name.

If Polylines are removed, that define surfaces, they will be removed. Same for volumes.

Parameters

names (*str or list of str*) – Polylines to be removed. Unknown names are ignored.

remove_surface(*names*)

Remove a surface by its name.

If Surfaces are removed, that define Volumes, they will be removed.

Parameters

names (*str or list of str*) – Surfaces to be removed. Unknown names are ignored.

remove_volume(*names*)

Remove a volume by its name.

Parameters

names (*str or list of str*) – Volumes to be removed. Unknown names are ignored.

reset()

Delete every content.

rotate(*angle, rotation_axis=(0.0, 0.0, 1.0), rotation_point=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0)*)

Rotate points around a given rotation point and axis with given angle.

Parameters

- **angle** (*float*) – rotation angle given in radial length
- **rotation_axis** (*array_like, optional*) – Array containing the vector for rotation axis. Default: (0,0,1)
- **rotation_point** (*array_like, optional*) – Vector of the rotation base point. Default:(0,0,0)

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the gli to an OGS5 gli file.

kwargs will be forwarded to “tools.save_ogs5gli”

Parameters

- **path** (*string*) – path to the ‘*.gli’ OGS5 gli file to save
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the writing process. Default: *True*

set_dict(*gli_dict*)

Set a gli dict as returned by tools methods or generators.

Gli will be checked for validity.

Parameters

gli_dict (*dict*) – dictionary containing the gli file Includes the following information (sorted by keys):

points

[ndarray] Array with all point postions

point_names

[ndarray (of strings)] Array with all point names

point_md

[ndarray] Array with all Material-densities at the points if point_md should be undefined it takes the value -np.inf

polylines

[list of dict] each containing information about

- ID (int or None)
- NAME (str)
- POINTS (ndarray)
- EPSILON (float or None)
- TYPE (int or None)
- MAT_GROUP (int or None)
- POINT_VECTOR (str or None)

surfaces

[list of dict] each containing information about

- ID (int or None)
- NAME (str)
- POLYLINES (list of str)
- EPSILON (float or None)
- TYPE (int or None)
- MAT_GROUP (int or None)
- TIN (str or None)

volumes

[list of dict] each containing information about

- NAME (str)
- SURFACES (list of str)
- TYPE (int or None)
- MAT_GROUP (int or None)
- LAYER (int or None)

shift(*vector*)

Shift points with a given vector.

Parameters

vector (*ndarray*) – array containing the shifting vector

swap_axis(axis1='y', axis2='z')

Swap axis of the coordinate system.

Parameters

- **axis1** (`str` or `int`, optional) – First selected Axis. Either in [“x”, “y”, “z”] or in [0, 1, 2]. Default: “y”
- **axis2** (`str` or `int`, optional) – Second selected Axis. Either in [“x”, “y”, “z”] or in [0, 1, 2]. Default: “z”

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

property POINTS

POINTS (n,3) of the gli, defined by xyz-coordinates.

Type

ndarray

property POINT_MD

material density values of POINTS of the gli.

Type

ndarray

property POINT_NAMES

names of POINTS of the gli.

Type

ndarray

property POINT_NO

number of POINTS of the gli.

Type

int

property POLYLINES

POLYLINES of the gli.

Type

List of `dict`

property POLYLINE_NAMES

names of POLYLINES of the gli.

Type

List of `str`

property POLYLINE_NO

number of POLYLINES of the gli.

Type

int

property SURFACES

SURFACES of the gli.

Type

List of `dict`

property SURFACE_NAMES
names of SURFACES of the gli.

Type
List of `str`

property SURFACE_NO
number of SURFACES of the gli.

Type
`int`

property VOLUMES
VOLUMES of the gli.

Type
List of `dict`

property VOLUME_NAMES
names of VOLUMES of the gli.

Type
List of `str`

property VOLUME_NO
number of VOLUMES of the gli.

Type
`int`

property file_name
base name of the file with extension.

Type
`str`

property file_path
save path of the file.

Type
`str`

property force_writing
state if the file is written even if empty.

Type
`bool`

property is_empty
State if the GLI File is empty.

Type
`bool`

property name
name of the file without extension.

Type
`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext(typ='TIN', data=None, name=None, file_ext=None, task_root=None, task_id='model')
```

Bases: `File`

Class for an external definition for the ogs GEOMETRY file.

Parameters

- **typ** (`str`, optional) – Type of the external geometry definition. Either TIN for a triangulated surface or POINT_VECTOR for a polyline. Default: "TIN"
- **data** (`numpy.ndarray`, optional) – Data for the external geometry definition. Default: None
- **name** (`str, optional`) – File name for the RFR file. If None, the task_id is used. Default: None
- **file_ext** (`str`, optional) – extension of the file (with leading dot ".rfr") Default: ".rfr"
- **task_root** (`str, optional`) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+"ogs5model"
- **task_id** (`str, optional`) – Name for the ogs task. Default: "model"

Attributes

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the external geometry definition is valid.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>read_file(path, **kwargs)</code>	Read a given GLI_EXT input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path)</code>	Save the actual GLI external file in the given path.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (`str`) – path to the existing file that should be copied

- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the external geometry definition is valid.

In the sense, that the contained data is consistent.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given gli.

Return type

`bool`

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

read_file(*path, **kwargs*)

Read a given GLI_EXT input file.

Parameters

path (*str*) – path to the file

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path*)

Save the actual GLI external file in the given path.

Parameters

path (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.IC

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.IC(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs INITIAL_CONDITION file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- INITIAL_CONDITION

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- INITIAL_CONDITION
 - PCS_TYPE
 - PRIMARY_VARIABLE
 - COMP_NAME
 - STORE_VALUES
 - DIS_TYPE
 - GEO_TYPE

Standard block:

PCS_TYPE
“GROUNDWATER_FLOW”

PRIMARY_VARIABLE
“HEAD”

GEO_TYPE
“DOMAIN”

DIS_TYPE
[“CONSTANT”, 0.0]

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/ic

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_ic_new.cpp#L222

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path	
str :	save path of the file.
force_writing	
bool :	state if the file is written even if empty.
is_empty	
State if the OGS file is empty.	
name	
str :	name of the file without extension.

Methods

add_block([index, main_key])	Add a new Block to the actual file.
add_content(content[, main_index, ...])	Add single-line content to the actual file.
add_copy_link(path[, symlink])	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])	Add multiple content to the actual file.
add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
append_to_block([index])	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
check([verbose])	Check if the given file is valid.
del_block([index, del_all])	Delete a block by its index.
del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])	Delete content by its position.
del_copy_link()	Remove a former given link to an external file.
del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
get_block([index, as_dict])	Get a Block from the actual file.
get_block_no()	Get the number of blocks in the file.
get_file_type()	Get the OGS file class name.
get_multi_keys([index])	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
is_block_unique([index])	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])	Read an existing OGS input file.
reset()	Delete every content.
save(path, **kwargs)	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
update_block([index, main_key])	Update a Block from the actual file.
write_file()	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)

 Add a new Block to the actual file.

 Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
 content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
 content2 ...

 which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index (int or None, optional)** – Positional index, where to insert the given Block.
As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.

- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: `MKEYS`) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: `SUBKEY=content`

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key, main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.

- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None, **block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1  
content1 ...  
  
$SUBKEY2  
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type`bool`**`del_block(index=None, del_all=False)`**

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_content(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_copy_link()`

Remove a former given link to an external file.

`del_main_keyword(main_index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_sub_keyword(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

`get_block(index=None, as_dict=True)`

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for `add_block`. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

`get_block_no()`

Get the number of blocks in the file.

```
get_file_type()
    Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(index=None)
    State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(index=None)
    State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(path, encoding=None, verbose=False)
    Read an existing OGS input file.
```

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

```
reset()
```

Delete every content.

```
save(path, **kwargs)
```

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: *True*

```
update_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)
```

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: **MKEYS**) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: **SUBKEY=content**

```
write_file()
```

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

```
MKEYS = ['INITIAL_CONDITION']
```

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

```
list
```

```
SKEYS = [['PCS_TYPE', 'PRIMARY_VARIABLE', 'COMP_NAME', 'STORE_VALUES',
'DIS_TYPE', 'GEO_TYPE']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

```
list
```

```
STD = {'DIS_TYPE': ['CONSTANT', 0.0], 'GEO_TYPE': 'DOMAIN', 'PCS_TYPE': 'GROUNDWATER_FLOW', 'PRIMARY_VARIABLE': 'HEAD'}
```

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type
dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type
str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type
str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type
bool

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type
str

ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR(variables=None, data=None, units=None, headers=None, name=None,
                               file_ext='.rfr', task_root=None, task_id='model')
```

Bases: *File*

Class for the ogs RESTART file, if the DIS_TYPE in IC is set to RESTART.

Parameters

- **variables** (*list of str*, optional) – List of variable names. Default: None
- **data** (*numpy.ndarray*, optional) – RFR data. 2D array, where the first dimension is the number of variables. Default: None
- **units** (*list of str*, optional) – List of units for the occurring variables. Can be None. OGS5 ignores them anyway. Default: None
- **headers** (*str or None, optional*) – First four lines of the RFR file. If None, a standard header is written. Default: None
- **name** (*str, optional*) – File name for the RFR file. If None, the task_id is used. Default: None
- **file_ext** (*str*, optional) – extension of the file (with leading dot “.rfr”) Default: “.rfr”
- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+“ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

First line (ignored):

- #0#0#0#1#100000#0... (don’t ask why)

Second line (ignored):

- 1 1 4 (don’t ask why)

Third line (information about Variables):

- (No. of Var.) (No of data of 1. Var) (No of data of 2. Var) ...
- 1 1 (example: 1 Variable with 1 component)
- 2 1 1 (example: 2 Variables with 1 component each)
- only 1 scalar per Variable allowed (bug in OGS5). See: <https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/issues/151>

Fourth line (Variable names and units):

- (Name1), (Unit1), (Name2), (Unit2), ...
- units are ignored

Data (multiple lines):

- (index) (Var1data1) .. (Var1dataN1) (Var2data1) .. (Var2dataN2) ...

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/ic

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_ic_new.cpp#L932

Attributes

`data`

Data in the RFR file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

`units`

List of variable-units in the RFR file.

`var_count`

Count of variables in the RFR file (line 3).

`var_info`

Infos about variables and units in the RFR file (line 4).

`variables`

List of variables in the RFR file.

Methods

<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the external geometry definition is valid.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Write the actual RFR input file to the given folder.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual RFR external file in the given path.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **`path` (`str`)** – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **`symlink` (`bool, optional`)** – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`check(verbose=True)`

Check if the external geometry definition is valid.

In the sense, that the contained data is consistent.

Parameters

`verbose` (`bool, optional`) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

`result` – Validity of the given gli.

Return type

`bool`

`del_copy_link()`

Remove a former given link to an external file.

`get_file_type()`

Get the OGS file class name.

`read_file(path, encoding=None, verbose=False)`

Write the actual RFR input file to the given folder.

`reset()`

Delete every content.

`save(path, **kwargs)`

Save the actual RFR external file in the given path.

Parameters

`path (str)` – path to where to file should be saved

`write_file()`

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

`property data`

Data in the RFR file.

`property file_name`

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

`property file_path`

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

`property force_writing`

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

`property is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`property name`

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

`property units`

List of variable-units in the RFR file.

`property var_count`

Count of variables in the RFR file (line 3).

`property var_info`

Infos about variables and units in the RFR file (line 4).

property variables

List of variables in the RFR file.

ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs KINETRIC REACTION file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- MICROBE_PROPERTIES
- REACTION
- BLOB_PROPERTIES
- KINREACTIONDATA

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- MICROBE_PROPERTIES
 - MICROBENAME
 - _drmc__PARAMETERS
 - MONOD_REACTION_NAME
- REACTION
 - NAME
 - TYPE
 - BACTERIANAME
 - EQUATION
 - RATECONSTANT
 - GROWTH
 - MONODTERMS
 - THRESHHOLDTERMS
 - INHIBITIONTERMS
 - PRODUCTIONTERMS
 - PRODUCTIONSTOCH
 - BACTERIAL_YIELD
 - ISOTOPE_FRACTIONATION
 - BACTERIA_SPECIFIC_CAPACITY
 - TEMPERATURE_DEPENDENCE
 - _drmc_
 - STANDARD_GIBBS_ENERGY
 - EXCHANGE_PARAMETERS

- SORPTION_TYPE
- NAPL_PROPERTIES
- REACTION_ORDER
- MINERALNAME
- CHEMAPPNAME
- EQUILIBRIUM_CONSTANT
- RATE_EXPONENTS
- REACTIVE_SURFACE_AREA
- PRECIPITATION_BY_BASETERM_ONLY
- PRECIPITATION_FACTOR
- PRECIPITATION_EXPONENT
- BASETERM
- MECHANISMTERM
- SWITCH_OFF_GEOMETRY
- BLOB_PROPERTIES
 - NAME
 - D50
 - DM
 - DS
 - UI
 - NAPL_CONTENT_INI
 - NAPL_CONTENT_RES
 - GRAIN_SPHERE_RATIO
 - TORTUOSITY
 - LENGTH
 - CALC_SHERWOOD
 - CALC_SHERWOOD_MODIFIED
 - SHERWOOD_MODEL
 - GEOMETRY
 - GAS DISSOLUTION
 - INTERFACIAL_AREA
- KINREACTIONDATA
 - SOLVER_TYPE
 - RELATIVE_ERROR
 - MIN_TIMESTEP
 - INITIAL_TIMESTEP
 - BACTERIACAPACITY
 - MIN_BACTERIACONC
 - MIN_CONCENTRATION_REPLACE

- SURFACES
- ALLOW_REACTIONS
- NO_REACTIONS
- COPY_CONCENTRATIONS
- LAGNEAU_BENCHMARK
- SCALE_DCDT
- SORT_NODES
- OMEGA_THRESHOLD
- REACTION_DEACTIVATION
- DEBUG_OUTPUT
- ACTIVITY_MODEL

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/krc

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_kinreact.cpp

MICROBE_PROPERTIES :

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_kinreact.cpp#L232

REACTION :

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_kinreact.cpp#L1549

BLOB_PROPERTIES :

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_kinreact.cpp#L2622

KINREACTIONDATA :

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_kinreact.cpp#L3185

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check(verbose)</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index (int or None, optional)** – Positional index, where to insert the given Block.
As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key (string, optional)** – Main keyword of the block that should be added
(see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block (keyword dict)** – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and
the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block
should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main key-
word as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None*, *del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving.
Default: *True*

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: **MKEYS**) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: **SUBKEY=content**

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['MICROBE_PROPERTIES', 'REACTION', 'BLOB_PROPERTIES', 'KINREACTIONDATA']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

```
SKEYS = [['MICROBENAME', '_drmc__PARAMETERS', 'MONOD_REACTION_NAME'], ['NAME', 'TYPE', 'BACTERIANAME', 'EQUATION', 'RATECONSTANT', 'GROWTH', 'MONODTERMS', 'THRESHHOLDTERMS', 'INHIBITIONTERMS', 'PRODUCTIONTERMS', 'PRODUCTIONSTOCH', 'BACTERIAL_YIELD', 'ISOTOPE_FRACTIONATION', 'BACTERIA_SPECIFIC_CAPACITY', 'TEMPERATURE_DEPENDENCE', '_drmc_', 'STANDARD_GIBBS_ENERGY', 'EXCHANGE_PARAMETERS', 'SORPTION_TYPE', 'NAPL_PROPERTIES', 'REACTION_ORDER', 'MINERALNAME', 'CHEMAPPNAME', 'EQUILIBRIUM_CONSTANT', 'RATE_EXPONENTS', 'REACTIVE_SURFACE_AREA', 'PRECIPITATION_BY_BASETERM_ONLY', 'PRECIPITATION_FACTOR', 'PRECIPITATION_EXPONENT', 'BASETERM', 'MECHANISMTERM', 'SWITCH_OFF_GEOMETRY'], ['NAME', 'D50', 'DM', 'DS', 'UI', 'NAPL_CONTENT_INI', 'NAPL_CONTENT_RES', 'GRAIN_SPHERE_RATIO', 'TORTUOSITY', 'LENGTH', 'CALC_SHERWOOD', 'CALC_SHERWOOD_MODIFIED', 'SHERWOOD_MODEL', 'GEOMETRY', 'GAS DISSOLUTION', 'INTERFACIAL_AREA'], ['SOLVER_TYPE', 'RELATIVE_ERROR', 'MIN_TIMESTEP', 'INITIAL_TIMESTEP', 'BACTERIACAPACITY', 'MIN_BACTERIACONC', 'MIN_CONCENTRATION_REPLACE', 'SURFACES', 'ALLOW_REACTIONS', 'NO_REACTIONS', 'COPY_CONCENTRATIONS', 'LAGNEAU_BENCHMARK', 'SCALE_DCDT', 'SORT_NODES', 'OMEGA_THRESHOLD', 'REACTION_DEACTIVATION', 'DEBUG_OUTPUT', 'ACTIVITY_MODEL', 'REALATIVE_ERROR', 'MAX_TIMESTEP']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

STD = {}

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

bool

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

str

ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs COMPONENT_PROPERTIES file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes**Main-Keywords (#):**

- COMPONENT_PROPERTIES

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- COMPONENT_PROPERTIES
 - ACENTRIC_FACTOR
 - A_ZERO
 - BUBBLE_VELOCITY
 - CRITICAL_PRESSURE
 - CRITICAL_TEMPERATURE
 - DECAY
 - DIFFUSION
 - FLUID_ID
 - FLUID_PHASE
 - FORMULA
 - ISOTHERM
 - MAXIMUM_AQUEOUS_SOLUBILITY
 - MINERAL_DENSITY
 - MOBILE
 - MOLAR_DENSITY
 - MOLAR_VOLUME
 - MOLAR_WEIGHT
 - MOL_MASS
 - NAME
 - OutputMassOfComponentInModel
 - TRANSPORT_PHASE
 - VALENCE
 - VOLUME_DIFFUSION

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/mcp

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rfmat_cp.cpp#L269

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes**`block_no`**

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

$SUBKEY2
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True***)**

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.

- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: None
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: None
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['COMPONENT_PROPERTIES']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type**list**

```
SKEYS = [['NAME', 'FORMULA', 'MOBILE', 'TRANSPORT_PHASE', 'FLUID_PHASE',
'MOL_MASS', 'CRITICAL_PRESSURE', 'CRITICAL_TEMPERATURE', 'ACENTRIC_FACTOR',
'FLUID_ID', 'MOLAR_VOLUME', 'VOLUME_DIFFUSION', 'MINERAL_DENSITY', 'DIFFUSION',
'DECAY', 'ISOTHERM', 'BUBBLE_VELOCITY', 'MOLAR_DENSITY', 'MOLAR_WEIGHT',
'MAXIMUM_AQUEOUS_SOLUBILITY', 'OutputMassOfComponentInModel', 'VALENCE',
'A_ZERO', 'CRITICAL_VOLUME', 'CRITICAL_DENSITY', 'COMP_CAPACITY',
'COMP_CONDUCTIVITY', 'SOLUTE', 'MOLECULAR_WEIGHT']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type**list****STD = {}**

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type**dict****property block_no**

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type**str****property file_path**

save path of the file.

Type**str****property force_writing**

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type**bool****property is_empty**

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type**str**

ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs FLUID PROPERTY file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- FLUID_PROPERTIES

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- FLUID_PROPERTIES
 - COMPONENTS
 - COMPRESSIBILITY
 - DAT_TYPE
 - DECAY
 - DENSITY
 - DIFFUSION
 - DRHO_DT_UNSATURATED
 - EOS_TYPE
 - FLUID_NAME
 - FLUID_TYPE
 - GRAVITY
 - HEAT_CONDUCTIVITY
 - ISOTHERM
 - JTC
 - NON_GRAVITY
 - PHASE_DIFFUSION
 - SPECIFIC_HEAT_CAPACITY
 - SPECIFIC_HEAT_SOURCE
 - TEMPERATURE
 - VISCOSITY

Standard block:

FLUID_TYPE
“LIQUID”

DENSITY
[1, 1.0e+03]

VISCOSITY

[1, 1.0e-03]

Keyword documentation:https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/mfp**Reading routines:**https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_mfp_new.cpp#L140**See also:**[add_block](#)**Attributes****`block_no`**

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name``str`: base name of the file with extension.**`file_path`**`str`: save path of the file.**`force_writing`**`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.**`is_empty`**

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name``str`: name of the file without extension.**Methods**

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1

content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2

content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

`check(verbose=True)`

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

`bool`

`del_block(index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_content(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_copy_link()`

Remove a former given link to an external file.

`del_main_keyword(main_index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_sub_keyword(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.

- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: None
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: None
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['FLUID_PROPERTIES']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

SKEYS = [['FLUID_TYPE', 'COMPONENTS', 'FLUID_NAME', 'EOS_TYPE',
'COMPRESSIBILITY', 'JTC', 'DAT_TYPE', 'NON_GRAVITY', 'DRHO_DT_UNSATURATED',
'DENSITY', 'TEMPERATURE', 'VISCOSITY', 'SPECIFIC_HEAT_CAPACITY',
'SPECIFIC_HEAT_CONDUCTIVITY', 'HEAT_CAPACITY', 'HEAT_CONDUCTIVITY',
'PHASE_DIFFUSION', 'DIFFUSION', 'DECAY', 'ISOTHERM', 'GRAVITY',
'SPECIFIC_HEAT_SOURCE', 'PCS_TYPE', 'THERMAL']]

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

STD = {'DENSITY': [1, 1000.0], 'FLUID_TYPE': 'LIQUID', 'VISCOSITY': [1, 0.001]}

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

`dict`

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs MEDIUM_PROPERTIES file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- MEDIUM_PROPERTIES

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- MEDIUM_PROPERTIES
 - CAPILLARY_PRESSURE
 - CHANNEL
 - COMPOUND_DEPENDENT_DT
 - CONDUCTIVITY_MODEL
 - CONVERSION_FACTOR
 - DATA
 - DIFFUSION
 - DIS_TYPE
 - ELEMENT_VOLUME_MULTIPLYER
 - EVAPORATION
 - FLOWLINEARITY
 - GEOMETRY_AREA
 - GEOMETRY_DIMENSION
 - GEOMETRY_INCLINATION
 - GEO_TYPE
 - HEAT_DISPERSION
 - HEAT_TRANSFER
 - INTERPHASE_FRICTION
 - MASS_DISPERSION
 - MMP_TYPE
 - MSH_TYPE
 - NAME
 - ORGANIC_CARBON
 - PARTICLE_DIAMETER
 - PCS_TYPE

- PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_DEFORMATION
- PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_EFFSTRESS
- PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_POROSITY
- PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_PRESSURE
- PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_STRAIN
- PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_STRESS
- PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_VELOCITY
- PERMEABILITY_SATURATION
- PERMEABILITY_TENSOR
- PERMEABILITY_DISTRIBUTION
- POROSITY
- POROSITY_DISTRIBUTION
- RILL
- SPECIFIC_STORAGE
- STORAGE
- STORAGE_FUNCTION_EFFSTRESS
- SURFACE_FRICTION
- TORTUOSITY
- TRANSFER_COEFFICIENT
- UNCONFINED
- VOL_BIO
- VOL_MAT
- WIDTH

Standard block:

```
GEOMETRY_DIMENSION
2,
STORAGE
[1, 1.0e-4],
PERMEABILITY_TENSOR
["ISOTROPIC", 1.0e-4],
POROSITY
[1, 0.2]
```

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/mmp

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_mmp_new.cpp#L281

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

`block_no`

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)`

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

`#MAIN_KEY`

`$SUBKEY1`

content1 ...

`$SUBKEY2`

content2 ...

which looks like the following:

`FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)`

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: `MKEYS`) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: `SUBKEY=content`

`add_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None)`

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None, **block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

`bool`

`del_block(index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_content(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_copy_link()`

Remove a former given link to an external file.

`del_main_keyword(main_index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_sub_keyword(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

`get_block(index=None, as_dict=True)`

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None

- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state if you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: **MKEYS**) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: **SUBKEY=content**

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['MEDIUM_PROPERTIES']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

```
SKEYS = [['PCS_TYPE', 'NAME', 'GEO_TYPE', 'GEOMETRY_DIMENSION',
'GEOMETRY_INCLINATION', 'GEOMETRY_AREA', 'POROSITY', 'VOL_MAT', 'VOL_BIO',
'TORTUOSITY', 'FLOWLINEARITY', 'ORGANIC_CARBON', 'STORAGE', 'CONDUCTIVITY_MODEL',
'UNCONFINED', 'PERMEABILITY_TENSOR', 'PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_DEFORMATION',
'PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_STRAIN', 'PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_PRESSURE',
'PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_SATURATION', 'PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_STRESS',
'PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_EFFSTRESS', 'PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_VELOCITY',
'PERMEABILITY_FUNCTION_POROSITY', 'CAPILLARY_PRESSURE', 'TRANSFER_COEFFICIENT',
'SPECIFIC_STORAGE', 'STORAGE_FUNCTION_EFFSTRESS', 'MASS_DISPERSION',
'COMPOUND_DEPENDENT_DT', 'HEAT_DISPERSION', 'DIFFUSION', 'EVAPORATION',
'SURFACE_FRICTION', 'WIDTH', 'RILL', 'CHANNEL', 'PERMEABILITY_DISTRIBUTION',
'POROSITY_DISTRIBUTION', 'HEAT_TRANSFER', 'PARTICLE_DIAMETER',
'INTERPHASE_FRICTION', 'ELEMENT_VOLUME_MULTIPLIER', 'MEDIUM_TYPE', 'DENSITY']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type
list

```
STD = {'GEOMETRY_DIMENSION': 2, 'PERMEABILITY_TENSOR': ['ISOTROPIC', 0.0001],
'POROSITY': [1, 0.2], 'STORAGE': [1, 0.0001]}
```

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type
dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type
str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type
str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type
bool

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type
str

ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD(name=None, file_ext='mpd', **OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED file.

Parameters

- **name** (*str, optional*) – File name for the MPD file. If None, the task_id is used.
Default: None
- **file_ext** (*str, optional*) – extension of the file (with leading dot “.mpd”) Default: “.mpd”
- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED
 - MSH_TYPE
 - MMP_TYPE
 - DIS_TYPE
 - CONVERSION_FACTOR
 - DATA

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/mmp

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_mmp_new.cpp#L5706

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

name

`str`: name of the file without extension.

top_com

Top comment is ‘None’ for the MPD file.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)`

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block.
As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added
(see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and
the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block

should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*, *line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path*, *symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None, **block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1  
content1 ...  
  
$SUBKEY2  
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(index=None)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(path, encoding=None, verbose=False)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(path, **kwargs)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving.
Default: *True*

update_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: **MKEYS**) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: **SUBKEY=content**

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

SKEYS = [['MSH_TYPE', 'MMP_TYPE', 'DIS_TYPE', 'CONVERSION_FACTOR', 'DATA']]

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

STD = {}

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

`dict`

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

property top_com

Top comment is ‘None’ for the MPD file.

ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH(mesh_list=None, **OGS_Config)
```

Bases: MSHsgl

Class for a multi layer mesh file that contains multiple '#FEM_MSH' Blocks.

Parameters

- **mesh_list** (*list of dict or None, optional*) – each dictionary contains one '#FEM_MSH' block of the mesh file with the following information (sorted by keys):

mesh_data

[dict] dictionary containing information about

- AXISYMMETRY (bool)
- CROSS_SECTION (bool)
- PCS_TYPE (str)
- GEO_TYPE (str)
- GEO_NAME (str)
- LAYER (int)

nodes

[ndarray] Array with all node postions

elements

[dict] contains nodelists for elements sorted by element types

material_id

[dict] contains material ids for each element sorted by element types

element_id

[dict] contains element ids for each element sorted by element types

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+"ogs5model"
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: "model"

Attributes

AXISYMMETRY

bool: AXISYMMETRY attribute.

CROSS_SECTION

bool: CROSS_SECTION attribute.

ELEMENTS

Get and set the ELEMENTS of the mesh.

ELEMENT_ID

Get and set the ELEMENT_IDS of the mesh.

ELEMENT_NO

int: number of ELEMENTS.

ELEMENT_TYPES

set: ELEMENT types of the mesh.

GEO_NAME

str: GEO_NAME.

GEO_TYPE

str: GEO_TYPE.

LAYER

int: LAYER.

MATERIAL_ID

Get and set the MATERIAL_IDs of the mesh.

MATERIAL_ID_flat

Get flat version of the MATERIAL_IDs of the mesh.

NODES

ndarray: (n,3) NODES of the mesh by its xyz-coordinates.

NODE_NO

int: number of NODES.

PCS_TYPE

str: PCS_TYPE.

block

int: The actual block to access in the file.

block_no

int: The number of blocks in the file.

center

Get the mesh center.

centroids

Get the centroids of the mesh.

centroids_flat

Get flat version of the centroids of the mesh.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

node_centroids

Get the node centroids of the mesh.

node_centroids_flat

Get flat version of the node centroids of the mesh.

volumes

Get the volumes of the mesh-elements.

volumes_flat

Get flat version of the volumes of the mesh-elements.

Methods

<code>__call__()</code>	Get a copy of the underlying dictionary.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the mesh is valid.
<code>combine_mesh(ext_mesh, **kwargs)</code>	Combine this mesh with an external mesh.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>export_mesh(filepath[, verbose])</code>	Export the mesh to an unstructured mesh in different file-formats.
<code>generate([generator])</code>	Use a mesh-generator from the generator module.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>import_mesh(filepath, **kwargs)</code>	Import an external unstructured mesh from different file-formats.
<code>load(filepath, **kwargs)</code>	Load an OGS5 mesh from file.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Load an OGS5 mesh from file.
<code>remove_dim(remove)</code>	Remove elements by given dimensions from a mesh.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>rotate(angle[, rotation_axis, rotation_point])</code>	Rotate a given mesh around a given rotation axis with a given angle.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the mesh to an OGS5 mesh file.
<code>set_dict(mesh_dict)</code>	Set an mesh as returned by tools methods or generators.
<code>set_material_id([material_id, element_id, ...])</code>	Set material IDs by the corresponding element IDs.
<code>shift(vector)</code>	Shift a given mesh with a given vector.
<code>show([show_cell_data, show_material_id, ...])</code>	Display the mesh colored by its material ID.
<code>swap_axis([axis1, axis2])</code>	Swap axis of the coordinate system.
<code>transform(xyz_func, **kwargs)</code>	Transform a given mesh with a given function "xyz_func".
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`__call__()`

Get a copy of the underlying dictionary.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`check(verbose=True)`

Check if the mesh is valid.

Checked in the sense, that the contained data is consistent. Checks for correct element definitions or Node duplicates are not carried out.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given mesh.

Return type

bool

combine_mesh(ext_mesh, **kwargs)

Combine this mesh with an external mesh.

The node list will be updated to eliminate duplicates. Element intersections are not checked. kwargs will be forwarded to “tools.combine”

Parameters

- **ext_mesh** (*mesh, dict or file*) – This is the mesh that should be added to the existing one.
- **decimals** (*int, optional*) – Number of decimal places to round the nodes to (default: 3). This will not round the output, it is just for comparison of the node vectors.
- **fast** (*bool, optional*) – If fast is True, the vector comparison is executed by a decimal comparison. If fast is False, all pairwise distances are calculated. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

export_mesh(filepath, verbose=False, **kwargs)

Export the mesh to an unstructured mesh in different file-formats.

kwargs will be forwarded to “tools.export_mesh”

Parameters

- **filepath** (*string*) – path to the file to export
- **file_format** (*str, optional*) – Here you can specify the fileformat. If ‘None’ it will be determined by file extension. Default: None
- **export_material_id** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can specify if the material_id should be exported. Default: True
- **export_element_id** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can specify if the element_id should be exported. Default: True
- **cell_data_by_id** (*ndarray or dict, optional*) – Here you can specify additional element data sorted by their IDs. It can be a dictionary with data-name as key and the ndarray as value. Default: None
- **point_data** (*ndarray or dict, optional*) – Here you can specify additional point data sorted by their IDs. It can be a dictionary with data-name as key and the ndarray as value. Default: None
- **field_data** (*ndarray or dict, optional*) – Here you can specify additional field data of the mesh. It can be a dictionary with data-name as key and the ndarray as value. Default: None

Notes

This routine calls the ‘write’ function from the meshio package and converts the input (see here: <https://github.com/nschloe/meshio>)

generate(generator='rectangular', **kwargs)

Use a mesh-generator from the generator module.

See: [ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator](#)

Parameters

- **generator** (*str*) – set the generator from the generator module
- ****kwargs** – kwargs will be forwarded to the generator in use

Notes

The following generators are available:

<code>rectangular([dim, mesh_origin, element_no, ...])</code>	Generate a rectangular grid in 2D or 3D.
<code>radial([dim, mesh_origin, angles, rad, z_arr])</code>	Generate a radial grid in 2D or 3D.
<code>grid_adapter2D([out_dim, in_dim, out_res, ...])</code>	Generate a grid adapter.
<code>grid_adapter3D([out_dim, in_dim, z_dim, ...])</code>	Generate a grid adapter.
<code>block_adapter3D([xy_dim, z_dim, in_res])</code>	Generate a block adapter.
<code>gmsh(geo_object[, import_dim])</code>	Generate mesh from gmsh code or gmsh .geo file.

`get_file_type()`

Get the OGS file class name.

`import_mesh(filepath, **kwargs)`

Import an external unstructured mesh from different file-formats.

kwargs will be forwarded to “tools.import_mesh”

Parameters

- **filepath** (*string or meshio.Mesh instance*) – mesh to import
- **file_format** (*str, optional*) – Here you can specify the fileformat. If ‘None’ it will be determined by file extension. Default: None
- **ignore_unknown** (*bool, optional*) – Unknown data in the file will be ignored. Default: False
- **import_dim** (*iterable of int, optional*) – State which elements should be imported by dimensionality. Can be used to sort out unneeded elements for example from gmsh. Default: (1, 2, 3)

Notes

This routine calls the ‘read’ function from the meshio package and converts the output (see here: <https://github.com/nschloe/meshio>) If there is any “vertex” (0D element) in the element data, it will be removed.

`load(filepath, **kwargs)`

Load an OGS5 mesh from file.

kwargs will be forwarded to “tools.load_ogs5msh”

Parameters

- **filepath** (*string*) – path to the ‘*.msh’ OGS5 mesh file to load
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: True
- **ignore_unknown** (*bool, optional*) – Unknown data in the file will be ignored. Default: False
- **max_node_no** (*int, optional*) – If you know the maximal node number per elements in the mesh file, you can optimise the reading a bit. By default the algorithm will assume hexahedrons as ‘largest’ elements in the mesh. Default: 8

- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If `None` is given, the system standard is used. Default: `None`

Notes

The `$AREA` keyword within the Nodes definition is NOT supported and will violate the read data if present.

`read_file(path, encoding=None, verbose=False)`

Load an OGS5 mesh from file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the ‘*.msh’ OGS5 mesh file to load
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If `None` is given, the system standard is used. Default: `None`
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: `True`

`remove_dim(remove)`

Remove elements by given dimensions from a mesh.

Parameters

- remove** (*iterable of int or single int*) – State which elements should be removed by dimensionality (1, 2, 3).

`reset()`

Delete every content.

`rotate(angle, rotation_axis=(0.0, 0.0, 1.0), rotation_point=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0))`

Rotate a given mesh around a given rotation axis with a given angle.

Parameters

- **angle** (*float*) – rotation angle given in radial length
- **rotation_axis** (*array_like, optional*) – Array containing the vector for rotation axis. Default: (0,0,1)
- **rotation_point** (*array_like, optional*) – Vector of the rotation base point. Default:(0,0,0)

`save(path, **kwargs)`

Save the mesh to an OGS5 mesh file.

`kwargs` will be forwarded to “`tools.save_ogs5msh`”

Parameters

- **path** (*string*) – path to the ‘*.msh’ OGS5 mesh file to save
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the writing process. Default: `True`

`set_dict(mesh_dict)`

Set an mesh as returned by tools methods or generators.

Mesh will be checked for validity.

Parameters

- mesh_dict** (*dict or None, optional*) – Contains one ‘#FEM_MSH’ block of an OGS5 mesh file with the following information (sorted by keys):

`mesh_data`

[`dict`] dictionary containing information about

- `AXISYMMETRY` (`bool`)

- CROSS_SECTION (bool)
- PCS_TYPE (str)
- GEO_TYPE (str)
- GEO_NAME (str)
- LAYER (int)

nodes

[ndarray] Array with all node postions

elements

[dict] contains nodelists for elements sorted by element types

material_id

[dict] contains material ids for each element sorted by types

element_id

[dict] contains element ids for each element sorted by types

set_material_id(*material_id*=0, *element_id*=None, *element_mask*=None)

Set material IDs by the corresponding element IDs.

Parameters

- **material_id** (*int* or ndarray, optional) – The new material IDs. Either one value or an array. Default: 0
- **element_id** (*ndarray or None, optional*) – The corresponding element IDs, where to set the material IDs. If None, all elements are assumed and the material IDs are added by their index. Default: None
- **element_mask** (*ndarray or None, optional*) – Instead of the element IDs, one can specify a mask to select the element IDs. Default: None

shift(*vector*)

Shift a given mesh with a given vector.

Parameters

vector (*ndarray*) – array containing the shifting vector

show(*show_cell_data*=None, *show_material_id*=False, *show_element_id*=False, *log_scale*=False)

Display the mesh colored by its material ID.

Parameters

- **show_cell_data** (*ndarray or dict, optional*) – Here you can specify additional element/cell data sorted by their IDs. It can be a dictionary with data-name as key and the ndarray as value. Default: None
- **show_material_id** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can specify if the material_id should be shown. Default: False
- **show_element_id** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can specify if the element_id should be shown. Default: False
- **log_scale** (*bool, optional*) – State if the cell_data should be shown in log scale. Default: False

Notes

This routine needs “mayavi” to display the mesh. (see here: <https://github.com/enthought/mayavi>)

swap_axis(axis1='y', axis2='z')

Swap axis of the coordinate system.

Parameters

- **axis1** (**str** or **int**, optional) – First selected Axis. Either in [“x”, “y”, “z”] or in [0, 1, 2]. Default: “y”
- **axis2** (**str** or **int**, optional) – Second selected Axis. Either in [“x”, “y”, “z”] or in [0, 1, 2]. Default: “z”

transform(xyz_func, **kwargs)

Transform a given mesh with a given function “xyz_func”.

kwargs will be forwarded to “xyz_func”.

Parameters

xyz_func (*function*) – the function transforming the points: **x_new**, **y_new**, **z_new**
= $f(x_{old}, y_{old}, z_{old}, \text{**kwargs})$

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

property AXISYMMETRY

AXISYMMETRY attribute.

Type**bool****property CROSS_SECTION**

CROSS_SECTION attribute.

Type**bool****property ELEMENTS**

Get and set the ELEMENTS of the mesh.

Notes**Type**

[dict of ndarrays] The elements are a dictionary sorted by their element-type

“line”

[ndarray of shape (n_line,2)] 1D element with 2 nodes

“tri”

[ndarray of shape (n_tri,3)] 2D element with 3 nodes

“quad”

[ndarray of shape (n_quad,4)] 2D element with 4 nodes

“tet”

[ndarray of shape (n_tet,4)] 3D element with 4 nodes

“pyra”

[ndarray of shape (n_pyra,5)] 3D element with 5 nodes

“pris”

[ndarray of shape (n_pris,6)] 3D element with 6 nodes

“hex”[ndarray of shape (n_hex,8)] 3D element with 8 nodes

property ELEMENT_ID

Get and set the ELEMENT_IDs of the mesh.

Standard element id order is given by:

“line” “tri” “quad” “tet” “pyra” “pris” “hex”

Notes

Type

[dict of ndarrays] The element IDs are a dictionary containing ints sorted by their element-type

“line”

[ndarray of shape (n_line,)] 1D element with 2 nodes

“tri”

[ndarray of shape (n_tri,)] 2D element with 3 nodes

“quad”

[ndarray of shape (n_quad,)] 2D element with 4 nodes

“tet”

[ndarray of shape (n_tet,)] 3D element with 4 nodes

“pyra”

[ndarray of shape (n_pyra,)] 3D element with 5 nodes

“pris”

[ndarray of shape (n_pris,)] 3D element with 6 nodes

“hex”

[ndarray of shape (n_hex,)] 3D element with 8 nodes

property ELEMENT_NO

number of ELEMENTS.

Type

int

property ELEMENT_TYPES

ELEMENT types of the mesh.

Type

set

property GEO_NAME

GEO_NAME.

Type

str

property GEO_TYPE

GEO_TYPE.

Type

str

property LAYER

LAYER.

Type

int

property MATERIAL_ID

Get and set the MATERIAL_IDs of the mesh.

Notes**Type**

[dict of ndarrays] The material IDs are a dictionary containing ints sorted by their element-type

“line”

[ndarray of shape (n_line,)] 1D element with 2 nodes

“tri”

[ndarray of shape (n_tri,)] 2D element with 3 nodes

“quad”

[ndarray of shape (n_quad,)] 2D element with 4 nodes

“tet”

[ndarray of shape (n_tet,)] 3D element with 4 nodes

“pyra”

[ndarray of shape (n_pyra,)] 3D element with 5 nodes

“pris”

[ndarray of shape (n_pris,)] 3D element with 6 nodes

“hex”

[ndarray of shape (n_hex,)] 3D element with 8 nodes

property MATERIAL_ID_flat

Get flat version of the MATERIAL_IDs of the mesh.

See “mesh.MATERIAL_ID” This flattend MATERIAL_IDs are a stacked version of MATERIAL_ID, to get one continous array. They are stacked in order of the ELEMENT_IDs. Standard stack order is given by:

“line” “tri” “quad” “tet” “pyra” “pris” “hex”

Notes**Type**

[ndarray] The centroids are a list containing xyz-coordiantes

property NODES

(n,3) NODES of the mesh by its xyz-coordinates.

Type

ndarray

property NODE_NO

number of NODES.

Type

int

property PCS_TYPE

PCS_TYPE.

Type

str

property block

The actual block to access in the file.

Type

`int`

property block_no

The number of blocks in the file.

Type

`int`

property center

Get the mesh center.

property centroids

Get the centroids of the mesh.

Notes

Type

[dict of ndarrays] The centroids are a dictionary containing xyz-coordinates sorted by their element-type

“line”

[ndarray of shape (n_line,3)] 1D element with 2 nodes

“tri”

[ndarray of shape (n_tri,3)] 2D element with 3 nodes

“quad”

[ndarray of shape (n_quad,3)] 2D element with 4 nodes

“tet”

[ndarray of shape (n_tet,3)] 3D element with 4 nodes

“pyra”

[ndarray of shape (n_pyra,3)] 3D element with 5 nodes

“pris”

[ndarray of shape (n_pris,3)] 3D element with 6 nodes

“hex”

[ndarray of shape (n_hex,3)] 3D element with 8 nodes

property centroids_flat

Get flat version of the centroids of the mesh.

See the “mesh.get_centroids” method. This flattened centroids are a stacked version of centroids, to get one continuous array. They are stacked in order of the element ids. Standard stack order is given by:

“line” “tri” “quad” “tet” “pyra” “pris” “hex”

Notes

Type

[ndarray] The centroids are a list containing xyz-coordinates

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type`str`**property force_writing**

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type`bool`**property is_empty**

State if file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type`str`**property node_centroids**

Get the node centroids of the mesh.

Notes**Type**

[dict of ndarrays] The centroids are a dictionary containing xyz-coordinates sorted by their element-type

“line”

[ndarray of shape (n_line,3)] 1D element with 2 nodes

“tri”

[ndarray of shape (n_tri,3)] 2D element with 3 nodes

“quad”

[ndarray of shape (n_quad,3)] 2D element with 4 nodes

“tet”

[ndarray of shape (n_tet,3)] 3D element with 4 nodes

“pyra”

[ndarray of shape (n_pyra,3)] 3D element with 5 nodes

“pris”

[ndarray of shape (n_pris,3)] 3D element with 6 nodes

“hex”

[ndarray of shape (n_hex,3)] 3D element with 8 nodes

property node_centroids_flat

Get flat version of the node centroids of the mesh.

See the “mesh.get_centroids” method. This flattened centroids are a stacked version of centroids, to get one continuous array. They are stacked in order of the element ids. Standard stack order is given by:

“line” “tri” “quad” “tet” “pyra” “pris” “hex”

Notes**Type**

[ndarray] The centroids are a list containing xyz-coordinates

property volumes

Get the volumes of the mesh-elements.

Notes

Type

[dict of ndarrays] The volumes are a dictionary containing the n-dimension volumes sorted by their element-type

“line”

[ndarray of shape (n_line,3)] 1D element with 2 nodes

“tri”

[ndarray of shape (n_tri,3)] 2D element with 3 nodes

“quad”

[ndarray of shape (n_quad,3)] 2D element with 4 nodes

“tet”

[ndarray of shape (n_tet,3)] 3D element with 4 nodes

“pyra”

[ndarray of shape (n_pyra,3)] 3D element with 5 nodes

“pris”

[ndarray of shape (n_pris,3)] 3D element with 6 nodes

“hex”

[ndarray of shape (n_hex,3)] 3D element with 8 nodes

property volumes_flat

Get flat version of the volumes of the mesh-elements.

This flattend volumes are a stacked version of centroids, to get one continous array. They are stacked in order of the element ids. Standard stack order is given by:

“line” “tri” “quad” “tet” “pyra” “pris” “hex”

Notes

Type

[ndarray] The volumes are a list containing the n-dimensional element volume

ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs SOLID_PROPERTIES file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes**Main-Keywords (#):**

- SOLID_PROPERTIES

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- SOLID_PROPERTIES
 - BIOT_CONSTANT
 - CREEP
 - DENSITY
 - ELASTICITY
 - EXCAVATION
 - E_Function
 - GRAVITY_CONSTANT
 - MICRO_STRUCTURE_PLAS
 - NAME
 - NON_REACTIVE_FRACTION
 - PLASTICITY
 - REACTIVE_SYSTEM
 - SOLID_BULK_MODULUS
 - SPECIFIC_HEAT_SOURCE
 - STRESS_INTEGRATION_TOLERANCE
 - STRESS_UNIT
 - SWELLING_PRESSURE_TYPE
 - THERMAL
 - THRESHOLD_DEV_STR
 - TIME_DEPENDENT_YOUNGS_POISSON

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/msp

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_msp_new.cpp#L65

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes**`block_no`**

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)`

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

$SUBKEY2
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block.
As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added
(see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and
the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block
should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main key-
word as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single state-
ments
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the
sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the
content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be
added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected
to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target
folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link
to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key, main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None, **block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

`FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)`

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.

- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

- verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

- result** – Validity of the given file.

Return type

- bool**

del_block(*index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: None
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: None
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['SOLID_PROPERTIES']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type**list**

```
SKEYS = [['NAME', 'SWELLING_PRESSURE_TYPE', 'DENSITY', 'THERMAL', 'ELASTICITY',
'EXCAVATION', 'E_Function', 'TIME_DEPENDENT_YOUNGS_POISSON', 'CREEP',
'THRESHOLD_DEV_STR', 'BIOT_CONSTANT', 'SOLID_BULK_MODULUS',
'STRESS_INTEGRATION_TOLERANCE', 'STRESS_UNIT', 'GRAVITY_CONSTANT',
'GRAVITY_RAMP', 'PLASTICITY', 'REACTIVE_SYSTEM', 'NON_REACTIVE_FRACTION',
'SPECIFIC_HEAT_SOURCE', 'ENTHALPY_CORRECTION_REFERENCE_TEMPERATURE',
'MICRO_STRUCTURE_PLAS']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type**list****STD = {}**

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type**dict****property block_no**

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type**str****property file_path**

save path of the file.

Type**str****property force_writing**

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type**bool****property is_empty**

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type**str**

ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM

class `ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM(**OGS_Config)`

Bases: `BlockFile`

Class for the ogs NUMERICS file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- NUMERICS

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- NUMERICS
 - COUPLED_PROCESS
 - COUPLING_CONTROL
 - COUPLING_ITERATIONS
 - DYNAMIC_DAMPING
 - ELE_GAUSS_POINTS
 - ELE_MASS_LUMPING
 - ELE_SUPG
 - ELE_UPWINDING
 - EXTERNAL_SOLVER_OPTION
 - FEM_FCT
 - GRAVITY_PROFILE
 - LINEAR_SOLVER
 - LOCAL_PICARD
 - NON_LINEAR_ITERATION
 - NON_LINEAR_SOLVER
 - NON_LINEAR_UPDATE_VELOCITY
 - OVERALL_COUPLING
 - PCS_TYPE
 - PLASTICITY_TOLERANCE
 - RENUMBER

Standard block:

PCS_TYPE
“GROUNDWATER_FLOW”

LINEAR_SOLVER
[2, 5, 1.0e-14, 1000, 1.0, 100, 4]

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/num

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_num_new.cpp#L346

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes**`block_no`**

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1

content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2

content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

`check(verbose=True)`

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

`bool`

`del_block(index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_content(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_copy_link()`

Remove a former given link to an external file.

`del_main_keyword(main_index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_sub_keyword(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.

- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: None
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: None
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['NUMERICS']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

```
SKEYS = [['PCS_TYPE', 'RENUMBER', 'PLASTICITY_TOLERANCE', 'NON_LINEAR_ITERATION',
'NON_LINEAR_SOLVER', 'LINEAR_SOLVER', 'OVERALL_COUPLING', 'COUPLING_ITERATIONS',
'COUPLING_CONTROL', 'COUPLED_PROCESS', 'EXTERNAL_SOLVER_OPTION',
'ELE_GAUSS_POINTS', 'ELE_MASS_LUMPING', 'ELE_UPWINDING', 'ELE_SUPG',
'GRAVITY_PROFILE', 'DYNAMIC_DAMPING', 'LOCAL_PICARD1',
'NON_LINEAR_UPDATE_VELOCITY', 'FEM_FCT', 'NEWTON_DAMPING',
'ADDITIONAL_NEWTON_TOLERANCES', 'REACTION_SCALING', 'METHOD']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

```
STD = {'LINEAR_SOLVER': [2, 5, 1e-14, 1000, 1.0, 100, 4], 'PCS_TYPE':
'GROUNDWATER_FLOW'}
```

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

`dict`

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs OUTPUT file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- OUTPUT
- VERSION

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- OUTPUT
 - NOD_VALUES
 - PCON_VALUES
 - ELE_VALUES
 - RWPT_VALUES
 - GEO_TYPE
 - TIM_TYPE
 - DAT_TYPE
 - VARIABLESHARING
 - AMPLIFIER
 - PCS_TYPE
 - DIS_TYPE
 - MSH_TYPE
 - MMP_VALUES
 - MFP_VALUES
 - TECPLOT_ZONE_SHARE
 - TECPLOT_ELEMENT_OUTPUT_CELL_CENTERED
 - TECPLOT_ZONES_FOR_MG
- VERSION

(content directly related to the main-keyword)

Standard block:

NOD_VALUES
“HEAD”

GEO_TYPE
“DOMAIN”

DAT_TYPE
“PVD”

TIM_TYPE
[“STEPS”, 1]

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/out

Reading routines:

<https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/Output.cpp#L194>

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_out_new.cpp

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check(verbose)</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index (int or None, optional)** – Positional index, where to insert the given Block.
As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key (string, optional)** – Main keyword of the block that should be added
(see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block (keyword dict)** – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and
the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block
should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main key-
word as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None*, *del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path*, *encoding=None*, *verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path*, ***kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving.
Default: *True*

update_block(*index=None*, *main_key=None*, ***block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: **MKEYS**) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: **SUBKEY=content**

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = `['OUTPUT', 'VERSION']`

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

SKEYS = `[['NOD_VALUES', 'PCON_VALUES', 'ELE_VALUES', 'RWPT_VALUES', 'GEO_TYPE', 'TIM_TYPE', 'DAT_TYPE', 'VARIABLESHARING', 'AMPLIFIER', 'PCS_TYPE', 'DIS_TYPE', 'MSH_TYPE', 'MMP_VALUES', 'MFP_VALUES', 'TECPLOT_ZONE_SHARE', 'TECPLOT_ELEMENT_OUTPUT_CELL_CENTERED', 'TECPLOT_ZONES_FOR_MG'], ['']]`

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

STD = `{'DAT_TYPE': 'PVD', 'GEO_TYPE': 'DOMAIN', 'NOD_VALUES': 'HEAD', 'TIM_TYPE': ['STEPS', 1]}`

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

`dict`

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs PROCESS file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- PROCESS

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- PROCESS
 - APP_TYPE
 - BOUNDARY_CONDITION_OUTPUT
 - COUNT
 - CPL_TYPE
 - DEACTIVATED_SUBDOMAIN
 - DISSOLVED_CO2_INGAS_PCS_NAME
 - DISSOLVED_CO2_PCS_NAME
 - TEMPERATURE_UNIT
 - ELEMENT_MATRIX_OUTPUT
 - GEO_TYPE
 - MEDIUM_TYPE
 - MEMORY_TYPE
 - MSH_TYPE
 - NEGLECT_H_INI_EFFECT
 - NUM_TYPE
 - OutputMassOfGasInModel
 - PCS_TYPE
 - PHASE_TRANSITION
 - PRIMARY_VARIABLE
 - PROCESSED_BC
 - RELOAD
 - SATURATION_SWITCH
 - SAVE_ECLIPSE_DATA_FILES
 - SIMULATOR
 - SIMULATOR_MODEL_PATH

- SIMULATOR_PATH
- SIMULATOR_WELL_PATH
- ST_RHS
- TIME_CONTROLLED_EXCAVATION
- TIM_TYPE
- UPDATE_INI_STATE
- USE_PRECALCULATED_FILES
- USE_VELOCITIES_FOR_TRANSPORT

Standard block:

```
PCS_TYPE
    "GROUNDWATER_FLOW"

NUM_TYPE
    "NEW"
```

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/pcs

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_pcs.cpp#L1803

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

block_no
Number of blocks in the file.

file_name
str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path
str: save path of the file.

force_writing
bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty
State if the OGS file is empty.

name
str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check(verbose)</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block.
As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added
(see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and
the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block
should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main key-
word as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None*, *del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(path, encoding=None, verbose=False)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(path, **kwargs)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving.
Default: True

update_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: **MKEYS**) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: **SUBKEY=content**

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['PROCESS']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

```
SKEYS = [['PCS_TYPE', 'NUM_TYPE', 'CPL_TYPE', 'TIM_TYPE', 'APP_TYPE', 'COUNT',
'PRIMARY_VARIABLE', 'TEMPERATURE_UNIT', 'ELEMENT_MATRIX_OUTPUT',
'BOUNDARY_CONDITION_OUTPUT', 'OutputMass0fGasInModel', 'ST_RHS', 'PROCESSED_BC',
'MEMORY_TYPE', 'RELOAD', 'DEACTIVATED_SUBDOMAIN', 'MSH_TYPE', 'MEDIUM_TYPE',
'SATURATION_SWITCH', 'USE_VELOCITIES_FOR_TRANSPORT', 'SIMULATOR',
'SIMULATOR_PATH', 'SIMULATOR_MODEL_PATH', 'USE_PRECALCULATED_FILES',
'SAVE_ECLIPSE_DATA_FILES', 'SIMULATOR_WELL_PATH', 'PHASE_TRANSITION',
'DISSOLVED_CO2_PCS_NAME', 'DISSOLVED_CO2_INGAS_PCS_NAME',
'TIME_CONTROLLED_EXCAVATION', 'NEGLECT_H_INI_EFFECT', 'UPDATE_INI_STATE',
'CONSTANT']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

```
STD = {'NUM_TYPE': 'NEW', 'PCS_TYPE': 'GROUNDWATER_FLOW'}
```

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

bool

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

str

ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT(data=None, s_flag=1, task_root=None, task_id='model')
```

Bases: *File*

Class for the ogs Particle file, if the PCS TYPE is RANDOM_WALK.

Parameters

- **data** (*np.array or None*) – particle data. Default: None
- **s_flag** (*int, optional*) – 1 for same pseudo-random series, 0 for different pseudo-random series. Default: 1
- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str; optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Attributes

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<i>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</i>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<i>check([verbose])</i>	Check if the external geometry definition is valid.
<i>del_copy_link()</i>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<i>get_file_type()</i>	Get the OGS file class name.
<i>read_file(path, **kwargs)</i>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.
<i>reset()</i>	Delete every content.
<i>save(path)</i>	Save the actual PCT external file in the given path.
<i>write_file()</i>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

check(verbose=True)

Check if the external geometry definition is valid.

In the sense, that the contained data is consistent.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given gli.

Return type

`bool`

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

read_file(path, **kwargs)

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

reset()

Delete every content.

save(path)

Save the actual PCT external file in the given path.

Parameters

path (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: `LineFile`

Class for the ogs PHREEQC interface file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

This is just handled as a line-wise file. You can access the data by line with:

`PQC.lines`

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/pqc

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_react.cpp#L2136

Attributes

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

`bool`: state if the file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given text-file is valid.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path)</code>	Save the actual line-wise file in the given path.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`check(verbose=True)`

Check if the given text-file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

`bool`

`del_copy_link()`

Remove a former given link to an external file.

`get_file_type()`

Get the OGS file class name.

`read_file(path, encoding=None, verbose=False)`

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If `None` is given, the system standard is used. Default: `None`
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

`reset()`

Delete every content.

`save(path)`

Save the actual line-wise file in the given path.

Parameters

path (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved

`write_file()`

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

`property file_name`

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

`property file_path`

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

`property force_writing`

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

state if the file is empty.

Type

`bool`

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *LineFile*

Class for the ogs PHREEQC dat file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

This is just handled as a line-wise file. You can access the data by line with:

```
PQCdat.lines
```

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/pqc

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_react.cpp#L2136

Attributes

file_name

str: base name of the file with extension.

file_path

str: save path of the file.

force_writing

bool: state if the file is written even if empty.

is_empty

bool: state if the file is empty.

name

str: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given text-file is valid.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path)</code>	Save the actual line-wise file in the given path.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given text-file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path*)

Save the actual line-wise file in the given path.

Parameters

path (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

bool

property is_empty

state if the file is empty.

Type

`bool`

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.REI

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.REI(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs REACTION_INTERFACE file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes**Main-Keywords (#):**

- REACTION_INTERFACE

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- REACTION_INTERFACE
 - ALL_PCS_DUMP
 - DISSOLVED_NEUTRAL_CO2_SPECIES_NAME
 - HEATPUMP_2DH_TO_2DV
 - INITIAL_CONDITION_OUTPUT
 - MOL_PER
 - PCS_RENAME_INIT
 - PCS_RENAME_POST
 - PCS_RENAME_PRE
 - POROSITY_RESTART
 - PRESSURE
 - P_VLE
 - RESIDUAL
 - SODIUM_SPECIES_NAME
 - SOLID_SPECIES_DUMP_MOLES
 - TEMPERATURE
 - UPDATE_INITIAL_SOLID_COMPOSITION
 - VLE
 - WATER_CONCENTRATION
 - WATER_SATURATION_LIMIT
 - WATER_SPECIES_NAME

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/rei

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_react_int.cpp#L173

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes**`block_no`**

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)`

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

$SUBKEY2
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block.
As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added
(see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and
the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block
should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main key-
word as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single state-
ments
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the
sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the
content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be
added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected
to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target
folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link
to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key, main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None, **block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.

- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

- verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

- result** – Validity of the given file.

Return type

- bool**

del_block(*index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: None
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: None
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['REACTION_INTERFACE']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type`list`

```
SKEYS = [['MOL_PER', 'WATER_CONCENTRATION', 'WATER_SPECIES_NAME',
'DISSOLVED_NEUTRAL_CO2_SPECIES_NAME', 'SODIUM_SPECIES_NAME', 'PRESSURE',
'TEMPERATURE', 'WATER_SATURATION_LIMIT', 'RESIDUAL', 'SOLID_SPECIES_DUMP_MOLES',
'ALL_PCS_DUMP', 'INITIAL_CONDITION_OUTPUT', 'UPDATE_INITIAL_SOLID_COMPOSITION',
'VLE', 'P_VLE', 'POROSITY_RESTART', 'HEATPUMP_2DH_TO_2DV', 'PCS_RENAME_INIT',
'PCS_RENAME_PRE', 'PCS_RENAME_POST', 'CONSTANT_PRESSURE',
'CONSTANT_TEMPERATURE']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type`list`**STD = {}**

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type`dict`**property block_no**

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type`str`**property file_path**

save path of the file.

Type`str`**property force_writing**

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type`bool`**property is_empty**

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD

class `ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD(**OGS_Config)`

Bases: `BlockFile`

Class for the ogs USER DEFINED TIME CURVES file.

Parameters

- `task_root` (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- `task_id` (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- PROJECT
- CURVE
- CURVES

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

(no sub-keywords)

Standard block:

None

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/rfd

Reading routines:

<https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/files0.cpp#L370>

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes

`block_no`

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check(verbose)</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index (int or None, optional)** – Positional index, where to insert the given Block.
As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key (string, optional)** – Main keyword of the block that should be added
(see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block (keyword dict)** – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and
the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block
should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main key-
word as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

`add_copy_link(path, symlink=False)`

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

`add_main_keyword(key, main_index=None)`

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

`add_multi_content(content, main_index=None, sub_index=None)`

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, ***block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None*, *del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: *False*

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving.
Default: *True*

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: **MKEYS**) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: **SUBKEY=content**

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

```
MKEYS = ['PROJECT', 'CURVE', 'CURVES', 'RENUMBER',
'ITERATION_PROPERTIES_CONCENTRATION', 'REFERENCE_CONDITIONS',
'APRIORI_REFINE_ELEMENT']
```

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

```
SKEYS = [[''], ['', '', ['', '', ['', '', ['', ''']]]]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

```
STD = {}
```

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

`dict`

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

`str`

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

`str`

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

`bool`

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.ST

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.ST(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs SOURCE_TERM file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- SOURCE_TERM

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- SOURCE_TERM
 - AIR_BREAKING
 - CHANNEL
 - COMP_NAME
 - CONSTRAINED
 - DISTRIBUTE_VOLUME_FLUX
 - EPSILON
 - DIS_TYPE
 - EXPLICIT_SURFACE_WATER_PRESSURE
 - FCT_TYPE
 - GEO_TYPE
 - MSH_TYPE
 - NEGLECT_SURFACE_WATER_PRESSURE
 - NODE_AVERAGING
 - PCS_TYPE
 - PRIMARY_VARIABLE
 - TIME_INTERPOLATION
 - TIM_TYPE

Standard block:

```
PCS_TYPE
“GROUNDWATER_FLOW”

PRIMARY_VARIABLE
“HEAD”

GEO_TYPE
[“POINT”, “WELL”]

DIS_TYPE
[“CONSTANT_NEUMANN”, -1.0e-03]
```

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/st

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_st_new.cpp#L221

See also:

[add_block](#)

Attributes**`block_no`**

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check([verbose])</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

add_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

$SUBKEY2
content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key*, *main_index=None*, *sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None*, *block*)**

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1
content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2
content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True***)**

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

bool

del_block(*index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

del_content(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

del_copy_link()

Remove a former given link to an external file.

del_main_keyword(*main_index=None, del_all=False*)

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

del_sub_keyword(*main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False*)

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.

- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

get_block(*index=None, as_dict=True*)

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state of you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: None
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: MKEYS) This shouldn't be done. Default: None
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['SOURCE_TERM']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type`list`

```
SKEYS = [['PCS_TYPE', 'PRIMARY_VARIABLE', 'COMP_NAME', 'GEO_TYPE', 'EPSILON',
'DIS_TYPE', 'NODE_AVERAGING', 'DISTRIBUTE_VOLUME_FLUX',
'NEGLECT_SURFACE_WATER_PRESSURE', 'EXPLICIT_SURFACE_WATER_PRESSURE', 'CHANNEL',
'AIR_BREAKING', 'TIM_TYPE', 'TIME_INTERPOLATION', 'FCT_TYPE', 'MSH_TYPE',
'CONSTRAINED']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type`list`

```
STD = {'DIS_TYPE': [['CONSTANT_NEUMANN', -0.001]], 'GEO_TYPE': [['POINT',
'WELL']], 'PCS_TYPE': 'GROUNDWATER_FLOW', 'PRIMARY_VARIABLE': 'HEAD'}
```

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type`dict`**property block_no**

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type`str`**property file_path**

save path of the file.

Type`str`**property force_writing**

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type`bool`**property is_empty**

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type`str`

ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM

```
class ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM(**OGS_Config)
```

Bases: *BlockFile*

Class for the ogs TIME_STEPPING file.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str, optional*) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- **task_id** (*str, optional*) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”

Notes

Main-Keywords (#):

- TIME_STEPPING

Sub-Keywords (\$) per Main-Keyword:

- TIME_STEPPING
 - CRITICAL_TIME
 - INDEPENDENT
 - PCS_TYPE
 - SUBSTEPS
 - TIME_CONTROL
 - TIME_END
 - TIME_FIXED_POINTS
 - TIME_SPLITS
 - TIME_START
 - TIME_STEPS
 - TIME_UNIT

Standard block:

```
PCS_TYPE
    "GROUNDWATER_FLOW"

TIME_START
    0

TIME_END
    1000

TIME_STEPS
    [10, 100]
```

Keyword documentation:

https://ogs5-keywords.netlify.com/ogs/wiki/public/doc-auto/by_ext/tim

Reading routines:

https://github.com/ufz/ogs5/blob/master/FEM/rf_tim_new.cpp#L161

See also:

add_block

Attributes

`block_no`

Number of blocks in the file.

`file_name`

`str`: base name of the file with extension.

`file_path`

`str`: save path of the file.

`force_writing`

`bool`: state if the file is written even if empty.

`is_empty`

State if the OGS file is empty.

`name`

`str`: name of the file without extension.

Methods

<code>add_block([index, main_key])</code>	Add a new Block to the actual file.
<code>add_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add single-line content to the actual file.
<code>add_copy_link(path[, symlink])</code>	Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.
<code>add_main_keyword(key[, main_index])</code>	Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.
<code>add_multi_content(content[, main_index, ...])</code>	Add multiple content to the actual file.
<code>add_sub_keyword(key[, main_index, sub_index])</code>	Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.
<code>append_to_block([index])</code>	Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.
<code>check(verbose)</code>	Check if the given file is valid.
<code>del_block([index, del_all])</code>	Delete a block by its index.
<code>del_content([main_index, sub_index, ...])</code>	Delete content by its position.
<code>del_copy_link()</code>	Remove a former given link to an external file.
<code>del_main_keyword([main_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.
<code>del_sub_keyword([main_index, sub_index, del_all])</code>	Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.
<code>get_block([index, as_dict])</code>	Get a Block from the actual file.
<code>get_block_no()</code>	Get the number of blocks in the file.
<code>get_file_type()</code>	Get the OGS file class name.
<code>get_multi_keys([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>is_block_unique([index])</code>	State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.
<code>read_file(path[, encoding, verbose])</code>	Read an existing OGS input file.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>save(path, **kwargs)</code>	Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.
<code>update_block([index, main_key])</code>	Update a Block from the actual file.
<code>write_file()</code>	Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

`add_block(index=None, main_key=None, **block)`

Add a new Block to the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

\$SUBKEY1

content1 ...

\$SUBKEY2

content2 ...

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.add_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be added (see: MKEYS) Default: the first main keyword of the file-type
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

add_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None, line_index=None*)

Add single-line content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing one line of content given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new line of content should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_copy_link(*path, symlink=False*)

Add a link to copy a file instead of writing.

Instead of writing a file, you can give a path to an existing file, that will be copied/linked to the target folder.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be copied
- **symlink** (*bool, optional*) – on UNIX systems it is possible to use a symbolic link to save time if the file is big. Default: False

add_main_keyword(*key, main_index=None*)

Add a new main keyword (#key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new main keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

add_multi_content(*content, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add multiple content to the actual file.

Parameters

- **content** (*list*) – list containing lines of content, each given as a list of single statements
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be added. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the content is not added.

The content will be added at the end of the actual subkeyword.

If no sub keyword is present, a blank one ("") will be added and the content is then directly connected to the actual main keyword.

add_sub_keyword(*key, main_index=None, sub_index=None*)

Add a new sub keyword (\$key) to the actual file.

Parameters

- **key** (*string*) – key name
- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be added. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – position, where the new sub keyword should be added between the existing ones. As default, it is placed at the end.

Notes

There needs to be at least one main keyword, otherwise the subkeyword is not added.

append_to_block(*index=None, **block*)

Append data to an existing Block in the actual file.

Keywords are the sub keywords of the actual file type:

#MAIN_KEY

```
$SUBKEY1
    content1 ...
```

```
$SUBKEY2
    content2 ...
```

which looks like the following:

```
FILE.append_to_block(SUBKEY1=content1, SUBKEY2=content2)
```

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index, where to insert the given Block. As default, it will be added at the end. Default: None.
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: SUBKEY=content

check(*verbose=True*)

Check if the given file is valid.

Parameters

verbose (*bool, optional*) – Print information for the executed checks. Default: True

Returns

result – Validity of the given file.

Return type

`bool`

`del_block(index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a block by its index.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all blocks shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_content(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, line_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete content by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **sub_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding sub keyword where the content should be deleted. As default, the last sub keyword is taken.
- **line_index** (*int, optional*) – position of the content line, that should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all content shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_copy_link()`

Remove a former given link to an external file.

`del_main_keyword(main_index=None, del_all=False)`

Delete a main keyword (#key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – position, which main keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all main keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

`del_sub_keyword(main_index=-1, sub_index=-1, del_all=False)`

Delete a sub keyword (\$key) by its position.

Parameters

- **main_index** (*int, optional*) – index of the corresponding main keyword where the sub keyword should be deleted. As default, the last main keyword is taken.
- **pos** (*int, optional*) – position, which sub keyword should be deleted. Default: -1
- **del_all** (*bool, optional*) – State, if all sub keywords shall be deleted. Default: False

`get_block(index=None, as_dict=True)`

Get a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is returned. Default: None

- **as_dict** (*bool, optional*) – Here you can state if you want the output as a dictionary, which can be used as key-word-arguments for *add_block*. If False, you get the main-key, a list of sub-keys and a list of content. Default: True

get_block_no()

Get the number of blocks in the file.

get_file_type()

Get the OGS file class name.

get_multi_keys(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

is_block_unique(*index=None*)

State if a block has a unique set of sub keywords.

read_file(*path, encoding=None, verbose=False*)

Read an existing OGS input file.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to the existing file that should be read
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given file. If *None* is given, the system standard is used. Default: *None*
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False

reset()

Delete every content.

save(*path, **kwargs*)

Save the actual OGS input file in the given path.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path to where to file should be saved
- **update** (*bool, optional*) – state if the content should be updated before saving. Default: True

update_block(*index=None, main_key=None, **block*)

Update a Block from the actual file.

Parameters

- **index** (*int or None, optional*) – Positional index of the block of interest. As default, the last one is used. Default: *None*
- **main_key** (*string, optional*) – Main keyword of the block that should be updated (see: **MKEYS**) This shouldn't be done. Default: *None*
- ****block** (*keyword dict*) – here the dict-keywords are the ogs-subkeywords and the value is the content that should be added with this ogs-subkeyword If a block should contain content directly connected to a main keyword, use this main keyword as input-keyword and the content as value: **SUBKEY=content**

write_file()

Write the actual OGS input file to the given folder.

Its path is given by “task_root+task_id+file_ext”.

MKEYS = ['TIME_STEPPING']

Main Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

`list`

```
SKEYS = [['PCS_TYPE', 'TIME_START', 'TIME_END', 'TIME_UNIT', 'INDEPENDENT',
          'TIME_STEPS', 'TIME_SPLITS', 'CRITICAL_TIME', 'TIME_CONTROL']]
```

Sub Keywords of this OGS-BlockFile

Type

list

```
STD = {'PCS_TYPE': 'GROUNDWATER_FLOW', 'TIME_END': 1000, 'TIME_START': 0,
       'TIME_STEPS': [10, 100]}
```

Standard Block OGS-BlockFile

Type

dict

property block_no

Number of blocks in the file.

property file_name

base name of the file with extension.

Type

str

property file_path

save path of the file.

Type

str

property force_writing

state if the file is written even if empty.

Type

bool

property is_empty

State if the OGS file is empty.

property name

name of the file without extension.

Type

str

ogs5py.reader

ogs5py subpackage providing reader for the ogs5 output.

Reader

<code>readvtk([task_root, task_id, pcs, single_file])</code>	A general reader for OGS vtk outputfiles.
<code>readpvf([task_root, task_id, pcs, single_file])</code>	Read a paraview pvd file.
<code>readtec_point([task_root, task_id, pcs, ...])</code>	Collect TECPLOT point output from OGS5.
<code>readtec_polyline([task_root, task_id, pcs, ...])</code>	Collect TECPLOT polyline output from OGS5.
<code>VTK_ERR</code>	vtkStringOutputWindow - File Specific output window class

ogs5py.reader.readvtk

`ogs5py.reader.readvtk(task_root='.', task_id=None, pcs='ALL', single_file=None)`

A genearal reader for OGS vtk outputfiles.

give a dictionary containing their data

the Filename of the pvd is structured the following way: {task_id}{_PCS}xxxx.vtk thereby the “_PCS” is optional and just present if a PCS_TYPE is specified in the *.out file

Parameters

- **task_root** (*string, optional*) – string containing the path to the directory containing the ogs output Default : “.”
- **task_id** (*string, optional*) – string containing the file name of the ogs task without extension Default : None
- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected Possible values are:
 - None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
 - “NO_PCS”
 - “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
 - “LIQUID_FLOW”
 - “RICHARDS_FLOW”
 - “AIR_FLOW”
 - “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
 - “PS_GLOBAL”
 - “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
 - “DEFORMATION”
 - “MASS_TRANSPORT”
 - “OVERLAND_FLOW”
 - “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
 - “RANDOM_WALK”

You can get a list with all known PCS-types by setting PCS=“ALL” Default : None

- **single_file** (*string or None, optional*) – If you want to read just a single file, you can set the path here. Default : None

Returns

result – keys are the point names and the items are the data from the corresponding files if pcs=“ALL”, the output is a dictionary with the PCS-types as keys

Return type

dict

ogs5py.reader.readpvd

`ogs5py.reader.readpvd(task_root='.', task_id=None, pcs='ALL', single_file=None)`

Read a paraview pvd file.

Convert all concerned files to a dictionary containing their data.

the Filename of the pvd is structured the following way: {task_id}{_{PCS}}.pvd thereby the “_{PCS}” is optional and just present if a PCS_TYPE is specified in the *.out file

Parameters

- **task_root** (*string, optional*) – string containing the path to the directory containing the ogs output Default : “.”
- **task_id** (*string, optional*) – string containing the file name of the ogs task without extension Default : None
- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected Possible values are:
 - None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
 - “NO_PCS”
 - “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
 - “LIQUID_FLOW”
 - “RICHARDS_FLOW”
 - “AIR_FLOW”
 - “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
 - “PS_GLOBAL”
 - “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
 - “DEFORMATION”
 - “MASS_TRANSPORT”
 - “OVERLAND_FLOW”
 - “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
 - “RANDOM_WALK”

You can get a list with all known PCS-types by setting PCS=“ALL” Default : None

- **single_file** (*string or None, optional*) – If you want to read just a single file, you can set the path here. Default : None

Returns

result – keys are the point names and the items are the data from the corresponding files if pcs=“ALL”, the output is a dictionary with the PCS-types as keys

Return type

dict

ogs5py.reader.readtec_point

`ogs5py.reader.readtec_point(task_root='.', task_id=None, pcs='ALL', single_file=None)`

Collect TECPLOT point output from OGS5.

the Filenames are structured the following way: {task_id}_time_{NAME}[_{PCS+extra}].tec thereby the “_{PCS}” is optional and just present if a PCS_TYPE is specified in the *.out file the “extra” will not be recognized and will destroy the search-process

Parameters

- **task_root** (*string, optional*) – string containing the path to the directory containing the ogs output Default : “.”
- **task_id** (*string, optional*) – string containing the file name of the ogs task without extension Default : None
- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected Possible values are:
 - None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
 - “NO_PCS”
 - “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
 - “LIQUID_FLOW”
 - “RICHARDS_FLOW”
 - “AIR_FLOW”
 - “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
 - “PS_GLOBAL”
 - “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
 - “DEFORMATION”
 - “MASS_TRANSPORT”
 - “OVERLAND_FLOW”
 - “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
 - “RANDOM_WALK”

You can get a list with all known PCS-types by setting PCS=”ALL” Default : None

- **single_file** (*string or None, optional*) – If you want to read just a single file, you can set the path here. Default : None

Returns

result – keys are the point names and the items are the data from the corresponding files if pcs=”ALL”, the output is a dictionary with the PCS-types as keys

Return type

`dict`

ogs5py.reader.readtec_polyline

`ogs5py.reader.readtec_polyline(task_root='.', task_id=None, pcs='ALL', single_file=None, trim=True)`

Collect TECPLLOT polyline output from OGS5.

the Filenames are structured the following way: {task_id}_ply_{NAME}_t{ply_id}[_{PCS}].tec thereby the “_PCS” is optional and just present if a PCS_TYPE is specified in the *.out file

Parameters

- **task_root** (*string, optional*) – string containing the path to the directory containing the ogs output Default : “.”
- **task_id** (*string, optional*) – string containing the file name of the ogs task without extension Default : None
- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected Possible values are:
 - None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
 - “NO_PCS”
 - “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
 - “LIQUID_FLOW”
 - “RICHARDS_FLOW”
 - “AIR_FLOW”
 - “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
 - “PS_GLOBAL”
 - “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
 - “DEFORMATION”
 - “MASS_TRANSPORT”
 - “OVERLAND_FLOW”
 - “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
 - “RANDOM_WALK”

You can get a list with all known PCS-types by setting pcs=”ALL” Default : None

- **single_file** (*string or None, optional*) – If you want to read just a single file, you can set the path here. Default : None
- **trim** (*Bool, optional*) – if the ply_ids are not continuous, there will be “None” values in the output list. If trim is “True” these values will be eliminated. If there is just one output for a polyline, the list will be eliminated and the output will be the single dict. Default : True

Returns

result – keys are the Polyline names and the items are lists sorted by the ply_id (it is assumed, that the ply_ids are continuous, if not, the corresponding list entries are “None”) if pcs=”ALL”, the output is a dictionary with the PCS-types as keys

Return type

`dict`

ogs5py.reader.VTK_ERR

```
ogs5py.reader.VTK_ERR =
<vtkmodules.vtkCommonCore.vtkStringOutputWindow(0x55d60a980dd0)>
vtkStringOutputWindow - File Specific output window class
Superclass: vtkOutputWindow
Writes debug/warning/error output to a log file instead of the console. To use this class, instantiate it and
then call SetInstance(this).
```

ogs5py.tools

ogs5py subpackage providing tools.

Subpackages

<code>tools</code>	Tools for the ogs5py package.
<code>script</code>	Script generator for ogs5py.
<code>download</code>	Downloader for ogs5.
<code>output</code>	Tools for ogs5py output files (independent from VTK package).
<code>vtk_viewer</code>	Viewer for a vtk file.
<code>types</code>	type definitions for ogs5

ogs5py.tools.tools

Tools for the ogs5py package.

Classes

<code>Output(file_or_name[, print_log])</code>	A class to duplicate an output stream to stdout.
--	--

ogs5py.tools.tools.Output

```
class ogs5py.tools.tools.Output(file_or_name, print_log=True)
```

Bases: `object`

A class to duplicate an output stream to stdout.

Parameters

- `file_or_name` (*filename or open filehandle (writable)*) – File that will be duplicated
- `print_log` (*bool, optional*) – State if log should be printed. Default: True

Methods

<code>close()</code>	Close the file and restore the channel.
<code>flush()</code>	Flush both channels.
<code>write(data)</code>	Write data to both channels.

`close()`

Close the file and restore the channel.

`flush()`

Flush both channels.

`write(data)`

Write data to both channels.

File related

<code>search_mkey(fin)</code>	Search for the first main keyword in a given file-stream.
<code>uncomment(line)</code>	Remove OGS comments from a given line of an OGS file.
<code>is_key(sline)</code>	Check if the given splitted line is an OGS key.
<code>is_mkey(sline)</code>	Check if the given splitted line is a main key.
<code>is_skey(sline)</code>	Check if the given splitted line is a sub key.
<code>get_key(sline)</code>	Get the key of a splitted line if there is any, else return "".
<code>find_key_in_list(key, key_list)</code>	Look for the right corresponding key in a list.
<code>format_dict(dict_in)</code>	Format the dictionary to use upper-case keys.
<code>format_content(content)</code>	Format the content to be added to a 2D linewise array.
<code>format_content_line(content)</code>	Format a line of content to be a list of values.
<code>guess_type(string)</code>	Guess the type of a value given as string and return it accordingly.
<code>search_task_id(task_root[, search_ext])</code>	Search for OGS model names in the given path.
<code>split_file_path(path[, abs_path])</code>	Decompose a path to a file.
<code>is_str_array(array)</code>	A routine to check if an array contains strings.

ogs5py.tools.tools.search_mkey

`ogs5py.tools.tools.search_mkey(fin)`

Search for the first main keyword in a given file-stream.

Parameters

`fin (stream)` – given opened file

ogs5py.tools.tools.uncomment

`ogs5py.tools.tools.uncomment(line)`

Remove OGS comments from a given line of an OGS file.

Comments are indicated by “;”. The line is then splitted by whitespaces.

Parameters

`line (str)` – given line

ogs5py.tools.tools.is_key

`ogs5py.tools.tools.is_key(sline)`

Check if the given splitted line is an OGS key.

Parameters

`sline (list of str)` – given splitted line

ogs5py.tools.tools.is_mkey

ogs5py.tools.tools.is_mkey(*sline*)

Check if the given splitted line is a main key.

Parameters

sline (*list of str*) – given splitted line

ogs5py.tools.tools.is_skey

ogs5py.tools.tools.is_skey(*sline*)

Check if the given splitted line is a sub key.

Parameters

sline (*list of str*) – given splitted line

ogs5py.tools.tools.get_key

ogs5py.tools.tools.get_key(*sline*)

Get the key of a splitted line if there is any, else return “”.

Parameters

sline (*list of str*) – given splitted line

ogs5py.tools.tools.find_key_in_list

ogs5py.tools.tools.find_key_in_list(*key*, *key_list*)

Look for the right corresponding key in a list.

key has to start with an given key from the list and the longest key will be returned.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*) – Given key.
- **key_list** (*list of str*) – Valid keys to be checked against.

Returns

found_key – The best match. None if nothing was found.

Return type

`str` or `None`

ogs5py.tools.tools.format_dict

ogs5py.tools.tools.format_dict(*dict_in*)

Format the dictionary to use upper-case keys.

Parameters

dict_in (*dict*) – input dictionary

ogs5py.tools.tools.format_content

`ogs5py.tools.tools.format_content(content)`

Format the content to be added to a 2D linewise array.

Parameters

content (*anything*) – Single object, or list of objects, or list of lists of objects.

ogs5py.tools.tools.format_content_line

`ogs5py.tools.tools.format_content_line(content)`

Format a line of content to be a list of values.

Parameters

content (*anything*) – Single object, or list of objects

ogs5py.tools.tools.guess_type

`ogs5py.tools.tools.guess_type(string)`

Guess the type of a value given as string and return it accordingly.

Parameters

string (*str*) – given string containing the value

ogs5py.tools.tools.search_task_id

`ogs5py.tools.tools.search_task_id(task_root, search_ext=None)`

Search for OGS model names in the given path.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str*) – Path to the destiny folder.
- **search_ext** (*str*) – OGS extension that should be searched for. Default: All known.

Returns

found_ids – List of all found task_ids.

Return type

`list of str`

ogs5py.tools.tools.split_file_path

`ogs5py.tools.tools.split_file_path(path, abs_path=False)`

Decompose a path to a file.

Decompose into the dir-path, the basename and the file-extension.

Parameters

- **path** (*string*) – string containing the path to a file
- **abs_path** (*bool, optional*) – convert the path to an absolut path. Default: False

Returns

result – tuple containing the dir-path, basename and file-extension

Return type

`tuple of strings`

ogs5py.tools.tools.is_str_array

`ogs5py.tools.tools.is_str_array(array)`

A routine to check if an array contains strings.

Parameters

`array (iterable)` – array to check

Return type

`bool`

Geometric tools

<code>rotate_points(points, angle[, ...])</code>	Rotate points around a given rotation point and axis with a given angle.
<code>shift_points(points, vector)</code>	Shift points with a given vector.
<code>transform_points(points, xyz_func, **kwargs)</code>	Transform points with a given function "xyz_func".
<code>hull_deform(x_in, y_in, z_in[, niv_top, ...])</code>	Providing a transformation function to deform a given mesh.
<code>rotation_matrix(vector, angle)</code>	Create a rotation matrix.
<code>volume(typ, *pnt)</code>	Volume of a OGS5 Meshelement.
<code>centroid(typ, *pnt)</code>	Centroid of a OGS5 Meshelement.

ogs5py.tools.tools.rotate_points

`ogs5py.tools.tools.rotate_points(points, angle, rotation_axis=(0.0, 0.0, 1.0), rotation_point=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0))`

Rotate points around a given rotation point and axis with a given angle.

Parameters

- **points** (`ndarray`) – Array with all points postions.
- **angle** (`float`) – rotation angle given in radial length
- **rotation_axis** (`array_like, optional`) – Array containing the vector for ratation axis. Default: (0,0,1)
- **rotation_point** (`array_like, optional`) – Array containing the vector for ratation base point. Default: (0,0,0)

Returns

`new_array` – rotated array

Return type

`ndarray`

ogs5py.tools.tools.shift_points

`ogs5py.tools.tools.shift_points(points, vector)`

Shift points with a given vector.

Parameters

- **points** (`ndarray`) – Array with all points postions.
- **vector** (`ndarray`) – array containing the shifting vector

Returns

new_array – shifted array

Return type

ndarray

ogs5py.tools.tools.transform_points

`ogs5py.tools.tools.transform_points(points, xyz_func, **kwargs)`

Transform points with a given function “xyz_func”.

kwargs will be forwarded to “xyz_func”.

Parameters

- **points** (*ndarray*) – Array with all points postions.
- **xyz_func** (*function*) – the function transforming the points $x_{\text{new}}, y_{\text{new}}, z_{\text{new}} = f(x_{\text{old}}, y_{\text{old}}, z_{\text{old}}, \text{**kwargs})$

Returns

new_array – transformed array

Return type

ndarray

ogs5py.tools.tools.hull_deform

`ogs5py.tools.tools.hull_deform(x_in, y_in, z_in, niv_top=10.0, niv_bot=0.0, func_top=None, func_bot=None, direction='z')`

Providing a transformation function to deform a given mesh.

Transformation is in a given direction by a self defined hull-functions $z = \text{func}(x, y)$. Could be used with `transform_mesh` and `transform_points`.

Parameters

- **x_in** (*ndarray*) – Array of the x-positions
- **y_in** (*ndarray*) – Array of the y-positions
- **z_in** (*ndarray*) – Array of the z-positions
- **niv_top** (*float*) – height of the top niveau to be deformed by func_top
- **niv_bot** (*float*) – height of the bottom niveau to be deformed by func_bot
- **func_top** (*function or float*) – function deforming the top niveau: $z_{\text{top}} = \text{func_top}(x, y)$
- **func_bot** (*function or float*) – function deforming the bottom niveau: $z_{\text{bot}} = \text{func_bot}(x, y)$
- **direction** (*string, optional*) – defining the direction of deforming. This direction will be used as z-value. Default: “z”

Returns

x_out, y_out, z_out – transformed arrays

Return type

ndarray

ogs5py.tools.tools.rotation_matrix

`ogs5py.tools.tools.rotation_matrix(vector, angle)`

Create a rotation matrix.

For rotation around a given vector with a given angle.

Parameters

- **vector** (*ndarray*) – array containing the vector for rotation axis
- **angle** (*float*) – rotation angle given in radial length

Returns

result – matrix to be used for matrix multiplication with vectors to be rotated.

Return type

ndarray

ogs5py.tools.tools.volume

`ogs5py.tools.tools.volume(typ, *pnt)`

Volume of a OGS5 Meshelement.

Parameters

- **typ** (*string*) –
OGS5 Meshelement type. Should be one of the following:
 - “line” : 1D element with 2 nodes
 - “tri” : 2D element with 3 nodes
 - “quad” : 2D element with 4 nodes
 - “tet” : 3D element with 4 nodes
 - “pyra” : 3D element with 5 nodes
 - “pris” : 3D element with 6 nodes
 - “hex” : 3D element with 8 nodes
- ***pnt** (Node Coordinates `pnt = (x_0, x_1, ...)`) – List of points defining the Meshelement. A point is given as an (x,y,z) tuple and for each point, there can be a stack of points, if the volume should be calculated for multiple elements of the same type.

Returns

Volume – Array containing the volumes of the give elements.

Return type

ndarray

ogs5py.tools.tools.centroid

`ogs5py.tools.tools.centroid(typ, *pnt)`

Centroid of a OGS5 Meshelement.

Parameters

- **typ** (*string*) –
OGS5 Meshelement type. Should be one of the following:
 - “line” : 1D element with 2 nodes
 - “tri” : 2D element with 3 nodes
 - “quad” : 2D element with 4 nodes
 - “tet” : 3D element with 4 nodes
 - “pyra” : 3D element with 5 nodes
 - “pris” : 3D element with 6 nodes
 - “hex” : 3D element with 8 nodes
- ***pnt** (Node Choordinates `pnt = (x_0, x_1, ...)`) – List of points defining the Meshelement. A point is given as an (x,y,z) tuple and for each point, there can be a stack of points, if the volume should be calculated for multiple elements of the same type.

Returns

`centroid` – Array containing the Centroids of the give elements.

Return type

`ndarray`

Notes

The calculation is performed by geometric decomposition of the elements.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Centroid#By_geometric_decomposition

Array tools

<code>unique_rows(data[, decimals, fast])</code>	Unique made row-data with respect to given precision.
<code>replace(arr, inval, outval)</code>	Replace values of 'arr'.
<code>by_id(array[, ids])</code>	Return a flattend array side-by-side with the array-element ids.
<code>specialrange(val_min, val_max, steps[, typ])</code>	Calculation of special point ranges.
<code>generate_time(time_array[, time_start, ...])</code>	Return a dictionary for the ".tim" file.

ogs5py.tools.tools.unique_rows

`ogs5py.tools.tools.unique_rows(data, decimals=4, fast=True)`

Unique made row-data with respect to given precision.

this is constructed to work best if point-pairs appear. The output is sorted like the input data. data needs to be 2D

Parameters

- **data** (*ndarray*) – 2D array containing the list of vectors that should be made unique
- **decimals** (*int, optional*) – Number of decimal places to round the ‘data’ to (default: 3). If decimals is negative, it specifies the number of positions to the left of the decimal point. This will not round the output, it is just for comparison of the vectors.
- **fast** (*bool, optional*) – If fast is True, the vector comparison is executed by a decimal comparison. If fast is False, all pairwise distances are calculated. Default: True

Returns

- **result** (*ndarray*) – 2D array of unique rows of data
- **ix** (*ndarray*) – index positions of output in input data (data[ix] = result) len(ix) = result.shape[0]
- **ixr** (*ndarray*) – reversed index positions of input in output data (result[ixr] = data) len(ixr) = data.shape[0]

Notes

This routine will preserve the order within the given array as effectively as possible. If you use it with a stack of 2 arrays and the first one is already unique, the resulting array will still have the first array at the beginning.

ogs5py.tools.tools.replace

`ogs5py.tools.tools.replace(arr, inval, outval)`

Replace values of ‘arr’.

Replace values defined in ‘inval’ with values defined in ‘outval’.

Parameters

- **arr** (*ndarray*) – array containing the input data
- **inval** (*ndarray*) – values appearing in ‘arr’ that should be replaced
- **outval** (*ndarray*) – values that should be written in ‘arr’ instead of values in ‘inval’

Returns

result – array of the same shape as ‘arr’ containing the new data

Return type

ndarray

ogs5py.tools.tools.by_id

`ogs5py.tools.tools.by_id(array, ids=None)`

Return a flattend array side-by-side with the array-element ids.

Parameters

- **array** (*array-like*) – Input data. will be flattened.
- **ids** (*None or array-like*) – You can provide specific ids if needed. As default, the array-ids are used. Default: None

Return type

`zipped (id, array) object`

ogs5py.tools.tools.specialrange

`ogs5py.tools.tools.specialrange(val_min, val_max, steps, typ='exp')`

Calculation of special point ranges.

Parameters

- **val_min** (`float`) – Starting value.
- **val_max** (`float`) – Ending value
- **steps** (`int`) – Number of steps.
- **typ** (`str` or `float`, optional) – Setting the kind of range-distribution. One can choose between
 - "exp": for exponential behavior
 - "log": for logarithmic behavior
 - "geo": for geometric behavior
 - "lin": for linear behavior
 - "quad": for quadratic behavior
 - "cub": for cubic behavior
 - `float`: here you can specifi any exponent ("quad" would be equivalent to 2)

Default: "exp"

Returns

Array containing the special range

Return type

`numpy.ndarray`

Examples

```
>>> specialrange(1,10,4)
array([ 1.          ,  2.53034834,  5.23167968, 10.        ])
```

ogs5py.tools.tools.generate_time

`ogs5py.tools.tools.generate_time(time_array, time_start=0, factors=1, is_diff=False)`

Return a dictionary for the “.tim” file.

Parameters

- **time_array** (*array-like*) – Input time. will be flattened. Either time step sizes for each step, (is_diff=True) or an array of time-points.
- **time_start** (*float, optional*) – Starting point for time stepping. Default: 0
- **factors** (*int or array-like, optional*) – Repeating factors for each time step. Default: 1
- **is_diff** (*bool, optional*) – State if the given time array contains only the step size for each step. Default: False

Returns

`dict` – keys: {“TIME_START”, “TIME_END”, “TIME_STEPS”}

Return type

input dict for “.tim”.

ogs5py.tools.script

Script generator for ogs5py.

Generator

<code>gen_script(ogs_class[, script_dir, ...])</code>	Generate a python script for the given model.
---	---

ogs5py.tools.script.gen_script

```
ogs5py.tools.script.gen_script(ogs_class,  
                               script_dir='/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/ogs5py/checkouts/stable/d...  
                               script_name='model.py', ogs_cls_name='model', task_root=None,  
                               task_id=None, output_dir=None, separate_files=None)
```

Generate a python script for the given model.

Parameters

- **ogs_class** (*OGS*) – model class to be converted to a script
- **script_dir** (*str*) – target directory for the script
- **script_name** (*str*) – name for the script file (including .py ending)
- **ogs_cls_name** (*str*) – name of the model in the script
- **task_root** (*str*) – used task_root in the script
- **task_id** (*str*) – used task_id in the script
- **output_dir** (*str*) – used output_dir in the script
- **separate_files** (*list of str or None*) – list of files, that should be written to separate files and then loaded from the script

Notes

This will only create BlockFiles from the script. GLI and MSH files as well as every listed or line-wise file will be stored separately.

Helpers

<code>formater(val)</code>	Format values as string.
<code>get_line(cont_line)</code>	Create content line for the script.
<code>tab(num)</code>	Get tab indentation.
<code>add_block_file(block_file, script[, ...])</code>	Add block-file creation to script.
<code>add_load_file(load_file, script[, ogs_cls_name])</code>	Add a file to be loaded from a script.
<code>add_list_file(list_file, script, typ[, ...])</code>	Add a listed file to be loaded from a script.

ogs5py.tools.script.formater

`ogs5py.tools.script.formater(val)`

Format values as string.

Parameters

`val (value)` – input value to be formatted

ogs5py.tools.script.get_line

`ogs5py.tools.script.get_line(cont_line)`

Create content line for the script.

Parameters

`cont_line (list of values)` – content line from a BlockFile

ogs5py.tools.script.tab

`ogs5py.tools.script.tab(num)`

Get tab indentation.

Parameters

`num (int)` – indentation depth

ogs5py.tools.script.add_block_file

`ogs5py.tools.script.add_block_file(block_file, script, ogs_cls_name='model')`

Add block-file creation to script.

Parameters

- `block_file (BlockFile)` – BlockFile class to be added to the script
- `script (stream)` – given opened file for the script
- `ogs_cls_name (str)` – name of the model within the script

ogs5py.tools.script.add_load_file

`ogs5py.tools.script.add_load_file(load_file, script, ogs_cls_name='model')`

Add a file to be loaded from a script.

Parameters

- `load_file (OGSFile)` – file that should be saved and then loaded from the script
- `script (stream)` – given opened file for the script
- `ogs_cls_name (str)` – name of the model within the script

ogs5py.tools.script.add_list_file

`ogs5py.tools.script.add_list_file(list_file, script, typ, ogs_cls_name='model')`

Add a listed file to be loaded from a script.

Parameters

- **list_file** (*File*) – listed file that should be saved and then loaded from the script
- **script** (*stream*) – given opened file for the script
- **typ** (*str*) – typ of the list file
- **ogs_cls_name** (*str*) – name of the model within the script

ogs5py.tools.download

Downloader for ogs5.

Downloader

A downloading routine to get the OSG5 executable.

<code>download_ogs([version, system, path, name, ...])</code>	Download the OGS5 executable.
<code>add_exe(ogs_exe[, dest_name])</code>	Add an OGS5 exe to <code>OGS5PY_CONFIG</code> .
<code>reset_download()</code>	Reset all downloads in <code>OGS5PY_CONFIG</code> .
<code>OGS5PY_CONFIG</code>	Standard config path for ogs5py.

ogs5py.tools.download.download_ogs

`ogs5py.tools.download.download_ogs(version='5.7', system=None, path='/home/docs/.config/ogs5py', name=None, build=None)`

Download the OGS5 executable.

Parameters

- **version** (`str`, optional) – Version to download (“5.7”, “5.8”, “5.7.1”). Default: “5.7”
- **system** (`str`, optional) – Target system (Linux, Windows, Darwin). Default: `platform.system()`
- **path** (`str`, optional) – Destination path. Default: `OGS5PY_CONFIG`
- **name** (`str`, optional) – Destination file name. Default “ogs[.exe]”
- **build** (`str`, optional) – Only None and “FEM” supported.

Returns

`dest` – If an OGS5 executable was successfully downloaded, the file-path is returned.

Return type

`str`

Notes

There is only an executable on “Darwin” for version “5.7”.

Taken from:

- <https://www.opengeosys.org/ogs-5/>

ogs5py.tools.download.add_exe

`ogs5py.tools.download.add_exe(ogs_exe, dest_name=None)`

Add an OGS5 exe to `OGS5PY_CONFIG`.

Parameters

- **ogs_exe** (`str`) – Path to the ogs executable to be copied.
- **dest_name** (`str`, optional) – Destination file name. Default: basename of `ogs_exe`

Returns

`dest` – If an OGS5 executable was successfully copied, the file-path is returned.

Return type

str

ogs5py.tools.download.reset_download

`ogs5py.tools.download.reset_download()`

Reset all downloads in *OGS5PY_CONFIG*.

ogs5py.tools.download.OGS5PY_CONFIG

`ogs5py.tools.download.OGS5PY_CONFIG = '/home/docs/.config/ogs5py'`

Standard config path for ogs5py.

Type

str

ogs5py.tools.output

Tools for ogs5py output files (independent from VTK package).

Helpers

<code>get_output_files(task_root, task_id[, pcs, ...])</code>	Get a list of output file paths.
<code>readpvd_single(infile)</code>	Read a paraview pvd file.
<code>split_ply_path(infile[, task_id, line_name, ...])</code>	Retrive ogs-infos from filename for tecplot-polyline output.
<code>split_pnt_path(infile[, task_id, pnt_name, ...])</code>	Retrive ogs-infos from filename for tecplot-polyline output.

ogs5py.tools.output.get_output_files

`ogs5py.tools.output.get_output_files(task_root, task_id, pcs=None, typ='VTK', element=None)`

Get a list of output file paths.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*string*) – string containing the path to the directory containing the ogs output
- **task_id** (*string*) – string containing the file name of the ogs task without extension
- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected Possible values are:
 - None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
 - “NO_PCS”
 - “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
 - “LIQUID_FLOW”
 - “RICHARDS_FLOW”
 - “AIR_FLOW”
 - “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
 - “PS_GLOBAL”
 - “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
 - “DEFORMATION”
 - “MASS_TRANSPORT”
 - “OVERLAND_FLOW”
 - “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
 - “RANDOM_WALK”

Default : None

- **typ** (*string, optional*) – Type of the output (“VTK”, “PVD”, “TEC_POINT” or “TEC_POLYLINE”). Default : “VTK”
- **element** (*string or None, optional*) – For tecplot output you can specify the name of the output element. (Point-name or Line-name from GLI file) Default: None

ogs5py.tools.output.readpvd_single

`ogs5py.tools.output.readpvd_single(infile)`

Read a paraview pvf file.

Convert all concerned files to a dictionary containing their data.

ogs5py.tools.output.split_ply_path

`ogs5py.tools.output.split_ply_path(infile, task_id=None, line_name=None, PCS_name=None, split_extra=False)`

Retrive ogs-infos from filename for tecplot-polyline output.

{id}_ply_{line}_t{n}[_{PCS+extra}].tec

ogs5py.tools.output.split_pnt_path

`ogs5py.tools.output.split_pnt_path(infile, task_id=None, pnt_name=None, PCS_name=None, split_extra=False, guess_PCS=False)`

Retrive ogs-infos from filename for tecplot-polyline output.

{id}_time_{pnt}[_{PCS+extra}].tec

ogs5py.tools.vtk_viewer

Viewer for a vtk file.

Viewer

<code>show_vtk(vtkfile[, log_scale])</code>	Display a given mesh colored by its material ID.
---	--

ogs5py.tools.vtk_viewer.show_vtk

`ogs5py.tools.vtk_viewer.show_vtk(vtkfile, log_scale=False)`

Display a given mesh colored by its material ID.

Parameters

- **vtkfile** (`str`) – Path to the vtk/vtu file to show.
- **log_scale** (`bool, optional`) – State if the data should be shown in log scale. Default: False

Notes

This routine needs “mayavi” to display the mesh. (see here: <https://github.com/enthought/mayavi>)

ogs5py.tools.types

type definitions for ogs5

GLI related Constants

<i>EMPTY_GLI</i>	empty gli dict
<i>GLI_KEYS</i>	ogs gli dict keys
<i>GLI_KEY_LIST</i>	gli main keys
<i>EMPTY_PLY</i>	empty ogs gli polyline dict
<i>PLY_KEYS</i>	ogs gli polyline keys
<i>PLY_KEY_LIST</i>	gli polyline keys
<i>PLY_TYPES</i>	gli polyline key types
<i>EMPTY_SRF</i>	empty ogs gli surface dict
<i>SRF_KEYS</i>	ogs gli surface keys
<i>SRF_KEY_LIST</i>	gli surface keys
<i>SRF_TYPES</i>	gli surface key types
<i>EMPTY_VOL</i>	empty ogs gli volume dict
<i>VOL_KEYS</i>	ogs gli volume keys
<i>VOL_KEY_LIST</i>	gli volume keys
<i>VOL_TYPES</i>	gli volume key types

MSH related Constants

<i>EMPTY_MSH</i>	empty mesh dict
<i>MESH_KEYS</i>	ogs mesh dict-keys
<i>MESH_DATA_KEYS</i>	ogs mesh data keys
<i>ELEM_1D</i>	ogs element names
<i>ELEM_2D</i>	ogs element names
<i>ELEM_3D</i>	ogs element names
<i>ELEM_DIM</i>	ogs element names
<i>ELEM_NAMES</i>	ogs element names
<i>ELEM_TYP</i>	type code per element name
<i>ELEM_TYP1D</i>	type code per element name
<i>ELEM_TYP2D</i>	type code per element name
<i>ELEM_TYP3D</i>	type code per element name
<i>VTK_TYP</i>	vtk type codes per element name
<i>MESHIO_NAMES</i>	coresponding element names in meshio
<i>NODE_NO</i>	Node numbers per element name

General Constants

<i>STRTYPE</i>	type: base string type
<i>PCS_TYP</i>	PCS types
<i>PCS_EXT</i>	PCS file extensions with _
<i>PRIM_VAR</i>	primary variables
<i>PRIM_VAR_BY_PCS</i>	primary variables per PCS
<i>OGS_EXT</i>	all ogs file extensions
<i>MULTI_FILES</i>	all ogs files that can occure multiple times

```
ogs5py.tools.types.EMPTY_GLI = {'point_md': None, 'point_names': None, 'points': None, 'polylines': [], 'surfaces': [], 'volumes': []}
```

empty gli dict

Type
dict

```
ogs5py.tools.types.GLI_KEYS = {'point_md', 'point_names', 'points', 'polylines', 'surfaces', 'volumes'}
```

ogs gli dict keys

Type
set

```
ogs5py.tools.types.GLI_KEY_LIST = ['#POINTS', '#POLYLINE', '#SURFACE', '#VOLUME', '#STOP']
```

gli main keys

Type
list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.EMPTY_PLY = {'EPSILON': None, 'ID': None, 'MAT_GROUP': None, 'NAME': None, 'POINTS': None, 'POINT_VECTOR': None, 'TYPE': None}
```

empty ogs gli polyline dict

Type
dict

```
ogs5py.tools.types.PLY_KEYS = {'EPSILON', 'ID', 'MAT_GROUP', 'NAME', 'POINTS', 'POINT_VECTOR', 'TYPE'}
```

ogs gli polyline keys

Type
set

```
ogs5py.tools.types.PLY_KEY_LIST = ['ID', 'NAME', 'TYPE', 'EPSILON', 'MAT_GROUP', 'POINTS', 'POINT_VECTOR']
```

gli polyline keys

Type
list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.PLY_TYPES = [class 'int', class 'str', class 'int', class 'float', class 'int', class 'list', class 'str']
```

gli polyline key types

Type
list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.EMPTY_SRF = {'EPSILON': None, 'ID': None, 'MAT_GROUP': None, 'NAME': None, 'POLYLINES': None, 'TIN': None, 'TYPE': None}
```

empty ogs gli surface dict

Type
dict

```
ogs5py.tools.types.SRF_KEYS = {'EPSILON', 'ID', 'MAT_GROUP', 'NAME', 'POLYLINES', 'TIN', 'TYPE'}
```

ogs gli surface keys

Type
set

```
ogs5py.tools.types.SRF_KEY_LIST = ['ID', 'NAME', 'EPSILON', 'TYPE', 'TIN',
'MAT_GROUP', 'POLYLINES']
```

gli surface keys

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.SRF_TYPES = [<class 'int'>, <class 'str'>, <class 'float'>, <class
'int'>, <class 'str'>, <class 'int'>, <class 'list'>]
```

gli surface key types

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.EMPTY_VOL = {'LAYER': None, 'MAT_GROUP': None, 'NAME': None,
'SURFACES': None, 'TYPE': None}
```

empty ogs gli volume dict

Type

dict

```
ogs5py.tools.types.VOL_KEYS = {'LAYER', 'MAT_GROUP', 'NAME', 'SURFACES', 'TYPE'}
```

ogs gli volume keys

Type

set

```
ogs5py.tools.types.VOL_KEY_LIST = ['NAME', 'TYPE', 'SURFACES', 'MAT_GROUP', 'LAYER']
```

gli volume keys

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.VOL_TYPES = [<class 'str'>, <class 'str'>, <class 'list'>, <class
'str'>, <class 'int'>]
```

gli volume key types

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.EMPTY_MSH = {'element_id': {}, 'elements': {}, 'material_id':
{}, 'mesh_data': {}, 'nodes': array([], shape=(0, 3), dtype=float64)}
```

empty mesh dict

Type

dict

```
ogs5py.tools.types.MESH_KEYS = {'element_id', 'elements', 'material_id', 'mesh_data',
'nodes'}
```

ogs mesh dict-keys

Type

set

```
ogs5py.tools.types.MESH_DATA_KEYS = {'AXISYMMETRY', 'CROSS_SECTION', 'GEO_NAME',
'GEO_TYPE', 'LAYER', 'PCS_TYPE'}
```

ogs mesh data keys

Type

set

```
ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_1D = ['line']
```

ogs element names

```

Type
    set

ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_2D = ['tri', 'quad']
ogs element names

Type
    set

ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_3D = ['tet', 'pyra', 'pris', 'hex']
ogs element names

Type
    set

ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_DIM = [[['line'], ['tri', 'quad'], ['tet', 'pyra', 'pris', 'hex']]]
ogs element names

Type
    list

ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_NAMES = ['line', 'tri', 'quad', 'tet', 'pyra', 'pris', 'hex']
ogs element names

Type
    list

ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_TYP = {0: 'line', 1: 'tri', 2: 'quad', 3: 'tet', 4: 'pyra', 5: 'pris', 6: 'hex', 'line': 0, 'tri': 1, 'quad': 2, 'tet': 3, 'pyra': 4, 'pris': 5, 'hex': 6}
type code per element name

Type
    dict

ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_TYP1D = {0: 'line', 'line': 0}
type code per element name

Type
    dict

ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_TYP2D = {1: 'tri', 2: 'quad', 'tri': 1, 'quad': 2}
type code per element name

Type
    dict

ogs5py.tools.types.ELEM_TYP3D = {3: 'tet', 4: 'pyra', 5: 'pris', 6: 'hex', 'tet': 3, 'pyra': 4, 'pris': 5, 'hex': 6}
type code per element name

Type
    dict

ogs5py.tools.types.VTK_TYP = {3: 'line', 5: 'tri', 9: 'quad', 10: 'tet', 14: 'pyra', 13: 'pris', 12: 'hex', 'line': 3, 'tri': 5, 'quad': 9, 'tet': 10, 'pyra': 14, 'pris': 13, 'hex': 12}
vtk type codes per element name

```

```
ogs5py.tools.types.MESHIO_NAMES = ['line', 'triangle', 'quad', 'tetra', 'pyramid',
'wedge', 'hexahedron']
```

coresponding element names in meshio

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.NODE_NO = {0: 2, 1: 3, 2: 4, 3: 4, 4: 5, 5: 6, 6: 8, 'line': 2,
'tri': 3, 'quad': 4, 'tet': 4, 'pyra': 5, 'pris': 6, 'hex': 8}
```

Node numbers per element name

Type

dict

```
ogs5py.tools.types.SRTYPE = <class 'str'>
```

base string type

Type

type

```
ogs5py.tools.types.PCS_TYP = ['', 'GROUNDWATER_FLOW', 'LIQUID_FLOW', 'RICHARDS_FLOW',
'AIR_FLOW', 'MULTI_PHASE_FLOW', 'PS_GLOBAL', 'HEAT_TRANSPORT', 'DEFORMATION',
'MASS_TRANSPORT', 'OVERLAND_FLOW', 'FLUID_MOMENTUM', 'RANDOM_WALK', 'NO_PCS', 'TNEQ',
'TES', 'DEFORMATION_SINGLEFLOW_MONO', 'MULTI_COMPONENTIAL_FLOW']
```

PCS types

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.PCS_EXT = ['', '_GROUNDWATER_FLOW', '_LIQUID_FLOW',
'_RICHARDS_FLOW', '_AIR_FLOW', '_MULTI_PHASE_FLOW', '_PS_GLOBAL', '_HEAT_TRANSPORT',
'_DEFORMATION', '_MASS_TRANSPORT', '_OVERLAND_FLOW', '_FLUID_MOMENTUM',
'_RANDOM_WALK', '_NO_PCS', '_TNEQ', '_TES', '_DEFORMATION_SINGLEFLOW_MONO',
'_MULTI_COMPONENTIAL_FLOW']
```

PCS file extensions with _

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.PRIM_VAR = [[[], ['HEAD'], ['PRESSURE1'], ['PRESSURE1'],
['PRESSURE1', 'TEMPERATURE1'], ['PRESSURE1', 'PRESSURE2'], ['PRESSURE1', SATURATION2'],
['TEMPERATURE1'], ['DISPLACEMENT_X1', 'DISPLACEMENT_Y1', 'DISPLACEMENT_Z1'], []],
['HEAD'], ['VELOCITY1_X', 'VELOCITY1_Y', 'VELOCITY1_Z'], [], [], [], [], [], []]]
```

primary variables

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.PRIM_VAR_BY_PCS = {'': [], 'AIR_FLOW': ['PRESSURE1',
'TEMPERATURE1'], 'DEFORMATION': ['DISPLACEMENT_X1', 'DISPLACEMENT_Y1',
'DISPLACEMENT_Z1'], 'DEFORMATION_SINGLEFLOW_MONO': [], 'FLUID_MOMENTUM':
['VELOCITY1_X', 'VELOCITY1_Y', 'VELOCITY1_Z'], 'GROUNDWATER_FLOW': ['HEAD'],
'HEAT_TRANSPORT': ['TEMPERATURE1'], 'LIQUID_FLOW': ['PRESSURE1'], 'MASS_TRANSPORT':
[], 'MULTI_COMPONENTIAL_FLOW': [], 'MULTI_PHASE_FLOW': ['PRESSURE1', 'PRESSURE2'],
'NO_PCS': [], 'OVERLAND_FLOW': ['HEAD'], 'PS_GLOBAL': ['PRESSURE1', SATURATION2],
'RANDOM_WALK': [], 'RICHARDS_FLOW': ['PRESSURE1'], 'TES': [], 'TNEQ': []}]
```

primary variables per PCS

Type

dict

```
ogs5py.tools.types.OGS_EXT = ['.msh', '.gli', '.ddc', '.pcs', '.rfd', '.cct', '.fct',
'.bc', '.ic', '.st', '.mmp', '.msp', '.mfp', '.mcp', '.gem', '.krc', '.pqc', '.rei',
'.pct', '.num', '.tim', '.out']
```

all ogs file extensions

Type

list

```
ogs5py.tools.types.MULTI_FILES = ['mpd', 'gli_ext', 'rfr', 'gem_init', 'asc']
```

all ogs files that can occure multiple times

Type

list

3.3 Classes

OGS model Base Class

Class to setup an ogs model

<code>OGS([task_root, task_id, output_dir])</code>	Class for an OGS5 model.
--	--------------------------

ogs5py.OGS

`class ogs5py.OGS(task_root=None, task_id='model', output_dir=None)`

Bases: `object`

Class for an OGS5 model.

In this class everything for an OGS5 model can be specified.

Parameters

- `task_root` (`str`, optional) – Path to the destiny model folder. Default: cwd+”ogs5model”
- `task_id` (`str`, optional) – Name for the ogs task. Default: “model”
- `output_dir` (`str` or `None`, optional) – Path to the output directory. Default: `None`

Notes

The following Classes are present as attributes

`bc`

[Boundary Condition] Information of the Boundary Conditions for the model.

`cct`

[Communication Table] Information of the Communication Table for the model.

`fct`

[Function] Information of the Function definitions for the model.

`gem`

[geochemical thermodynamic modeling coupling] Information of the geochemical thermodynamic modeling coupling for the model.

`gli`

[Geometry] Information of the Geometry for the model.

`ic`

[Initial Condition] Information of the Initial Conditions for the model.

`krc`

[Kinetic Reaction] Information of the Kinetic Reaction for the model.

`mcp`

[reactive components for modelling chemical processes] Information of the reactive components for modelling chemical processes for the model.

`mfp`

[Fluid Properties] Information of the Fluid Properties for the model.

`mmp`

[Medium Properties] Information of the Medium Properties for the model.

`msh`

[Mesh] Information of the Mesh for the model.

msp

[Solid Properties] Information of the Solid Properties for the model.

num

[Settings for the numerical solver] Information of the numerical solver for the model.

out

[Output Settings] Information of the Output Settings for the model.

pcs

[Process settings] Information of the Process settings for the model.

pct

[Particle Definition for Random walk] Information of the Particles defined for Randomwalk setting.

pqc

[Phreqqc coupling (not supported yet)] Information of the Boundary Conditions for the model.

pqdat

[Phreqqc coupling (the phreeqc.dat file)] phreeqc.dat file for the model. (just a line-wise file with no comfort)

rei

[Reaction Interface] Information of the Reaction Interface for the model.

rfd

[definition of time-curves for variing BCs or STs] Information of the time curves for the model.

st

[Source Term] Information of the Source Term for the model.

tim

[Time settings] Information of the Time settings for the model.

Additional**mpd**

[Distributed Properties (list of files)] Information of the Distributed Properties for the model.

gli_ext

[list for external Geometry definition] External definition of surfaces (TIN) or polylines (POINT_VECTOR)

rfr

[list of restart files] RESTART files as defined in the INITIAL_CONDITION

gem_init

[list of GEMS3K input files (lst file)] given as GEMinit classes

asc

[list of ogs ASC files] This file type comes either from .tim .pcs or .gem

copy_files

[list of path-strings] Files that should be copied to the destiny folder.

Attributes***bot_com***

Get and set the bottom comment for the ogs files.

has_output_dir

bool: State if the model has a output directory.

output_dir

str: output directory path of the ogs model.

task_id

`str`: task_id (name) of the ogs model.

task_root

Get and set the task_root path of the ogs model.

top_com

Get and set the top comment for the ogs files.

Methods

<code>add_asc(asc_file)</code>	Method to add a ASC file.
<code>add_copy_file(path)</code>	Method to add an arbitrary file that should be copied.
<code>add_gem_init(gem_init_file)</code>	Method to add a GEMS3K input file.
<code>add_gli_ext(gli_ext_file)</code>	Method to add an external Geometry definition file to the model.
<code>add_mpd(mpd_file)</code>	Method to add an ogs MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED file to the model.
<code>add_rfr(rfr_file)</code>	Method to add an ogs RESTART file to the model.
<code>del_asc([index])</code>	Method to delete a ASC file.
<code>del_copy_file([index])</code>	Method to delete a copy-file.
<code>del_gem_init([index])</code>	Method to delete GEMS3K input file.
<code>del_gli_ext([index])</code>	Method to delete external Geometry file.
<code>del_mpd([index])</code>	Method to delete MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED file.
<code>del_rfr([index])</code>	Method to delete RESTART file.
<code>gen_script([script_dir, script_name, ...])</code>	Generate a python script for the given model.
<code>load_model(task_root[, task_id, ...])</code>	Load an existing OGS5 model.
<code>output_files([pcs, typ, element, output_dir])</code>	Get a list of output file paths.
<code>readpvd([pcs, output_dir])</code>	Read the paraview pvd files of this OGS5 model.
<code>readtec_point([pcs, output_dir])</code>	Collect TECPLOT point output from this OGS5 model.
<code>readtec_polyline([pcs, trim, output_dir])</code>	Collect TECPLOT polyline output from this OGS5 model.
<code>readvtk([pcs, output_dir])</code>	Reader for vtk outputfiles of this OGS5 model.
<code>reset()</code>	Delete every content.
<code>run_model([ogs_exe, ogs_name, print_log, ...])</code>	Run the defined OGS5 model.
<code>write_input()</code>	Method to call all write_file() methods that are initialized.

add_asc(*asc_file*)

Method to add a ASC file.

See ogs5py.ASC for further information

add_copy_file(*path*)

Method to add an arbitrary file that should be copied.

The base-name of the file will be kept and it will be copied to the task-root when the “write” routine is called.

add_gem_init(*gem_init_file*)

Method to add a GEMS3K input file.

This is usually generated by GEM-SELEKTOR.

See ogs5py.GEM and ogs5py.GEMinit for further information

`add_gli_ext(gli_ext_file)`

Method to add an external Geometry definition file to the model.

This is used for TIN definition in SURFACE or POINT_VECTOR definition in POLYLINE in the GLI file.

See ogs5py.GLI for further information

`add_mpd(mpd_file)`

Method to add an ogs MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED file to the model.

This is used for distributed information in the MMP file.

See ogs5py.MPD for further information

`add_rfr(rfr_file)`

Method to add an ogs RESTART file to the model.

This is used for distributed information in the IC file.

See ogs5py.IC for further information

`del_asc(index=None)`

Method to delete a ASC file.

Parameters

`index (int or None, optional)` – The index of the ASC file that should be deleted. If None, all ASC files are deleted. Default: None

`del_copy_file(index=None)`

Method to delete a copy-file.

Parameters

`index (int or None, optional)` – The index of the copy-file that should be deleted. If None, all copy-files are deleted. Default: None

`del_gem_init(index=None)`

Method to delete GEMS3K input file.

Parameters

`index (int or None, optional)` – The index of the GEMS3K file that should be deleted. If None, all GEMS3K files are deleted. Default: None

`del_gli_ext(index=None)`

Method to delete external Geometry file.

Parameters

`index (int or None, optional)` – The index of the external gli file that should be deleted. If None, all external gli files are deleted. Default: None

`del_mpd(index=None)`

Method to delete MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED file.

Parameters

`index (int or None, optional)` – The index of the mpd-file that should be deleted. If None, all mpd-files are deleted. Default: None

`del_rfr(index=None)`

Method to delete RESTART file.

Parameters

`index (int or None, optional)` – The index of the RESTART file that should be deleted. If None, all RESTART files are deleted. Default: None

```
gen_script(script_dir='/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/ogs5py/checkouts/stable/docs/source/ogs_script',
           script_name='model.py', ogs_cls_name='model', task_root=None, task_id=None,
           output_dir=None, separate_files=None)
```

Generate a python script for the given model.

Parameters

- **script_dir** (*str*) – target directory for the script
- **script_name** (*str*) – name for the script file (including .py ending)
- **ogs_cls_name** (*str*) – name of the model in the script
- **task_root** (*str*) – used task_root in the script
- **task_id** (*str*) – used task_id in the script
- **output_dir** (*str*) – used output_dir in the script
- **separate_files** (*list of str or None*) – list of files, that should be written to separate files and then loaded from the script

Notes

This will only create BlockFiles from the script. GLI and MSH files as well as every other file are stored separately.

```
load_model(task_root, task_id=None, use_task_root=False, use_task_id=False, skip_files=None,
           skip_ext=None, encoding=None, verbose=False, search_ext=None)
```

Load an existing OGS5 model.

Parameters

- **task_root** (*str*) – Path to the destiny folder.
- **task_id** (*str or None, optional*) – Task ID of the model to load. If None is given, it will be determined by the found files. If multiple possible task_ids were found, the first one in alphabetic order will be used. Default: None
- **use_task_root** (*Bool, optional*) – State if the given task_root should be used for this model. Default: False
- **use_task_id** (*Bool, optional*) – State if the given task_id should be used for this model. Default: False
- **skip_files** (*list or None, optional*) – List of file-names, that should not be read. Default: None
- **skip_ext** (*list or None, optional*) – List of file-extensions, that should not be read. Default: None
- **encoding** (*str or None, optional*) – encoding of the given files. If None is given, the system standard is used. Default: None
- **verbose** (*bool, optional*) – Print information of the reading process. Default: False
- **search_ext** (*str*) – OGS extension that should be searched for. Default: “.pcs”

Notes

This method will search for all known OGS5 file-extensions in the given path (task_root). Additional files from:

- GLI (POINT_VECTOR + TIN)
- MMP (distributed media properties)

- IC (RESTART)
- GEM (GEM3SK init file)

will be read automatically.

If you get an `UnicodeDecodeError` try loading with:

```
encoding="ISO-8859-15"
```

output_files(*pcs=None*, *typ='VTK'*, *element=None*, *output_dir=None*)

Get a list of output file paths.

Parameters

- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected
Possible values are:
 - None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
 - “NO_PCS”
 - “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
 - “LIQUID_FLOW”
 - “RICHARDS_FLOW”
 - “AIR_FLOW”
 - “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
 - “PS_GLOBAL”
 - “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
 - “DEFORMATION”
 - “MASS_TRANSPORT”
 - “OVERLAND_FLOW”
 - “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
 - “RANDOM_WALK”
Default : None
- **typ** (*string, optional*) – Type of the output (“VTK”, “PVD”, “TEC_POINT” or “TEC_POLYLINE”). Default : “VTK”
- **element** (*string or None, optional*) – For tecplot output you can specify the name of the output element. (Point-name or Line-name from GLI file) Default: None

readpwd(*pcs='ALL'*, *output_dir=None*)

Read the paraview pvd files of this OGS5 model.

All concerned files are converted to a dictionary containing their data

Parameters

- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected
Possible values are:
 - None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
 - “NO_PCS”
 - “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
 - “LIQUID_FLOW”
 - “RICHARDS_FLOW”

- “AIR_FLOW”
- “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
- “PS_GLOBAL”
- “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
- “DEFORMATION”
- “MASS_TRANSPORT”
- “OVERLAND_FLOW”
- “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
- “RANDOM_WALK”

You can get a list with all known PCS-types by setting PCS=“ALL” Default : “ALL”

- **output_dir** (*:any:’None’ or :class:’str’, optional*) – Sometimes OGS5 doesn’t put the output in the right directory. You can specify a separate output directory here in this case. Default: *:any:’None’*

Returns

result – keys are the point names and the items are the data from the corresponding files if pcs=“ALL”, the output is a dictionary with the PCS-types as keys

Return type

`dict`

readtec_point(*pcs=’ALL’*, *output_dir=None*)

Collect TECPLOT point output from this OGS5 model.

Parameters

- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected Possible values are:
 - None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
 - “NO_PCS”
 - “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
 - “LIQUID_FLOW”
 - “RICHARDS_FLOW”
 - “AIR_FLOW”
 - “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
 - “PS_GLOBAL”
 - “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
 - “DEFORMATION”
 - “MASS_TRANSPORT”
 - “OVERLAND_FLOW”
 - “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
 - “RANDOM_WALK”

You can get a list with all known PCS-types by setting PCS=“ALL” Default : “ALL”

- **output_dir** (:any:`'None' or :class:`'str', optional) – Sometimes OGS5 doesn't put the output in the right directory. You can specify a separate output directory here in this case. Default: :any:`'None'

Returns

result – Keys are the point names and the items are the data from the corresponding files. If pcs="ALL", the output is a dictionary with the PCS-types as keys.

Return type

dict

readtec_polyline(*pcs='ALL'*, *trim=True*, *output_dir=None*)

Collect TECPLOT polyline output from this OGS5 model.

Parameters

- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected Possible values are:

- None/"" (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
- “NO_PCS”
- “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
- “LIQUID_FLOW”
- “RICHARDS_FLOW”
- “AIR_FLOW”
- “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
- “PS_GLOBAL”
- “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
- “DEFORMATION”
- “MASS_TRANSPORT”
- “OVERLAND_FLOW”
- “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
- “RANDOM_WALK”

You can get a list with all known PCS-types by setting pcs="ALL" Default : "ALL"

- **output_dir** (:any:`'None' or :class:`'str', optional) – Sometimes OGS5 doesn't put the output in the right directory. You can specify a separate output directory here in this case. Default: :any:`'None'
- **trim** (*Bool, optional*) – if the ply_ids are not continuous, there will be “None” values in the output list. If trim is “True” these values will be eliminated. If there is just one output for a polyline, the list will be eliminated and the output will be the single dict. Default : True

Returns

result – keys are the Polyline names and the items are lists sorted by the ply_id (it is assumed, that the ply_ids are continuous, if not, the corresponding list entries are “None”) if pcs="ALL", the output is a dictionary with the PCS-types as keys

Return type

dict

readvtk(*pcs='ALL'*, *output_dir=None*)

Reader for vtk outputfiles of this OGS5 model.

Parameters

- **pcs** (*string or None, optional*) – specify the PCS type that should be collected
Possible values are:

- None/”” (no PCS_TYPE specified in *.out)
- “NO_PCS”
- “GROUNDWATER_FLOW”
- “LIQUID_FLOW”
- “RICHARDS_FLOW”
- “AIR_FLOW”
- “MULTI_PHASE_FLOW”
- “PS_GLOBAL”
- “HEAT_TRANSPORT”
- “DEFORMATION”
- “MASS_TRANSPORT”
- “OVERLAND_FLOW”
- “FLUID_MOMENTUM”
- “RANDOM_WALK”

You can get a list with all known PCS-types by setting PCS=”ALL” Default : None

- **output_dir** (:any:’None’ or :class:’str’, optional) – Sometimes OGS5 doesn’t put the output in the right directory. You can specify a separate output directory here in this case. Default: :any:’None’

Returns

result – keys are the point names and the items are the data from the corresponding files if pcs=”ALL”, the output is a dictionary with the PCS-types as keys

Return type

dict

reset()

Delete every content.

run_model(ogs_exe=None, ogs_name='ogs', print_log=True, save_log=True, log_path=None, log_name=None, timeout=None)

Run the defined OGS5 model.

Parameters

- **ogs_exe** (*str or None, optional*) – path to the ogs executable. If None is given, the default sys path will be searched with `which`. Can be a folder containing the exe with basename: ogs_name. It will first look in the `OGS5PY_CONFIG` folder. Default: None
- **ogs_name** (*str or None, optional*) – Name of to the ogs executable to search for. Just used if ,ogs_exe is None. Default: "ogs"
- **print_log** (*bool, optional*) – state if the ogs output should be displayed in the terminal. Default: True
- **save_log** (*bool, optional*) – state if the ogs output should be saved to a file. Default: True
- **log_path** (*str or None, optional*) – Path, where the log file should be saved. Default: None (the defined output directory or the task_root directory)

- **log_name** (*str or None, optional*) – Name of the log file. Default: None (task_id+time+_log.txt”)
- **timeout** (*int or None, optional*) – Time to wait for OGS5 to finish in seconds. Default: None

Returns

success – State if OGS5 terminated ‘normally’. (Allways true on Windows.)

Return type

`bool`

write_input()

Method to call all write_file() methods that are initialized.

property bot_com

Get and set the bottom comment for the ogs files.

property has_output_dir

State if the model has a output directory.

Type

`bool`

property output_dir

output directory path of the ogs model.

Type

`str`

property task_id

task_id (name) of the ogs model.

Type

`str`

property task_root

Get and set the task_root path of the ogs model.

property top_com

Get and set the top comment for the ogs files.

File Classes

Classes for all OGS5 Files. See: [ogs5py.fileclasses](#)

<code>ASC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs ASC file.
<code>BC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs BOUNDARY CONDITION file.
<code>CCT(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs COMMUNICATION TABLE file.
<code>DDC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs MPI DOMAIN DECOMPOSITION file.
<code>FCT(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs FUNCTION file.
<code>GEM(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs GEOCHEMICAL THERMODYNAMIC MODELING COUPLING file.
<code>GEMinit([lst_name, dch, ipm, dbr, ...])</code>	Class for GEMS3K input file.
<code>GLI([gli_dict])</code>	Class for the ogs GEOMETRY file.
<code>GLItext([typ, data, name, file_ext, ...])</code>	Class for an external definition for the ogs GEOMETRY file.
<code>IC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs INITIAL_CONDITION file.
<code>RFR([variables, data, units, headers, name, ...])</code>	Class for the ogs RESTART file, if the DIS_TYPE in IC is set to RESTART.
<code>KRC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs KINETRIC REACTION file.
<code>MCP(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs COMPONENT_PROPERTIES file.
<code>MFP(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs FLUID PROPERTY file.
<code>MMP(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs MEDIUM_PROPERTIES file.
<code>MPD([name, file_ext])</code>	Class for the ogs MEDIUM_PROPERTIES_DISTRIBUTED file.
<code>MSH([mesh_list])</code>	Class for a multi layer mesh file that contains multiple '#FEM_MSH' Blocks.
<code>MSP(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs SOLID_PROPERTIES file.
<code>NUM(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs NUMERICS file.
<code>OUT(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs OUTPUT file.
<code>PCS(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs PROCESS file.
<code>PCT([data, s_flag, task_root, task_id])</code>	Class for the ogs Particle file, if the PCS TYPE is RANDOM_WALK.
<code>PQC(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs PHREEQC interface file.
<code>PQCdat(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs PHREEQC dat file.
<code>REI(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs REACTION_INTERFACE file.
<code>RFD(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs USER DEFINED TIME CURVES file.
<code>ST(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs SOURCE_TERM file.
<code>TIM(**OGS_Config)</code>	Class for the ogs TIME_STEPPING file.

3.4 Functions

Geometric

Geometric routines

<code>hull_deform(x_in, y_in, z_in[, niv_top, ...])</code>	Providing a transformation function to deform a given mesh.
--	---

Searching

Routine to search for a valid ogs id in a directory

<code>search_task_id(task_root[, search_ext])</code>	Search for OGS model names in the given path.
--	---

Formatting

Routines to format/generate data in the right way for the input

<code>by_id(array[, ids])</code>	Return a flattend array side-by-side with the array-element ids.
<code>specialrange(val_min, val_max, steps[, typ])</code>	Calculation of special point ranges.
<code>generate_time(time_array[, time_start, ...])</code>	Return a dictionary for the ".tim" file.

Downloading

Routine to download OGS5.

<code>download_ogs([version, system, path, name, ...])</code>	Download the OGS5 executable.
<code>add_exe(ogs_exe[, dest_name])</code>	Add an OGS5 exe to <code>OGS5PY_CONFIG</code> .
<code>reset_download()</code>	Reset all downloads in <code>OGS5PY_CONFIG</code> .
<code>OGS5PY_CONFIG</code>	Standard config path for ogs5py.

Plotting

Routine to download OGS5.

<code>show_vtk(vtkfile[, log_scale])</code>	Display a given mesh colored by its material ID.
---	--

Information

<code>OGS_EXT</code>	all ogs file extensions
<code>PCS_TYP</code>	PCS types
<code>PRIM_VAR_BY_PCS</code>	primary variables per PCS

CHAPTER 4

CHANGELOG

All notable changes to `ogs5py` will be documented in this file.

4.1 1.3.0 - 2023-04

See #18

Enhancements

- move to `src/` base package structure
- use `hatchling` as build backend
- drop py36 support
- added archive support
- simplify documentation

Bugfixes

- remove usage of deprecated `np.int`

4.2 1.2.2 - 2022-05-25

Bugfixes

- `MSH.load` now uses `engine="python"` as fallback in pandas to successfully read ogs meshes in some corner cases #16
- removed redundant `from io import open` which were there for py2 compatibility #16

4.3 1.2.1 - 2022-05-15

Enhancements

- MSH.import_mesh can handle meshio.Mesh as input now #13

Changes

- pygmsh support was removed. You can't use pygmsh Geometry objects to generate meshes anymore. Please generate beforehand and import the generated mesh. Other generators are using gmsh directly now. #13

4.4 1.2.0 - 2022-05-15

Enhancements

- move to a `pyproject.toml` based installation: [d5ea756](#)
- move from `develop/master` branches to a single `main` branch
- use GitHub Actions for CI: [b6811ce](#)
- use f-strings where possible #11
- simplified documentation #11
- added changelog to documentation #11
- added citation file and paper reference #11
- use Python 3 style classes #11

Changes

- `downlaod_ogs` only supports version “5.7”, “5.7.1” and “5.8” since the CI for OGS5 was shut down: [8b1cc91](#)

Bugfixes

- make `downlaod_ogs` work again [8b1cc91](#)
- documentation fix in `GLI.add_polyline` #7
- require `pygmsh<7` for now #11

4.5 1.1.1 - 2020-04-02

Bugfixes

- check if `__version__` is present (only if installed)

4.6 1.1.0 - 2020-03-22

Bugfixes

- meshio 4 was not compatible
- fixed integer type in exporting meshes with element/material IDs
- better check for OGS5 success on Windows

Changes

- drop py2.7 support

4.7 1.0.5 - 2019-11-18

Bugfixes

- MSH.set_material_id: better handling of non-int single values: [f34d2e5](#)
- MSH.show: better handling of material IDs: [26b4610](#)
- GLI.add_polyline: Adding polyline by point-names was not possible: [17dd199](#)

Additions

- better integration of pygmsh: [570afdf](#)
- new functions specialrange and generate_time: [e5f3aba](#)
- updated examples

4.8 1.0.4 - 2019-09-10

Bugfixes

- ogs5py was not usable offline: [0f98c32](#)
- add_exe was not recognizing operation system: [89b07e5](#)

Additions

- new sub-keywords for OUT (added to OGS5 in Aug 19) when using TECPLOT (TECPLOT_ELEMENT_OUTPUT_CELL_CENTERED, TECPLOT_ZONES_FOR_MG): [ebcb22a](#)

Changes

- RFR Class was refactored to allow multiple variables: [3c1c445](#)

4.9 1.0.3 - 2019-08-23

Bugfixes

- MSH.show TempFile was not working on Windows: [c0d0960](#)

4.10 1.0.2 - 2019-08-22

Bugfixes

- Don't fix QT_API for MAYAVI and use vtk for export: [33398ad](#)
- PopenSpawn has no close attribute on Windows: [12f05d6](#)

4.11 1.0.1 - 2019-08-22

Bugfixes

- download_ogs(version="latest" build="PETSC") was not working: [552503b](#)

4.12 1.0.0 - 2019-08-22

Bugfixes

- GLI.add_polyline now allows integer coordinates for points: [bf5d684](#)
- MSH.centroids are now calculated as center of mass instead of center of element nodes: [b0708a6](#)
- MSH.show was not working: [6a0489b](#)
- OGS.run_model has now a better check for OGS success: [143d0ab](#)
- GMSH interface was updated to new meshio-API: [d3e0594](#)
- RFR file was not written: [41e55f3](#)
- BC new sub-key TIME_INTERVAL was missing: [94ec5c5](#)

Additions

- download_ogs downloads a system dependent OGS5 executable: [ede32e4](#)
- add_exe add a self compiled OGS5 executable: [ede32e4](#)
- MSH.import_mesh now allows the import of material_id and element_id if given as cell_data in the external mesh: [00a77fa](#)
- MSH.export_mesh now automatically exports material_id (already the case before) and element_id. Also you can now export additional point_data and field_data: [00a77fa](#)
- New method MSH.set_material_id to set the material IDs for specific elements: [4b11c6a](#)

- MSH.show now can show additional cell_data: [ffd7604](#)
- New routine `show_vtk` to show vtk output with mayavi: [f640c19](#)
- New method OGS.output_files to get a list of output files: [2f5f102](#)
- New attribute `file_name` for files: [632c2e7](#)
- BlockFile: new method `append_to_block`: [efc9aac](#)
- OGS.gen_script now allows multiple subkeys: [2cd344b](#)

Changes

- MSH.export_mesh argument `add_data_by_id` renamed to `cell_data_by_id`: [00a77fa](#)
- OGS.run_model argument `ogs_root` renamed to `ogs_exe`: [6fcdb61](#)
- Files that can occur multiple times (mpd, rfr, ...) are better handled now: [4a9c9d2](#)
- ogs5py is now licensed under the MIT license: [ae96c0e](#)
- Extra named files now get their name by keyword `name`: [632c2e7](#)

4.13 0.6.5 - 2019-07-05

Bugfixes

- `gli.add_polyline`: Adding polyline by given point IDs was not possible: [3ec23af](#)

Additions

- New `swap_axis` routine in msh and gli: You can now easily swap axis of a mesh. If you have generated a 2D mesh in x-y you can get a x-z cross-section by swapping the y and z axis: [3ec23af](#)

4.14 0.6.4 - 2019-05-16

Bugfixes

- generator bugfix: more decimals to combine meshes: [51211a6](#)
- Adopt new meshio container style: [b08260b 167fb2c](#)
- Better checking for the ogs executable: [bffa41a 6c3895f](#)
- Suppressing VTK Errors: [cfa4671](#)
- DOC updates: [9131e0c 7a27d8f fc4314c](#)

Additions

- New routine to zip data by IDs: [9acccf6e](#)
- reading routines in the OGS Class: [592bc50](#)
- New del_block routine in Blockfiles: [8d15a90](#)

4.15 0.6.3 - 2019-03-21

Bugfixes

- The used method os.makedirs has no keyword argument ‘exist_ok’ in python 2.7, so we prevent using it. See: [40fea36](#)

4.16 0.6.2 - 2019-03-21

Bugfixes

- The vtk reading routine could not read multiple scalar cell data. See: [568e7be](#)

4.17 0.6.1 - 2019-01-22

Bugfixes

- The BlockFile reading routine was cutting off the given keys. See: [d82fd30](#)

4.18 0.6.0 - 2019-01-22

First release of ogs5py.

PYTHON MODULE INDEX

O

`ogs5py`, 15
`ogs5py.fileclasses`, 15
`ogs5py.fileclasses.base`, 16
`ogs5py.fileclasses.gli`, 30
`ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator`, 30
`ogs5py.fileclasses.msh`, 33
`ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator`, 33
`ogs5py.reader`, 222
`ogs5py.tools`, 227
`ogs5py.tools.download`, 241
`ogs5py.tools.output`, 243
`ogs5py.tools.script`, 238
`ogs5py.tools.tools`, 227
`ogs5py.tools.types`, 246
`ogs5py.tools.vtk_viewer`, 245

Symbols

`__call__()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 83
`__call__()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 144

A

`add()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.MultiFile method*), 28
`add_asc()` (*ogs5py.OGS method*), 254
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 23
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 44
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 51
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 58
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 65
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 72
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 94
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 107
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 114
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 122
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 129
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 136
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 156
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 163
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 171
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 179
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 194
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 201
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 208
`add_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 215
`add_block_file()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.script*), 239
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 23
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 45
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 51
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 58
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 65
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 73
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 95
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 107
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 115
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 122

`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 130
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 137
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 157
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 164
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 171
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 179
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 195
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 201
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 209
`add_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 216
`add_copy_file()` (*ogs5py.OGS method*), 254
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC method*), 41
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 23
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File method*), 16
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile method*), 19
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 45
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 52
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 59
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 66
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 73
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 83
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext method*), 90
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 95
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 108
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 115
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 122
`add_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 130

add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD</i> method), 137	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD</i> method), 137	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH</i> method), 144	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP</i> method), 157	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP</i> method), 157	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM</i> method), 164	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM</i> method), 164	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT</i> method), 172	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT</i> method), 172	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS</i> method), 180	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS</i> method), 180	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.REI</i> method), 195	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT</i> method), 185	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD</i> method), 202	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC</i> method), 187	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.ST</i> method), 209	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat</i> method), 190	add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM</i> method), 216	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.REI</i> method), 195	add_mpd() (<i>ogs5py.OGS</i> method), 255	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD</i> method), 202	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile</i> method), 24	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR</i> method), 101	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.BC</i> method), 46	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.ST</i> method), 209	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT</i> method), 52	
add_copy_link() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM</i> method), 216	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC</i> method), 59	
add_exe() (<i>in module ogs5py.tools.download</i>), 241	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT</i> method), 66	
add_gem_init() (<i>ogs5py.OGS</i> method), 254	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM</i> method), 73	
add_gli_ext() (<i>ogs5py.OGS</i> method), 255	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC</i> method), 95	
add_list_file() (<i>in module ogs5py.tools.script</i>), 240	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC</i> method), 108	
add_load_file() (<i>in module ogs5py.tools.script</i>), 239	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP</i> method), 116	
add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile</i> method), 23	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP</i> method), 123	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 45	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP</i> method), 130	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 52	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD</i> method), 137	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 59	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP</i> method), 158	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 66	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM</i> method), 165	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 73	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT</i> method), 172	
add_main_keyword() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC</i> method), 95	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS</i> method), 180	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 108	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.REI</i> method), 196	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 115	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD</i> method), 202	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 122	add_multi_content() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.ST</i> method), 210	
add_main_keyword() (<i>method</i>), 130		

add_multi_content()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method</i>), 216	<i>method</i>), 67
add_points()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method</i>), 83	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method</i>), 74
add_polyline()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method</i>), 84	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method</i>), 96
add_rfr()	(<i>ogs5py.OGS method</i>), 255	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method</i>), 109
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method</i>), 24	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method</i>), 116
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method</i>), 46	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method</i>), 123
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method</i>), 52	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method</i>), 131
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method</i>), 59	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method</i>), 138
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method</i>), 66	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method</i>), 158
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method</i>), 74	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method</i>), 165
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method</i>), 96	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method</i>), 173
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method</i>), 108	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method</i>), 181
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method</i>), 116	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method</i>), 196
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method</i>), 123	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method</i>), 203
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method</i>), 131	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method</i>), 210
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method</i>), 138	append_to_block() (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method</i>), 217
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method</i>), 158	ASC (<i>class in ogs5py.fileclasses</i>), 40
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method</i>), 165	AXISYMMETRY (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property</i>), 149
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method</i>), 172	B
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method</i>), 180	BC (<i>class in ogs5py.fileclasses</i>), 43
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method</i>), 196	block (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property</i>), 151
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method</i>), 202	block_adapter3D() (<i>in module ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator</i>), 37
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method</i>), 210	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile property</i>), 27
add_sub_keyword()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method</i>), 217	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.BC property</i>), 49
add_surface()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method</i>), 84	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT property</i>), 55
add_volume()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method</i>), 84	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC property</i>), 62
append()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.MultiFile method</i>), 28	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT property</i>), 69
append_to_block()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method</i>), 24	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM property</i>), 77
append_to_block()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method</i>), 46	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC property</i>), 99
append_to_block()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method</i>), 53	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC property</i>), 112
append_to_block()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method</i>), 60	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP property</i>), 119
append_to_block()	(<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT</i>)	block_no (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP property</i>), 126

`block_no` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD property*), 205
`block_no` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST property*), 213
`block_no` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM property*), 220
`BlockFile` (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses.base*), 22
`bot_com` (*ogs5py.OGS property*), 261
`by_id()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 236

C

`CCT` (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 50
`center` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 152
`centroid()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 234
`centroids` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 152
`centroids_flat` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 152
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC method*), 41
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 25
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File method*), 17
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile method*), 19
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 47
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 53
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 60
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 67
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 75
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit method*), 79
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 85
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext method*), 91
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 96
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 109
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 117
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 124
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 131
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 138
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 144
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 159
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 166
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 173
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 181
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT method*), 185
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC method*), 188
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCDat method*), 191
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 197
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 203
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR method*), 101
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 211
`check()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 217
`close()` (*ogs5py.tools.tools.Output method*), 227
`combine_mesh()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 144
`CROSS_SECTION` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 149

D

`data` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property*), 102
`DDC` (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 57
`del_asc()` (*ogs5py.OGS method*), 255
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 25

`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 47
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 53
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 60
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 67
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 75
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 97
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 109
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 117
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 124
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 132
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 138
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 159
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 166
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 173
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 181
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 197
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 203
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 211
`del_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 218
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 25
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 47
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 53
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 60
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 67
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 75
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 97
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 109
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 117
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 124
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 132
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 139
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 159
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 166
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 173
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 181
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 197
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 203
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 211
`del_content()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 218
`del_copy_file()` (*ogs5py.OGS method*), 255
`del_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC method*), 41
`del_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 25
`del_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File method*), 17
`del_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile method*), 20
`del_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 47
`del_copy_link()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 54

<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method</i>), 61	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method</i>), 68	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method</i>), 75
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method</i>), 68	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method</i>), 75	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method</i>), 97
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method</i>), 75	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method</i>), 85	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method</i>), 110
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method</i>), 85	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext method</i>), 91	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method</i>), 117
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext method</i>), 91	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method</i>), 97	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method</i>), 124
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method</i>), 97	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method</i>), 110	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method</i>), 132
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method</i>), 110	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method</i>), 117	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method</i>), 139
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method</i>), 117	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method</i>), 124	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method</i>), 159
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method</i>), 124	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method</i>), 132	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method</i>), 166
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method</i>), 132	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method</i>), 139	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method</i>), 174
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method</i>), 139	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method</i>), 145	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method</i>), 182
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method</i>), 145	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method</i>), 159	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method</i>), 197
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method</i>), 159	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method</i>), 166	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method</i>), 204
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method</i>), 166	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method</i>), 174	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method</i>), 211
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method</i>), 174	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method</i>), 182	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method</i>), 218
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method</i>), 182	<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT method</i>), 186	<code>del_mpds()</code> (<i>ogs5py.OGS method</i>), 255
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT method</i>), 186	<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC method</i>), 188	<code>del_rfrs()</code> (<i>ogs5py.OGS method</i>), 255
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC method</i>), 188	<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat method</i>), 191	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method</i>), 25
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat method</i>), 191	<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method</i>), 197	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method</i>), 47
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method</i>), 197	<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method</i>), 204	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method</i>), 54
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method</i>), 204	<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR method</i>), 102	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method</i>), 61
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR method</i>), 102	<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method</i>), 211	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method</i>), 68
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method</i>), 211	<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method</i>), 218	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method</i>), 75
<code>del_copy_link()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method</i>), 218	<code>del_gem_init()</code> (<i>ogs5py.OGS method</i>), 255	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method</i>), 97
<code>del_gem_init()</code> (<i>ogs5py.OGS method</i>), 255	<code>del_gli_ext()</code> (<i>ogs5py.OGS method</i>), 255	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method</i>), 110
<code>del_gli_ext()</code> (<i>ogs5py.OGS method</i>), 255	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method</i>), 25	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method</i>), 117
<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method</i>), 25	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method</i>), 47	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method</i>), 124
<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method</i>), 47	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method</i>), 54	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method</i>), 132
<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method</i>), 54	<code>del_main_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method</i>), 61	<code>del_sub_keyword()</code> (<i>ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method</i>), 139

del_sub_keyword()
 method), 159

del_sub_keyword()
 method), 166

del_sub_keyword()
 method), 174

del_sub_keyword()
 method), 182

del_sub_keyword() (ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method),
 197

del_sub_keyword() (ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD
 method), 204

del_sub_keyword() (ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method),
 211

del_sub_keyword() (ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM
 method), 218

delete() (ogs5py.fileclasses.base.MultiFile method),
 28

download_ogs() (in module ogs5py.tools.download),
 241

E

ELEM_1D (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 248

ELEM_2D (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 249

ELEM_3D (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 249

ELEM_DIM (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 249

ELEM_NAMES (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 249

ELEM_TYP (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 249

ELEM_TYP1D (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 249

ELEM_TYP2D (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 249

ELEM_TYP3D (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 249

ELEMENT_ID (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property), 149

ELEMENT_NO (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property), 150

ELEMENT_TYPES (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property),
 150

ELEMENTS (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property), 149

EMPTY_GLI (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 246

EMPTY_MSH (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 248

EMPTY_PLY (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 247

EMPTY_SRF (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 247

EMPTY_VOL (in module ogs5py.tools.types), 248

export_mesh() (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method),
 145

F

FCT (class in ogs5py.fileclasses), 64

File (class in ogs5py.fileclasses.base), 16

file_ext (ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit property), 79

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC property), 42

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile prop-
erty), 27

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File property), 17

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile prop-
erty), 20

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.BC property), 49

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT property), 55

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC property), 62

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT property), 69

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM property), 77

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property), 89

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext property), 91

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.IC property), 99

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC property), 112

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP property), 119

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP property), 126

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP property), 134

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD property), 141

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property), 152

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP property), 161

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM property), 168

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT property), 176

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS property), 184

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT property), 186

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC property), 188

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat property), 191

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.REI property), 199

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD property), 206

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property), 102

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.ST property), 213

file_name (ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM property), 220

file_names (ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit property), 79

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC property), 42

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile prop-
erty), 27

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File property), 17

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile prop-
erty), 20

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.BC property), 49

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT property), 56

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC property), 63

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT property), 70

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM property), 77

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property), 89

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext property), 91

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.IC property), 99

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC property), 112

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP property), 119

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP property), 126

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP property), 134

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD property), 141

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property), 152

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP property), 161

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM property), 168

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT property), 176

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS property), 184

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT property), 186

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC property), 188

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat property), 191

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.REI property), 199

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD property), 206

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property), 102

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.ST property), 213

file_path (ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM property), 220

files (ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit property), 79

find_key_in_list() (in module ogs5py.tools.tools),
 229

`flush()` (*ogs5py.tools.tools.Output method*), 227
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC property*), 42
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile property*), 27
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File property*), 17
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile property*), 20
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC property*), 49
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT property*), 56
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC property*), 63
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT property*), 70
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM property*), 77
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 89
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext property*), 91
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC property*), 99
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC property*), 112
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP property*), 119
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP property*), 126
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP property*), 134
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD property*), 141
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 153
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP property*), 161
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM property*), 168
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT property*), 176
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS property*), 184
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT property*), 186
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC property*), 188
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQClat property*), 191
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI property*), 199
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD property*), 206
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property*), 102
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST property*), 213
`force_writing` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM property*), 220
`format_content()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 230
`format_content_line()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 230
`format_dict()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 229
`formater()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.script*), 239

G

`GEM` (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 71
`GEMinit` (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 78
`gen_script()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.script*), 238
`gen_script()` (*ogs5py.OGS method*), 255
`generate()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 85
`generate()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 145
`generate_time()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 237
`GEO_NAME` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 150
`GEO_TYPE` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 150
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 26
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 48
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 54
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 61
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 68
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 75
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 97
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 110
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 118
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 125
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 132
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 139
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 159
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 167
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 174
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 182
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 197
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 204
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 212
`get_block()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 218
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 26
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 48
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 54
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 61
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 68
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 75
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 97
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 110
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 118
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 125
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 133
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 139
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 160
`get_block_no()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 167

get_block_no() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT* method), 174
get_block_no() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS* method), 182
get_block_no() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI* method), 198
get_block_no() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD* method), 204
get_block_no() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST* method), 212
get_block_no() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM* method), 219
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC* method), 42
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile* method), 26
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File* method), 17
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile* method), 20
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC* method), 48
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT* method), 54
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC* method), 61
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT* method), 68
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM* method), 76
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit* method), 79
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI* method), 85
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext* method), 91
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC* method), 97
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC* method), 110
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP* method), 118
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP* method), 125
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP* method), 133
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD* method), 139
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH* method), 146
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP* method), 160
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM* method), 167
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT* method), 174
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS* method), 182
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT* method), 186
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC* method), 188
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat* method), 191
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI* method), 198
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD* method), 204
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR* method), 102
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST* method), 212
get_file_type() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM* method), 219
get_key() (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 229
get_line() (*in module ogs5py.tools.script*), 239
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile* method), 26
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC* method), 48
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT* method), 54
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC* method), 61
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT* method), 68
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM* method), 76
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC* method), 98
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC* method), 110
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP* method), 118
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP* method), 125
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP* method), 133
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD* method), 139
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP* method), 160
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM* method), 167
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT* method), 174
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS* method), 182
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI* method), 198
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD* method), 204
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST* method), 212
get_multi_keys() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM* method), 219
get_output_files() (*in module ogs5py.tools.output*), 243
GLI (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 81

`GLI_KEY_LIST` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 247
`GLI_KEYS` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 247
`GLItext` (*class* *in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 90
`gmsh()` (*in module* `ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator`), 37
`grid_adapter2D()` (*in module* `ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator`), 35
`grid_adapter3D()` (*in module* `ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator`), 36
`guess_type()` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.tools`), 230

H

`has_output_dir` (`ogs5py.OGS` *property*), 261
`hull_deform()` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.tools`), 232

I

`IC` (*class* *in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 93
`id` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.base.MultiFile` *property*), 28
`import_mesh()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH` *method*), 146
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile` *method*), 26
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.BC` *method*), 48
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT` *method*), 54
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC` *method*), 61
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT` *method*), 68
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM` *method*), 76
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.IC` *method*), 98
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC` *method*), 110
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP` *method*), 118
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP` *method*), 125
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP` *method*), 133
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD` *method*), 139
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP` *method*), 160
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM` *method*), 167
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT` *method*), 174
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS` *method*), 182
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.REI` *method*), 198
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD` *method*), 204
`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.ST` *method*), 212

`is_block_unique()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM` *method*), 219
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC` *property*), 42
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile` *property*), 27
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File` *property*), 17
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile` *property*), 20
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.BC` *property*), 49
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT` *property*), 56
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC` *property*), 63
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT` *property*), 70
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM` *property*), 77
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit` *property*), 79
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI` *property*), 89
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext` *property*), 91
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.IC` *property*), 99
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC` *property*), 112
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP` *property*), 119
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP` *property*), 126
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP` *property*), 134
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD` *property*), 141
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH` *property*), 153
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP` *property*), 161
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM` *property*), 168
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT` *property*), 176
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS` *property*), 184
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT` *property*), 186
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC` *property*), 188
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat` *property*), 191
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.REI` *property*), 199
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD` *property*), 206
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR` *property*), 102
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.ST` *property*), 213
`is_empty` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM` *property*), 220
`is_key()` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.tools`), 228
`is_mkey()` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.tools`), 229
`is_skey()` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.tools`), 229
`is_str_array()` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.tools`), 231

K

`KRC` (*class* *in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 104

L

`LAYER` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH` *property*), 150
`LineFile` (*class* *in* `ogs5py.fileclasses.base`), 19
`load()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI` *method*), 85
`load()` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH` *method*), 146
`load_model()` (`ogs5py.OGS` *method*), 256

M

`MATERIAL_ID` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH` *property*), 150
`MATERIAL_ID_flat` (`ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH` *property*), 151
`MCP` (*class* *in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 113
`MESH_DATA_KEYS` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 248
`MESH_KEYS` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 248
`MESHIO_NAMES` (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 249

MFP (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 120
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile attribute*), 27
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC attribute*), 49
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT attribute*), 55
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC attribute*), 62
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT attribute*), 69
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM attribute*), 76
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC attribute*), 98
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC attribute*), 111
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP attribute*), 119
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP attribute*), 126
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP attribute*), 133
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD attribute*), 140
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP attribute*), 161
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM attribute*), 168
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT attribute*), 175
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS attribute*), 183
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI attribute*), 199
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD attribute*), 205
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST attribute*), 213
MKEYS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM attribute*), 219
MMP (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 127
module
 ogs5py, 15
 ogs5py.fileclasses, 15
 ogs5py.fileclasses.base, 16
 ogs5py.fileclasses.gli, 30
 ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator, 30
 ogs5py.fileclasses.msh, 33
 ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator, 33
 ogs5py.reader, 222
 ogs5py.tools, 227
 ogs5py.tools.download, 241
 ogs5py.tools.output, 243
 ogs5py.tools.script, 238
 ogs5py.tools.tools, 227
 ogs5py.tools.types, 246
 ogs5py.tools.vtk_viewer, 245
MPD (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 135
MSH (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 142
MSP (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 155
MULTI_FILES (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 251
MultiFile (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses.base*), 28

N

name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC property*), 42
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile property*), 27
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File property*), 17
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile property*), 20
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC property*), 49
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT property*), 56
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC property*), 63
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT property*), 70
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM property*), 77
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit property*), 80
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 89
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext property*), 91
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC property*), 99
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC property*), 112
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP property*), 119
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP property*), 126
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP property*), 134
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD property*), 141
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 153
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP property*), 161
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM property*), 168
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT property*), 176
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS property*), 184
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT property*), 186
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC property*), 189
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat property*), 192
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI property*), 199
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD property*), 206
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property*), 102
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST property*), 213
name (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM property*), 220
node_centroids (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 153
node_centroids_flat (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 153
NODE_NO (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 250
NODE_NO (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 151
NODES (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 151
NUM (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 162

O

OGS (*class in ogs5py*), 252
ogs5py
 module, 15
ogs5py.fileclasses
 module, 15
ogs5py.fileclasses.base
 module, 16
ogs5py.fileclasses.gli
 module, 30
ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator
 module, 30
ogs5py.fileclasses.msh
 module, 33
ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator
 module, 33
ogs5py.reader
 module, 222
ogs5py.tools
 module, 227
ogs5py.tools.download
 module, 241
ogs5py.tools.output
 module, 243
ogs5py.tools.script
 module, 238
ogs5py.tools.tools
 module, 227
ogs5py.tools.types
 module, 246
ogs5py.tools.vtk_viewer

module, 245
OGS5PY_CONFIG (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.download`), 242
OGS_EXT (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 250
OUT (*class in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 169
Output (*class in* `ogs5py.tools.tools`), 227
output_dir (*ogs5py. OGS property*), 261
output_files() (*ogs5py. OGS method*), 257

P

PCS (*class in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 177
PCS_EXT (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 250
PCS_TYP (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 250
PCS_TYPE (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 151
PCT (*class in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 185
PLY_KEY_LIST (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 247
PLY_KEYS (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 247
PLY_TYPES (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 247
pnt_coord() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 85
POINT_MD (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
POINT_NAMES (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
POINT_NO (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
POINTS (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
POLYLINE NAMES (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
POLYLINE_NO (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
POLYLINES (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
PQC (*class in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 187
PQCdat (*class in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 190
PRIM_VAR (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 250
PRIM_VAR_BY_PCS (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.types`), 250

R

radial() (*in module* `ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator`), 31
radial() (*in module* `ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator`), 34
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC method*), 42
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 26
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File method*), 17
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile method*), 20
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 48
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 54
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 61
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 68
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 76
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit method*), 79
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext method*), 91
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 98
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 110
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 118
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 125
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 133
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 140
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 147
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 160
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 167
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 174
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 182
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT method*), 186
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC method*), 188
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat method*), 191
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 198
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 204
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR method*), 102
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 212
read_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 219
readpvd() (*in module* `ogs5py.reader`), 223
readpvd() (*ogs5py. OGS method*), 257
readpvd_single() (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.output`), 244
readtec_point() (*in module* `ogs5py.reader`), 224
readtec_point() (*ogs5py. OGS method*), 258
readtec_polyline() (*in module* `ogs5py.reader`), 225
readtec_polyline() (*ogs5py. OGS method*), 259
readvtk() (*in module* `ogs5py.reader`), 222
readvtk() (*ogs5py. OGS method*), 259
rectangular() (*in module* `ogs5py.fileclasses.gli.generator`), 30
rectangular() (*in module* `ogs5py.fileclasses.msh.generator`), 33
REI (*class in* `ogs5py.fileclasses`), 193
remove_dim() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 147
remove_point() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
remove_polyline() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
remove_surface() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
remove_volume() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
replace() (*in module* `ogs5py.tools.tools`), 235
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC method*), 42
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 26
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File method*), 17
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile method*), 20
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 48
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 55
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 62
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 69
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 76
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit method*), 79
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext method*), 91
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 98
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 111
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 118
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 125
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 133
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 140
reset() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 147

`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 160
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 167
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 175
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 183
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT method*), 186
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC method*), 188
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCDat method*), 191
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 198
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 205
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR method*), 102
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 212
`reset()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 219
`reset()` (*ogs5py.OGS method*), 260
`reset_all()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.MultiFile method*), 28
`reset_download()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.download*), 242
`RFD` (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 200
`RFR` (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 100
`rotate()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
`rotate()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 147
`rotate_points()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 231
`rotation_matrix()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 233
`run_model()` (*ogs5py.OGS method*), 260

S

`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC method*), 42
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 26
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File method*), 17
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile method*), 20
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 48
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 55
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 62
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 69
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 76
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit method*), 79
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLIext method*), 91
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 98
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 111
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 118
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 125
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 133
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 140
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 147
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 160
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 167
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 175
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 183
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT method*), 186
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC method*), 188
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCDat method*), 191
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 198
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 205
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR method*), 102
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 212
`save()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 219
`search_mkey()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 228
`search_task_id()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 230
`set_dict()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 86
`set_dict()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 147
`set_material_id()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 148
`shift()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 87
`shift()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 148
`shift_points()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 231
`show()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 148
`show_vtk()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.vtk_viewer*), 245
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile attribute*), 27
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC attribute*), 49
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT attribute*), 55
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC attribute*), 62
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT attribute*), 69
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM attribute*), 76
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC attribute*), 98
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC attribute*), 111
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP attribute*), 119
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP attribute*), 126
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP attribute*), 133
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD attribute*), 140
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP attribute*), 161
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM attribute*), 168
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT attribute*), 175
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS attribute*), 183
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI attribute*), 199
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD attribute*), 205
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST attribute*), 213
`SKEYS` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM attribute*), 219
`specialrange()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 236
`split_file_path()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 230
`split_ply_path()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.output*), 244
`split_pnt_path()` (*in module ogs5py.tools.output*), 244
`SRF_KEY_LIST` (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 247
`SRF_KEYS` (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 247
`SRF_TYPES` (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 248
`ST` (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 207
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile attribute*), 27
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC attribute*), 49
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT attribute*), 55
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC attribute*), 62
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT attribute*), 69
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM attribute*), 77
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC attribute*), 98
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC attribute*), 112
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP attribute*), 119
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP attribute*), 126
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP attribute*), 134
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD attribute*), 140
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP attribute*), 161
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM attribute*), 168
`STD` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT attribute*), 175

STD (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS attribute*), 183
 STD (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI attribute*), 199
 STD (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD attribute*), 205
 STD (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST attribute*), 213
 STD (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM attribute*), 220
 STRTYPE (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 250
 SURFACE_NAMES (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
 SURFACE_NO (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 89
 SURFACES (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 88
 swap_axis() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 87
 swap_axis() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 148

T

tab() (*in module ogs5py.tools.script*), 239
 task_id (*ogs5py.OGS property*), 261
 task_root (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit property*), 80
 task_root (*ogs5py.OGS property*), 261
 TIM (*class in ogs5py.fileclasses*), 214
 top_com (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD property*), 141
 top_com (*ogs5py.OGS property*), 261
 transform() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 149
 transform_points() (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 232

U

uncomment() (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 228
 unique_rows() (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 235
 units (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property*), 102
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 26
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 48
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 55
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 62
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 69
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 76
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 98
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 111
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 118
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 125
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 133
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 140
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 160
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 167
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 175
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 183
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 198

update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 205
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 212
 update_block() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 219

V

var_count (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property*), 102
 var_info (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property*), 102
 variables (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR property*), 102
 VOL_KEY_LIST (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 248
 VOL_KEYS (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 248
 VOL_TYPES (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 248
 volume() (*in module ogs5py.tools.tools*), 233
 VOLUME_NAMES (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 89
 VOLUME_NO (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 89
 VOLUMES (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI property*), 89
 volumes (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 153
 volumes_flat (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH property*), 154
 VTK_ERR (*in module ogs5py.reader*), 226
 VTK_TYP (*in module ogs5py.tools.types*), 249

W

write() (*ogs5py.tools.tools.Output method*), 227
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ASC method*), 42
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.BlockFile method*), 26
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.File method*), 17
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.base.LineFile method*), 20
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.BC method*), 48
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.CCT method*), 55
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.DDC method*), 62
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.FCT method*), 69
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEM method*), 76
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GEMinit method*), 79
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLI method*), 88
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.GLExt method*), 91
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.IC method*), 98
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.KRC method*), 111
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MCP method*), 118
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MFP method*), 125
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MMP method*), 133
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MPD method*), 140
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSH method*), 149
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.MSP method*), 160
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.NUM method*), 167
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.OUT method*), 175
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCS method*), 183
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PCT method*), 186
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQC method*), 188
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.PQCdat method*), 191
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.REI method*), 198
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFD method*), 205
 write_file() (*ogs5py.fileclasses.RFR method*), 102

`write_file()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.ST method*), 212
`write_file()` (*ogs5py.fileclasses.TIM method*), 219
`write_input()` (*ogs5py.OGS method*), 261